For The
BEST AGENCY CONTRACT
GET IN TOUCH WITH
MOHAN SONS & CO.,
125, MAHATMA GANDHI ROAD. FORT. BOMBAY 1.
Tel. 22127
Chief Agents to:—
THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE
ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD ESTD 1871

Regd. No B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXVI NO. 197 BOMBAY: SATURDAY. AUGUST 21, 1948 Price: 2 ANNAS

For 1st Class Upholstery
GENUINE "Rexine" BRAND
LEATHER CLOTH
of Best quality in various colours and designs has just been received
Write to:—
P. SHAH & CO. DWARKADAS MANSION Sandhurst Road Bombay 4
Tel:— 41634 Telegram: BOMBOY

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

Martial Law Proclaimed In Burma

IMPORT TRADE DEPARTMENT

Merchants Discuss Alleged Corruption

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. Ramanlal D. Shah declared at an urgent meeting of the Indian Merchants' Chamber today that there was more corruption in the Import Trade Department at present than during the pre-partition days. He called upon the members of the Chamber to expose the malpractices of the officers of the department which were a slur on the fair name of the Government and for which the trusted leaders of the country had to suffer.

The meeting was convened in pursuance of a requisition made by some members of the Chamber to consider the present import trade policy of the Government of India and the relative matters to devise ways and means to take effective and concrete action, so as to improve the administrative procedure and uproot corruption from Import Trade Control Departments. Mr. Ramdas Kilachand, president of the Chamber presided.

After a discussion lasting for an hour it was decided that the matter be referred to the Export-Import Sub-Committee of the Chamber for further consideration and final action. Members who had put in the requisition for calling the meeting were invited to take part in the Sub-Committee's meetings and offer their suggestions.

HOW TO REMOVE IMPORTERS' DISABILITIES

Mr. Ramanlal Shah put forward elaborate proposals for the removal of certain disabilities of importers. He suggested that the Commerce Member, Government of India, and the Chief Controller of Imports should be requested (1) to revalidate the old licences and issue fresh ones against O.G.L. items for firm orders placed before May 15, 1947, in all such cases in which applications had been rejected without proper consideration (2) to refund penalties imposed at the time of granting clearance permits issued upon arrival of the consignments in harbour, in such cases where the consignments had been received against firm orders placed before May 15, 1947 and (3) to reprint immediately an up-to-date revised handbook on "import trade control" in substantial number.

No Demonetisation Of Rs. 100 Notes

BOMBAY, August 20 (A.P.I.) : A Reserve Bank of India Press Communique today said:

It has been brought to the notice of the Reserve Bank of India that rumours are being circulated in the Bombay markets by interested parties to the effect that it is the intention of the Government of India to demonetize notes of the denomination of Rs. 100.

These rumours are entirely without foundation and it is hereby notified for general information that government have no intention to demonetize Rs. 100 notes.

'HAVANA PROTOCOL INVALID'

South Africa's Attempt To Bypass Indian Trade Boycott

GENEVA, Aug. 20 (Reuter)—In an attempt to outlaw India's boycott of South African trade, South Africa today characterised as legally invalid a protocol to the general agreement on tariffs and trade which allows certain trade restrictions to be imposed.

Dr. A. J. Norval, South African delegate to the conference of 22 nations applying the general agreement, said that the protocol was not binding on these nations.

He presented a communication from his Government formally putting forward this argument.

The conference had not reached a decision when it adjourned tonight.

The protocol to which South Africa takes objection was signed in March this year at Havana by all the contracting nations except South Africa and Southern Rhodesia.

It replaced an earlier provision of the general agreement which forebade discriminatory trade restrictions.

Indian Trade Commissioner In Karachi Appointed

NEW DELHI, Aug. 20, (A. P. I.): Mr. I. R. S. Singh has been selected for the post of an Indian Government Trade Commissioner in Karachi.

Mr. Singh, it is learnt, will assist Indian businessmen to secure the release of goods held up in Karachi. He will take up his appointment next month.

INSURRECTION SPREADS TO SEVERAL PARTS

Grave Emergency In Union

RANGOON, Aug. 20 (Reuter): President Sao Shwe Thaik of Burma tonight issued a proclamation promulgating martial law throughout the country because "insurrection in several parts of the Union created a grave emergency."

This does not mean that martial law will be enforced immediately, but that it can be enforced as soon as the situation anywhere in the country warrants such action.

The Supreme Commander of the Burmese Forces will assume full responsibility for the Administration of any areas where martial law may be enforced.

Burmese insurgents' chances of smashing into Rangoon appear to have faded as the small Burma Air Force continues its hard-hitting attacks on them. Up country, however, the situation has become further confused.

White Band Peoples Volunteers, aided by deserters from the Burma Army, have come to working arrangements with Communist insurgents in some areas, but they have not coalesced and elsewhere they are completely aloof.

FREQUENT CLASHES

Shwebo 50 miles northwest of Mandalay is threatened by the insurgents although Mandalay itself is quiet. Yamethin which traddles the Rangoon-Mandalay Railway has long been the Communist Headquarters. Clashes are frequent in the area, but at Toungoo to the south vigorous Government action has restored order.

Forty miles north of Rangoon Government troops, well led by a Karen officer are making progress but areas east of Pegu are held by the insurgents.

In the Rangoon District several small bands of insurgents are operating—particularly near the oil depot at Syriam and northeast of the suburb of Insein.

BASSEIN IN GOVT. HAND

Bassein, the rice port in the Irrawaddy Delta, is in Government hands but communists still control districts to the north.

Many Burmese communists have strong nationalist feelings but their leaders are close students of orthodox communist work and are in touch with the Indian Communist Party.

Not only Communist but some members of the Government are much influenced by the writings of the Chinese Communist Leader Mao Tse-Tung, chiefly because his land reforms are of immediate interest to the Agrarian Far East. The progress of the Chinese Communist Armies which might one day bring them to the Burmese Frontier naturally affects the position here.

BRITISH FAMILIES EVACUATED

A number of British families of employees of the British firm, Steel Brothers, today evacuated Thayetmyo, 185 miles north of Rangoon on the Irrawaddy River, which was occupied by Communist-led rebels.

They went up—river to British oil fields where the situation was reported normal.

The situation at Syrian, across the river from Rangoon where the Burmah Oil Company refiners were, where a clash with rebels took place over the week-end, was still tense today as the rebels were still near.

None of the Company's employees was hurt in the fighting, it was learned, but several villagers were killed.

British Troops For Burma?

LONDON, Aug. 20 (UPA): The British Government is considering sending troops to Burma to protect British citizens and property threatened by the Communist insurrection, it was learned here today.

Official quarters would make no comment on this development, although it was admitted the Burma Government had approached the British Government for help in dealing with the rebellion.

ANKARA, August 20, (Reuter): A violent earthquake has done considerable damage in Eastern Anatolia, particularly in the Malatia district of North-Western Kurdistan.

Many houses collapsed in the quake, which rocked the area yesterday, but no casualties have so far been re-

SINDRI FERTILISER PROJECT

The Sindri Fertiliser Factory, one of the greatest yet planned in Asia will have an annual rated capacity of 350,000 tons of ammonium sulphate produced from gypsum by the semi-water gas process. The factory is estimated to cost Rs. 17 crores. The Chemical Construction Corporation of U.S.A. is in charge of its designing and the power Gas Corporation of U.K. is in charge of the erection of the plant. Photo shows steel work of massive construction of columns.

Quit Order On Soviet Consul-General

LOMAKIN'S CREDENTIALS WITHDRAWN BY AMERICAN GOVERNMENT

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20 (Reuter): Tension between the United States and Russia mounted to a new pitch today with the delivery of a stern American demand that the Kremlin recall its Consul-General in New York for "highly improper" conduct in the case of the three Russian teachers.

On a day when 'Big Four' discussions in Moscow were believed to be reaching a decisive stage, The State Department made public a Note which withdrew Consul-General, Mr. Jacob Lomakin's Credentials because of his "abuse of the prerogatives of his position and gross violation of the internationally accepted standards governing the conduct of foreign officials".

It ordered him to leave the United States "within a reasonable time".

It is believed here the Soviet Government must accede to the request. Once his credentials are withdrawn, a Consul cannot legally stay in this country.

While the United States Note levelled no specific charges at Mr. Lomakin, it is believed that the State Department takes the view that by allegedly keeping Mrs. Oksana Kosenkina in his Consulate against her will, he laid himself open to court action under United States Law.

Rather than proceed with such action, the Department has suggested the Russian Government recall him.

The State Department served this notice on Russia in reply to various Soviet Notes of protest regarding Mrs. Kosenkina and two other Soviet school teachers who were similarly unwilling to go home.

"The United States Government must categorically reject the charges and insinuations contained in these Notes, which have been found to be at complete variance with facts", the reply said.

The Department also asked to be given a photostatic copy of the letter which New York police found in Mrs. Kosenkina's room at the Consulate after she leapt and which was returned to the Consulate-General unopened.

The Note, is signed by the Acting Secretary of State, Mr. Robert Lovett.

The Department insisted that both Mrs. Kosenkina and Mihail Samarin—the other school teacher who is taking refuge here, with his wife—are staying in the United States of their own volition.

"The United States Government cannot permit the exercise within the United States of the police power of any Government" the Note asserted.

It added that Mrs. Kosenkina was completely free to see any Soviet official, "but this Government will not compel her to do so, nor will it turn her over against her will to the Soviet authorities.

The New York Police inspection of Mrs. Kosenkina's room in the Consulate, it said, was carried in Mr. Lomakin's presence.

In reply to Soviet demands that Mrs. Kosenkina be handed over to them, the Note declared: "This Government recognised the right of Soviet officials to take appropriate measures for the protection of the rights of Soviet citizens. Such citizens are, however, themselves entitled to the protection of the applicable laws of the United States, and the Government of the United States cannot permit the exercise, within the United States, of the police power of any foreign Government.

This statement was regarded as indicating that the United States consider that Russian "police" power is involved in the case.

Gaekwar Calls On Sardar

NEW DELHI Aug. 20 (UPI): His Highness the Maharaja of Baroda, who arrived here last evening, called on Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India today.

He is meeting Sardar Patel, tomorrow.

'CEASE-FIRE' NO SOLUTION

Subsequent Steps Must Be Satisfactory, Says Abdullah

NEW DELHI, August 20 (U.P.I.): Commenting on the "cease-fire" proposals of the U. N. Commission, Sheikh Mohd. Abdullah, Prime Minister of Jammu and Kashmir State, told the New Delhi correspondent of the "Civil and Military Gazette": "A cease-fire in itself is no solution unless the subsequent steps are satisfactory."

Saying that the people of Kashmir through a plebiscite should decide whether they want accession to India or Pakistan, Sheikh Abdullah added: "The invasion of Kashmir by the raiders and the participation of Pakistan troops to conquer Kashmir on the other hand reveal that Pakistan is afraid of losing Kashmir and is adopting unscrupulous methods to achieve its object."

The Kashmir leader categorically denied the suggestion that he wanted the division of Kashmir by remarking: "This is utterly wrong and preposterous. I should like to know who attributed this to me."

KASHMIR COMMISSION CONSIDERS INDIA'S VIEWS

NEW DELHI, Aug. 20 (API): The Government of India, it is learned conveyed today to the United Nations Kashmir Commission India's views on the Commission's "cease fire" proposals.

It is believed that the Commission at its meeting this evening discussed the results of the informal discussions which some of its members with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, in Delhi and Sir Mohd Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan's Foreign Minister in Karachi.

A Communique issued by the Commission says, "the United Nations Commission for India and Pakistan met on Friday evening with Dr. Josef Korbel (Czechoslovakia), the new Chairman, presiding.

"The Commission considered the situation created by the presentation of its resolution of August 13 to the two Governments of India and Pakistan the following day and adjourned till 10 a.m. on Saturday."

NEW DELHI, August 20. (U.P.I.): It is understood that the Government of India's reaction to the "cease-fire" proposals in Kashmir to the United Nations Commission will be available by this evening, while Pakistan Government is reported to have asked for clarification of certain points. The proposal raises many military and political problems and the Indian Union should like to be assured of proper solution of these problems, before it commits itself.

Revised Scales Of Pay For 'Varsity Teaching Staff

AFFILIATION REFUSED TO PROPOSED COMMERCE COLLEGE IN CITY

BOMBAY, Friday

Radical changes in the scales of pay of the teaching staff of the University of Bombay were decided upon by the Senate today.

Throwing out a Syndicate-sponsored resolution, the House adopted an amendment which proposed much greater improvements on the existing scales.

REVISED SCALES

The revised scales of pay are as follows:

Professors in Bombay City—300-15-450.

Lecturers—200-10-350.

Demonstrators—150-5-200.

The maximum and minimum in the case of teachers in the mofussil are Rs. 50 less in each category.

These provisions would be applicable immediately to all new colleges, while in the case of existing ones, they would be effective from June 1949.

According to the report of a committee appointed by it, the Syndicate had sponsored a resolution which recommended starting minimum salaries of Rs. 200, 150 and 100 for the three categories of teachers in Bombay City, and Rs. 150, 100 and 75 for for those in mofussil colleges.

DEPLORABLE WORKING CONDITIONS

Moving the amendment, Dr. G. M. Kurulkar drew the attention of the Senate to the deplorable conditions of work of the teaching staff at present" and called for a complete change in the existing scales of pay. He said that the scales of pay proposed by the Syndicate were too low to meet the minimum requirements of the teachers.

The amendment was supported by Prof. S V. Chandrasekhara Aiya, Prof. Khair, Prof. Nazir Ahmed and Mr. Jhinabhai Desai. Prof. D. D. Vadekar opposed it, pointing out that many private institutions would find it impossible to enforce the proposed scales of pay. He suggested that Government should first be approached for getting the grants increased.

Mahamahopadhyaya P. V. Kane, the Vice-Chancellor ruled out of order a resolution seeking to enforce compulsory military training to al physically fit students of the University. He ruled that the matter was outside the scope of discussion by the Senate. The University Statutes, he pointed out, permitted only discussion to physical training.

At their meeting on Feb. 28 the Senate had resolved to refer back the resolution of the Syndicate. The Syndicate, having gone through the matter again made the same recommendation and urged the Government of Bombay to take all necessary steps for providing compulsory military training.

AFFILIATION REFUSED TO PROPOSED COMMERCE COLLEGE

The Senate referred back to the Syndicate a resolution proposing the institution of a Faculty of Commerce in the University moved by Sir Vithal Chandavarkar.

The Senate refused to grant affiliation to the Chikitsaka Samuha's proposed College of Commerce in the city.

Sir Vithal Chandavarkar was re-elected to the Syndicate by the Senate today. He defeated Mr. Babubhai Patel by a large majority.

Mr. T. M. Advani was declared elected to the Academic Council.

At the outset, the Vice-Chancellor made a reference to the death on August 17 of Prof. D. A. Dhruva, Professor of English in the Karnataka College and a member of the Senate from 1946. The Senate recorded its grief, all members standing as a mark of respect.

Hyderabad To Figure At Paris

SYRIA TO SPONSOR ISSUE BEFORE U. N.

Razvi Raises 'Red' Scare To Maintain Muslim Domination

HYDERABAD (Dec.) August 20 (API): Syria would sponsor Hyderabad's case against India at the United Nations, and was expected to lodge a complaint at the United Nations Secretariat at Lake Success this afternoon, it is reliably learnt here today.

The Syrian representation on the subject, it was understood, would be accompanied by copies of the Hyderabad Premier Mir Laik Ali' letter to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru (informing him of Hyderabad's decision to seek the intervention of the United Nations), the Standstill Agreement between India and Hyderabad, and other documents bearing on the issue.

Official circles in Hyderabad expressed the hope today that the issue would find a place on the agenda of the forthcoming session of the United Nations General Assembly to be held in Paris in September.

"INDEPENDENT SOVEREIGN"

They contended that the Standstill Agreement between India and Hyderabad did not prohibit Hyderabad from going to the United Nations since the Nizam by executing the agreement had not divested himself of his rights as an "independent sovereign". The Nizam had merely suspended the exercise of some of his rights during the currency of the agreement.

RAZVI ON "COMMUNIST MENACE"

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Aug. 20 (API)—The Majlis Ittehad leader, Syed Kasim Razvi, addressing a public meeting here last night said it was now up to the big World Powers to make Hyderabad "either a cradle of peace or a scene of conflagration". He referred to the rising tide of Communist menace in China, Malaya, and nearer home Burma, and predicted "destruction both of Hyderabad and India if India invaded Hyderabad."

"The Communists are waiting for an opportunity to replace the Government of India", he said, "and India's invasion of Hyderabad will provide it". The way the Hyderabad problem was solved would determine whether Russia or America would triumph, he warned.

Mr. Razvi called upon the Muslims to sacrifice their lives in the maintenance of Muslim domination in Hyderabad. India he said had no intention of maintaining friendly relations with her neighbours, and never wanted an agreement with Hyderabad on a permanent basis. "The Standstill Agreement with Hyderabad was intended to make the State standstill."

CALL TO MUSLIMS TO BECOME RAZAKARS!

Mr Razvi declared that India wanted neither peace, nor war, nor arbitration, and Hyderabad was left with no alternative but to take her case to the United Nations to vindicate her righteous stand. If every Muslim became a Razakar, no power could subdue them.

Mr. Razvi asked Muslims to treat "puppets like Sir Mirza Ismail and Nawab Zain Yar Jung" with indifference, and to pin their faith in the Majlis leadership, which was striving to maintain the Asafia Crown and Muslim sovereignty in Hyderabad.

Communist Atrocities In Kistna Villages

BEZWADA, Aug. 19 (API): Mr. Kakani Venkataratnam, President of the West Kistna District Congress Committee, in a communication to the Madras Government, stated that "Communist activities on the Kistna-Hyderabad border areas have reached serious dimensions and that unless the Government take immediate action, thousands of innocent villagers would be subjected to untold misery."

According to Mr. Venkatratnam, the Communists were covertly organising a militant Communist party with the help of pillage and ransom from raids both in the Nizam's and Union territory and with the arms and ammunition smuggled from Union territory. The Communists were also freely disseminating their party propaganda through their paper.

After quoting instances of Communist terrorism, Mr. Venkataratnam appealed to the Government not to tarry any longer but to take immediate action so as to put a stop to the Communist atrocities on innocent villagers.

Five Injured In Clash With Razakars

SHOLAPUR, Aug. 20 (API): Three policemen and two villagers were reported to have been fatally wounded in a fight with an armed gang of about 150 Razakars and Pathans which launched an attack on Wednesday afternoon on the village of Sinnur, about six miles from Dudhni Railway Station.

The raiders were driven away by the villagers' defence police party and the dead bodies were brought to Sholapur.

TWELFTH DAY OF BHANSALI'S FAST

WARDHA, Aug. 20 (API): Professor Bhansali on the twelfth day of his fast today was reported to have lost sixteen pounds in weight. Doctors from the Kasturba Memorial Hospital attending him stated today that he continued to have normal sleep, but was feeling much weaker.

Professor Bhansali began his fast at Bezwada on Aug. 9, and on arrival here later reiterated his determination to give his life in the cause of the people of Hyderabad, particularly women, who he said were being subjected to "inhuman atrocities" by the Razakars and the State police.

efforts made by Professor Bhansali's associates to persuade him to give up the fast have been fruitless, and he has not taken even water since commencing his fast. It is learnt.

Arrests In Meerut

MEERUT, Aug. 20 (API): Police have arrested 18 Muslims from the city and cantonment areas and one from Hapur for alleged subversive activities against the Indian Union.

NIZAM'S ALLEGATION DENIED

NEW DELHI, Aug. 20. (A. P. I.): A Defence Ministry press note today denies that Indian troops are in occupation of the Sendri railway station and Yelsanpet as alleged in the Nizam's press note of August 19 in which the Indian troops were involved to "violations of Hyderabad's territorial integrity by Indian troops".

The press note adds that only four incidents on the Hyderabad border in which the Indian troops were involved have been reported since July 24, 1948. Incidents, however involving the Union police and Razakars have been numerous and frequent which appear in the press from time to time.

Goa Politicals Released

BELGAUM, Aug. 20 (APD—Mr. Vishwanath Lawande, Mr. Atma Mayekar and nine other political workers from Goa who were under detention in the Sawantwadi jail, since July, 25, have now been released on an application being made in the court of the First Class Magistrate of Sawantwadi that this arrest were illegal.

These eleven workers were arrested by Sawantwadi police on a representation made by the authorities in Goa that they were wanted in connection with some criminal offences recorded in Goa.

It was urged on behalf of the detenus that as the treaty had now lapsed and as no proceedings were taken under the extradition acts at the time of arrest, the detention of these persons was illegal.

The magistrate concurred with this view and ordered the release of the detenus.

NAIROBI, August 20 (U.P.A.): His Highness the Aga Khan, one of the world's richest men, had a temperature of 103 degrees last night and physicians expressed fears today about his conditions.

He became ill during a visit to Zanzibar.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

To Be Paid In Advance

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a beautiful, cultured Muslim girl, 20-25, widow without encumbrances preferred for a young businessman age 33, in active public life with brilliant future. Replies will be treated strictly confidential. Please write with details and photo to Box No. 9383 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wagh Pleader's World-wide marriage Bureau Free enlistment. Behind City Post 1734 Shukrawar Poona. 9172

Wanted well educated cultured fair Bania girl, for well established young Bania Doctor. Apply Box No. 9382 "Bombay Chronicle"

PEN-FRIENDS

Make Friends.—For Hobbies, Educational, Business, Professional and Social Connections. Apply with 2 As. Stamps The Universal League of Introduction, 5, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. 9282

We introduce pen, personal friends for arts, hobbies, business, social contact etc. India, abroad. Particulars against 2 1/2 annas stamps. Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5531, Bombay. (9319)

If you want Personal Friends apply personally The Universal League of Introduction, 5, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. (9373)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Applications are invited from influential and respectable gentlemen for the post of District Organisers on a salary of Rs. 250/- per month plus commission for selling shares and 5 years Investment Certificates Please write to Bengal Improvement Trust Ltd. 7A, Clive Row, Calcutta. (1134)

Wanted Experienced Teacher. Morning Tuition Matric Marathi French, History Geography, Mathematics. C/o Owner Seetaramprasad Second Floor, Ranade Road Extension, Dadar. (9390)

Wanted Graduate teachers strong in English and Gujarati. Time 12 to 5-15 p.m. and a Drill Teacher from 4 to 5-30 p.m. and a Hindustani Teacher from 7-30 a.m. to 11-45 a.m. Apply personally or write to Principal Matunga Premier School, Matunga, G.I.P. 9385

HOTEL (IN HILL STATION)

Deolali Grand Hotel. Good Rooms Food and Management. Charges Moderate. Apply Manager 9270

Mahableshwar — Hotel Ripon Connaught, (the only upper storied one on the hill) vegetarians and non vegetarians Catered for. Few rooms available for October Book early. Apply Manager care Orient Hotel, Bombay 3, Telephone 22232. 9380

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions— Davar's College of Commerce:— Enrol immediately for special New Session Classes for late entrants for Professional Diploma Courses. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay (9392)

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission. Mavelikara, Travancore. 107

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Earn Rs. 6 daily. Buy Easy Cotton Calculation at Rs. 4, Special Calculation Rs. 10 Fulgaliwalla, Ahmed Bldg. Golpitha, Bombay. (9389)

MEDICAL ADLET

Asthma, nerve diseases radically cured by Chiropractic. massage. See Dr. Kale Bismillah Building, Ranade Road, Dadar. (9391)

50 Years' Reputed Dr. J. D. Kulkarni's Malarin Ague Mixture. Revised rates and attractive facilities. Apply Dr. Kulkarni Thakurdwar. Bombay 9136

ASTROLOGICAL

Astrological Works Scientifically prepared with expert knowledge. Write The Eastern Astrological Service Post Box 35A. Bombay 1. (9353)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents and Stockists for our newly arrived U.S.A. Fountain Pens. Write for samples and free agency terms to:—Capson and Company, Post Bag No. 21-A. Delhi. (9376)

Wanted Distributors for our quality Ditz Electrical appliances and Fans for the territory Bombay Baroda and Central India. Influential parties having good hold over market need apply. For terms apply to Empire Industries 29, Malkaganj Road, Delhi. 1121

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Visit —Associated Machine and Tool Company's Showroom at 130, Medows Street, Bombay, where various kinds of machinery, electrical equipments and engineering tools are displayed (7430)

1|4 H. P. 1425 R.P.M. 115|230 volts single phase 50 cycles A. C. Motors, available from stock—apply R. M. Shah and Company, 68, Tambakanta, Pydhonie, Bombay. 9387

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 14-10-48, preferably from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for the post of SENIOR VETERINARY SURGEON HAFFKINE INSTITUTE, BOMBAY. AGE:— Not more than 30 years on 1-12-1948, relaxable in the case of highly qualified and experienced candidates. PAY:— Rs. 200-650 plus free quarters after training period. Higher starting pay admissible. QUALIFICATIONS:— (1) A degree in Veterinary Science (2) Experience in care of horses and management of personnel for not less than three years. Knowledge of standardisation of antitoxins and sera, preferred. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3½ annas stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/-, payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission." Bombay, who will also supply full details on request. (1116)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 27TH SEPTEMBER 1948, preferably from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan, for the post of LECTURER IN GEOGRAPHY in Bombay Educational Service, Class II. PAY:— Rs. 200-650 PLUS cost of living allowance if admissible and prospects of promotion to Bombay Educational Service Class I. AGE:— Not less than 23 and not more than 30 years on 1-12-1948, relaxable in the case of Bombay Government Servants and suitable cases. QUALIFICATIONS:— A good degree in Geography OR a Diploma of a British University in Geography or a good B. Sc. degree with Geology as Principal subject, with special qualifications in Human Geography. Candidates with teaching experience and additional qualifications in Sociology, History or Economics preferred. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and a crossed Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary Bombay Public Service Commission", who will also supply full details on request. (1115)

THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Register of Members and the Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Saturday the 4th September 1948 to Thursday, the 30th September 1948, both days inclusive.

Dated the 18th day of August, 1948.

By Order of the Board,
TATA INDUSTRIES LTD.,
Managing Agents;
N. H. TATA,
Director. (1119)

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, MATUNGA, BOMBAY

APPOINTMENT OF EXAMINERS

APPLICATIONS are invited for Appointments as Examiners for the Institute Sessional Examinations, March-April 1949, in Mechanical, Electrical and Sanitary Engineering, Technical and Applied Chemistry, Textile Manufactures and allied subjects. Please apply for particulars and application forms to the undersigned before 31st August, 1948. Applications should reach not later than 10th September 1948.

P. N. JOSHI
Principal and Secretary.
17th August, 1948. (1118)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES

Office of the Director of Supplies Phoenix Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDER NOTICE

DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, BOMBAY, invites Tender No. BOM/T-2/2060 to reach him on or before 11 A.M. on 30-8-1948 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 5/- (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender No., full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Description	Quantity
Timber Planks Gurjan, Malabar Teak and Cedar Red of sizes.	3685 Cft.

Applicants not already on approved list of this Department or the late Department of Supply, must give their Banker's reference on applications for Tender Forms. Tender forms will not be issued to firm's already black-listed. (1130)

THE AMBIKA SILK MILLS CO., LTD.

CAPITAL BONUS SHARES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at its Registered Office (11-12, Haines Road, Mahalaxmi, Bombay 13) on SATURDAY, the 21st August, 1948, at 3-15 p.m. (S.T.) for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, passing the special Resolution notice of which has been given to the individual shareholder.

By order of the Board
for THE AMBIKA SILK MILLS CO., LTD.
MAGANLAL BHAGVANDAS & CO.
Managing Agents (1117)

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Advertisement No. 40.

APPLICATIONS invited for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Women eligible for all posts. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 18th September, 1948. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each category of posts. Candidates from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

1. FIVE LIAISON OFFICERS, ALL INDIA RADIO. (This is in supersession of item 10 of Advertisement No. 32). Posts temporary but likely to be made permanent. AGE:—Preferably below 40 years. PAY:—Rs. 450-25-500-E.B.-30-800. QUALIFICATIONS. ESSENTIAL—(a) Good degree from a recognised University. (b) Experience in a Newspaper. Publicity Office, Advertising Agency or Research work in public opinion; or experience of similar work in All-India Radio. (c) A good knowledge of one Indian language. (d) Capacity for organizing public relations. Good taste, initiative and drive. DESIRABLE:—Knowledge of another Indian language, preferably Oriya/Assamese/Marathi/Gujarati/Bengali. Knowledge of Hindi will be an additional qualification. Candidates who have already applied in response to the Commission's earlier advertisement for these posts need not apply again.

2. ONE PERMANENT POST OF CONTROLLER OF PATENTS AND DESIGNS, MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY. AGE:—Preferably between 40 and 45; relaxable for Government servants. PAY:—FOR DIRECT RECRUITS: Rs. 1300-60-1600. FOR PERSONS IN GOVERNMENT SERVICE SINCE 15TH JULY, 1931: Rs. 1000-50-1500. (unless they have elected scale of pay prescribed under C.C.S. (R.P.) Rules, 1947. QUALIFICATIONS:—(1) High Degree in Science, Metallurgy, Civil Mechanical or Electrical Engineering. (2) FOR CANDIDATES FROM AMONGST THE STAFF OF THE PATENT OFFICE: Ten years' experience as Examiners of Patents or Examiner of Patients-in-Chief, or Not less than three years' experience as Examiners of Patents or Examiner of Patents-in-Charge, and Should have held a post of higher responsibility than that of an Examiner of Patents for a period of not less than three years. (3) FOR CANDIDATES WITHOUT PATENT OFFICE EXPERIENCE: Members of the Legal profession who have (i) a minimum technical training laid down in the case of Assistant Examiners of Patents and (ii) at least five years' practice before a High Court. (4) SPECIAL: (a) As Head of an essentially Technical Department it is essential his scientific or Engineering qualifications should obviously be comparable with those of any Examiners of Patents. (b) His training in science should be sufficiently wide to enable him readily to appreciate the details and suitabilities of the structure and functions of modern Electrical, Mechanical and Commercial systems. (c) He should possess: (i) Sound knowledge of the Patents system and particularly first hand knowledge of the way in which the present system has worked in practice. (ii) Sound knowledge and experience of Law relating to pleadings procedure and evidence. (iii) Familiarity with the patent specifications and with the dealing with the inventors and applicants for patents. The Controller's function in this respect is not merely to decide whether the patent applied for should be granted or refused but to give guidance to applicants for defining the novel features of their inventions, with precision and accuracy without restricting unnecessarily the scope of protection afforded by the patent in question. This is a highly specialised work. (iv) Should have expert knowledge of the Law and practice relating to Patents and Designs.

3. TWO TEMPORARY POSTS OF ESTATES MANAGERS (ONE AT BOMBAY AND THE OTHER AT CALCUTTA). AGE:— Preferably between 30 and 45 years. PAY:—Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-710. Higher initial pay may be given in the case of deserving candidates. QUALIFICATIONS— ESSENTIAL—(a) Graduate of an Indian University. Degree in Law or Engineering will be an advantage. Degree of a recognised Institution in the U. K. will be also accepted. (b) Should have experience of the management of Estate work in office of a House or Estates Agency or in a Government Office. Experience in Municipal Administration will be an advantage. (c) Knowledge of Bengalee in respect of the appointment in Calcutta and of Gujarati and Marathi in respect of the appointment in Bombay will be necessary.

4. ONE TEMPORARY ASSISTANT ENGINEER (MECHANICAL) FOR THE PORT OF COCHIN UNDER THE MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. AGE:—Preferably below 35 years. Persons up to 40 years may be considered if they have the desired experience. The age limit is relaxable in the case of candidates who are already in Government service. PAY:—Rs. 275-25-500-E. B.-30-650-E.B.-30-800 plus cost of living allowance as admissible under the rules. A higher starting pay not exceeding Rs. 375/- may be given to a deserving candidate QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL—(a) A good general education, preferably not below Matriculation Examination or Equivalent but the main requirements are good practical experience and ability to control and direct labour. (b) A five years apprenticeship in an Engineering Workshop where ship-building and general repair works are carried out. DESIRABLE: (a) Service at sea for at least three years in a ship's engine room in full charge of a watch. (b) Experience in the repair and overhaul of dredging plant and machinery and steam and internal combustion engines.

5. ONE CURATOR, CENTRAL BUREAU OF EDUCATION, NEW DELHI. Post temporary and reserved for Scheduled Caste, but if no such suitable candidate is available, the vacancy may be treated as unreserved. AGE:—Preferably below 40 years; relaxable in exceptional cases. PAY:—Rs. 600-40-800. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL—(a) A first class degree in M.A., M.Sc., or B.A or B.Sc. Honours (three years' course) of an Indian University or an Honours Degree of a foreign University. Candidates with a research Doctorate degree will also be eligible. (b) Experience of teaching in a College or University. DESIRABLE:—(a) Experience of administration in a College or University or other large library (b) Experience of research or of editing publications.

6. FOUR TEMPORARY POSTS OF DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY. AGE:—Preferably between 40 and 50 years; relaxable for Government servants. PAY:—Rs. 1300-60-1600. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL (a) ONE POST: At least 8-10 years' practical business experience in a position of responsibility (out of which at least one year in Engineering works of repute) in a Commercial House, or Commercial or Technical Department dealing with plant, Machinery or other Mechanical and Railway stores. DESIRABLE: (a) Degree in Mechanical Engineering or Diploma qualifying for exemption from, or must have passed the A.M.I.E. (India) or Institute of Mechanical Engineers (London) Examination. (b) Experience in purchase of stores. (c) TWO POSTS: At least 8-10 years' practical business experience in a position of responsibility (out of which at least one year in Engineering Works of repute) in a Commercial House or a Commercial or Technical Department dealing with Electrical plant Machinery and/or other electrical and Railway Stores. DESIRABLE (a) Degree in Electrical Engineering or Diploma qualifying for exemption from, or must have passed the A.M.I.E. (India) or institute of Electrical Engineers (London) Examination. (b) Experience in purchase of stores. (c) ONE POST: At least 8-10 years' experience in a position of responsibility (out of which at least one year in Chemical Works of repute or a research Laboratory) in a Commercial House or Commercial or Technical Department dealing with Chemicals, oils, and paints, pharmaceutical and/or such other allied stores. DESIRABLE: (a) Ph.D or M.Sc. Degree in science of any recognised University with Chemistry as principal subject and some post-graduate work of Industrial Chemistry. (b) Experience in purchase of stores.

7. ONE PERMANENT POST OF LIBRARIAN IN THE COMMONWEALTH RELATIONS WING OF THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS AND COMMONWEALTH RELATIONS. AGE:- Preferably below 35 years. PAY:— Rs. 160-10-350 QUALIFICATIONS:- ESSENTIAL—(a) Degree of a recognised University. (b) Diploma or Certificate in Librarianship from an Indian University or an Association affiliated with the Indian Library Association. DESIRABLE:— Research Work.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE

1. The Opening date of tender No. Sale/11 is extended to 16th Sept. 1948.

2. Firms dealing with conversion of non-ferrous metals are requested to submit alternative quotations for conversion of 165 tons Scrap as indicated in the Tender to class III Lead bronze N6-45.

(i) Conversion Charges per Cwt.
(ii) Quantity proposed to be delivered per month.
(iii) Quantity of Tin release required.
(iv) Equivalent quantity (i.e. 765 tons) of Converted metal to be supplied for the conversion charges.
(v) Alternatively the quantity of converted metal to be returned without any charge.

3. Tender sale|11 may be obtained from Controller of Stores, E.I. Railway, Calcutta.

GENERAL MANAGER. (1122)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE ZANDU PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the TWENTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Gokhale Road, (South), Bombay on SATURDAY, the 21st day of August, 1948 at 5 p.m. (S.T.) for the transaction of the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the period ended 31st March, 1948.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To confirm the charities.
4. To elect directors in place of those retiring.
5. To appoint auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.
6. To transact such other business as may be brought forward by the Directors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 3rd August to 21st August, 1948. (Both days inclusive).

By order of the Board of Directors,
JUGATRAM & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
Bombay, 2-7-48.

N.B.—The Dividend, if sanctioned, will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office on and after the 8th September, 1948 to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 3rd August, 1948. 757

ZANDU PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LIMITED

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that soon after the conclusion of the business of the twenty ninth Annual General Meeting of the above Company an Extra-ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the Registered office at Gokhale Road South, Bombay 14. on Saturday the 21st day of August, 1948 for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the following resolution as a special resolution. viz.

SPECIAL RESOLUTION. That the existing Article 40 of the Company's Articles of Association be deleted and the following article be substituted in its place.

40. A fee not exceeding annas four per share may be charged in respect of the transfer or transmission to the same party of any number of shares of any class or denomination subject to such maximum not exceeding Rs. 20/- on any one transfer or transmission as may from time to time be fixed by the Directors. Such maximum may be a single fee payable on any one transfer or on transmission of any number of shares of one class or denomination or may be on a graduated scale varying with the number of shares of any one class comprised in one transfer or transmission or may be fixed in any other manner as the Directors in their discretion determine.

By order of the Board
JUGATRAM & CO.
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents
Bombay, dated 2nd day of July 1948.

N.B.— Inspection of the Articles of Association of the Company can be had at the Registered Office of the Company at any time during office hours. 757A

NOTICE.

WANTED 2 Medical Officers—(1) One Surgical and (2) One Medical —for Tata's Main Hospital, Jamshedpur in the scale of Rs. 400-50-650. plus other allowances. Must be under 40 years of age. Minimum qualifications for medical; Degree of M.D. or M.R.C.P., qualified for 8 years with 4 years experience in a senior appointment in a teaching hospital medical dept.

Minimum qualifications for surgical: Degree of M.S. or F.R.C.S.; qualified for 8 years and having held a surgical appointment for 2 years in a big hospital. Experience and qualifications in E.N.T. Apply with full particulars giving age, qualifications, experience and Province of domicile to the Asst. Director of Personnel (Employments), Tisco., Ltd., Jamshedpur before the 30th August 1948. 1104

NOTICE OF TENDER

MILITARY ENGINEER SERVICES

TENDERS ARE INVITED from contractors borne on the Approved List of M.E.S. and within whose limits the value of the work lies, by the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona, for the "Construction of M.E.S. Power House and Staff Quarters at Deolali". The work is estimated to cost about Rs. 3,00,000|-.

Other suitable contractors, though NOT on the M.E.S. List may also apply for tender and in the event of their being selected to tender, they will be required to be enlisted as M.E.S. Contractors before concluding contracts with them.

Application for Tender Forms must be submitted on or before 31st August 1948 to the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona.

Copies of the conditions of contract, drawings and all other documents connected with the work will be open for inspection in the office of the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona, during office hours.

Tender Documents will be issued on and after 2nd September 1948.

Tenders will be received by 20th September, 1948. 1120

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates of Bombay domicile for the post of a full time trained Vaidya for the Ayurvedic Dispensary to be started at Bhawani Shankar Road, Dadar. The pay of the post is Rs. 100-5-150 plus usual dearness allowance and is subject to revision. No private practice allowed. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year and will be amenable to the Municipal Service and Provident Fund Regulations.

Candidates must possess a medical degree registrable under the Bombay Medical Practitioners Act of 1938.

Applicants not in Municipal Service must be under 40 years of age.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications previous experience, accompanied by copies of testimonials and certificates of age, physical fitness and character should be sent to the Executive Health Officer so as to reach him not later than 30th August 1948.

Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the candidates.

K. N. CHOKSY,
Ag: Executive Health Officer
Municipal Offices, Fort.
Bombay, 12th August 1948. (1040)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. COMMITTEE

SEALED TENDERS for the disposal of about 10 Tons of ends, cut-offs and other scrap Burmah teak, will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, upto noon on Tuesday the 31st August 1948.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper Electric House Fort. on personal application.

The scrap timber can be inspected at Messrs. R. E. Mody & Co.'s yard at Tank Bunder, Reay Road, Bombay. (1126)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites tenders for the work of laying out Road No. 24-B Scheme No. 6 Sion Matunga Estate along with construction of storm water drain therein. Tenders will be received upto 1 p.m. (B.T.) on Friday the 10th September, 1948.

Forms of tender, specifications etc., will be issued on payment of Rs. 5/- for each copy to any one deputed to receive the same by the Special Engineer (Works Branch) who will on application give any further information that may be required.

Tender copies will not be supplied by post.

BY ORDER OF THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.
Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay 18-8-48. (1125)

WANTED

REFRIGERATING ENGINE DRIVERS for service on fishing Trawler experienced in running Ammonia Refrigerating Plant, Diesel Engines and knowledge of electrical work. Pay of post Rs. 200/- per month plus board and lodging. Applications to be submitted to the undersigned by 31-8-1948 giving full details of experience and copies of testimonials which will not be returned.

R. J. RAINE, Major
Superintendent Engineer-in-Charge,
Government of India
Deep-Sea Fishing Station
Bombay

Botawalla Chambers,
Sir P. Mehta Road,
Bombay, 18-8-1948. (1105)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of NURSING SISTERS in the Willingdon Nursing Home in the grade of Rs. 150-10-200-15-260 plus usual Allowances viz Rs. 40|- p. m. D. A., Rs. 50 p. m. Messing allowance, Rs. 10|- City allowance, Rs. 15|- uniform allowance Rs. 40|- p.m. Lodging allowance and Rs. 3|- p.m. conveyance allowance. The applicant must state their age, experience and qualifications. Application together with copies of Testimonials should reach the Superintendent Willingdon Hospital, New Delhi by the 30th August '48. No residential accommodation will be provided.

The selected candidates will be interviewed at their own expenses.

SUPERINTENDENT,
Willingdon Hospital, New Delhi. 1112

UNIVERSITY OF RANGOON RANGOON

APPLICATIONS are invited from Medical graduates of a recognised University to fill up the following posts:—

1. PROFESSOR OF PATHOLOGY—Scale of pay Rs. 1000-50-1400. Qualifications —M.R.C.P. or F.R.C.P. with any other additional qualifications.
2. LECTURER in PHARMACOLOGY—Scale of pay Rs. 800-50-1200. Qualification M.R.C.P.

The posts are on contract for 3 years. Candidates with Teaching and research experience are given preference. Application together with testimonials should be sent to the Administrative Officer to reach him not later than the 7th September, 1948. Candidates will have to join duty immediately 1083

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the printing of the following copies of Reader I in Marathi Gujarati and Kannada for the Department of Education by the 30th of November, 1948:—

Marathi Reader I	5 lakhs
Gujarati Reader I	2 lakhs
Kannada Reader I	2 lakhs

Detailed specifications of these books and other particulars are given in the Tender Form which can be had from the office of the Director of Public Instruction, Poona, on payment of Rs. 2 per Tender Form. The manuscript of the Reader and the illustrations will be available for inspection at the office of the Director of Public Instruction, Poona, during office hours A separate Tender must be sent for the Reader in each language accompanied by a Challan from a Government Treasury for Rs. 500 paid into that Treasury as earnest money. The Tenders must reach the Director of Public Instruction, Poona by 2 P.M. on Saturday, the 11th of September 1948

Poona, 18th August 1948
D. C. PAVATE.
Director of Public Instruction. (1127)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDER NOTICE

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Bombay Municipality (By Order of the Municipal Commissioner) invites tenders for the supply of C.I. Branches during the year 1948-49.

Tender forms together with any other relevant information can be had from his office at 566, DeLisle Road, Bombay No 11, on payment of Rs. 2/- per set.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered together with a deposit of Rs. 150 - into the office of the Chief Accountant, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on Wednesday the 1st September 1948 not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.).

TENDER FORMS WILL NOT BE SENT BY V.P.P. 1129

PROPERTY ON SALE

BEST OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTORS

One storied building No. 2 with 60 Rooms situated at Bullsroyce Colony, Santa Cruz East, near Station, yielding monthly Rent Rs. 1,300 - Land 2150 sq. yds.

For further particulars write or see

JIVATLAL PURTAPSHI
97, Stock Exchange Building,
BOMBAY 1. 9386

NOTICE.

SHARE CERTIFICATES LOST.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Original share certificates of 2 shares of the Tapti Valley Railway Co. Ltd., bearing No. 20448 & 21536 of Rs. 500/- each in the name of Kashibai Waman Joshi have been lost or mislaid. Mr. Shankar Yadneshwar Joshi, being entitled, has applied for payment in respect of the same to the High Court Bombay.

Any person having any lien, claim or interest therein is requested to make his claim known in writing to the Registrar of Companies, Rajabahadur Mansion, 32, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from this nouce, failing which such claims will not be considered.

21-8-1948.
D. V. DHARAP,
Advocate, High Court. 1031

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that CHANDRAKANT DEVCHAND SHAH of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Fort Chambers, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house, standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the Plot No. 147C of Town Planning Scheme No. II in Vile Parle containing by admeasurement 720 square yards or thereabouts together with one storeyed bungalow standing thereon and the sole proprietory right of well in a pucca built well, area of well is extra. Bounded on North by property of Raghuram Anathayya, on South by the boundary of the scheme on East by Plot No 146 and on the West by plot Nos. 149 and 150.

M/s. THAKORDAS & MADGAVKAR,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 1133

(For Futher Notices See Page 2.)

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
I.C. No. 48 of 1948.
In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913
And
In the matter of CENTRAL CINE CORPORATION Ltd. and Reduced.

CENTRAL CINE CORPORATION, LTD., And Reduced, a Joint Stock Company having their Registered Office at Tardeo Road, without the Fort of Bombay....Petitioner.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, dated the 18th day of June, 1948, confirming the reduction of Capital of the above-named Company from Rs. 40.00.000/- to Rs. 20.00.000/- and the minute approved by the said High Court of Judicature and showing with respect to the capital of the said Company as altered the several particulars required by the above statute were registered by the Registrar of Companies on the 18th day of August 1948.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that the said minute is in the words and figure following:—

"The Capital of the Central Cine Corporation Ltd. was by virtue of a special resolution and with the sanction of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay dated the 18th day of June 1948 reduced from the former capital of Rs. 1.00.00.000/- divided into 1.00.000/- shares of Rs. 100/- each to Rs. 80.00.000/- divided into 1,60,000 shares of Rs. 50/- each. At the date of registration of this minute 40.000 of the said shares of Rs. 50/- each numbered 1 to 40.000 (inclusive) were issued and were fully paid up and the remaining 1.20.000 shares of Rs. 50/- each were unissued."

Dated this 18th day of August, 1948
AMARCHAND & MANGALDAS,
Attorneys for the Company.

1132

ORIGINAL
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION
Petition No. 401 of 1948.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith.

Petition for Sucession Certificate in respect of certain Debts and Securities belonging to UTTAMLAL TRICUMDAS also known as UTAMLAL TRICAMDAS, UTTAMLAL TRICUMDAS PARIKH, UTTAMLAL TRICUMDAS PAREKH, PAREKH UTTAMLAL TRICUMDAS, UTTAMLAL TRIKAMDAS PAREKH, of Bombay Jain Inhabitant, a Merchant at the time of his death residing at Shukla-Wada Mehsana in Baroda State.. .. .. Deceased.

JAMNADAS UTTAMLAL PARIKH, of Bombay Jain Inhabitant, residing at Hararwalla building, No. 3, Princess Street, outside the Fort of Bombay .. .. Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Succession Certificate.

Witness MAHOMMEDALI CURRIM CHAGLA, Esquire, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 3rd day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty eight and in the twelfth year of our Reign.

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR.
Prothonotary and Senior Master
(Sd.) A R. NARAIN AYER,
Sealer

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

The 3rd day of August, 1948

DIVECHA & THAKORE,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

1124

AUCTION SALES

SALE OF KINGSTON REFRIGERATORS

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., under instructions from Messrs. Sutaria & Co. Attorneys for Messrs. Bailey & Co. and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Shahnawaz (India) Ltd. of Karachi will sell by Public Auction on Monday 30th August 1948 at 4 P. M. at their rooms at 123, Medows St., Bombay.

28 Kingston Refrigerators.

25 per cent deposit and Sales Tax to be paid by the buyers immediately at the time of sale and the balance within three days from the day of sale. The goods will be on view one day before the sale and will be sold in the condition they may be at the time of sale without any warranty of any kind. Two refrigerators can also be inspected between 12 noon and 2 PM. on working days at the office of Messrs. Bailey & Co., at Botawalla Building, 8, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

Further conditions of sale may be obtained from the above mentioned Solicitors.. at Ismail Building 381 Hornby Road or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows Street, Fort.

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION
No. 462 of 1948
CITATION

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of THAKAR CHHAGANLAL KALIDAS of Ville Parle, Luhana Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Ville-Parle in Greater Bombay, merchant.... Deceased.

TULSIDAS CHHAGANLAL of Bombay, Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Kandivli, District Thana, one of the Executors according to the tenor of the Will of the deceased abovenamed .... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness MAHOMMEDALI CURRIM CHAGLA, Esquire, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 18th day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty eight and in the twelfth year of our Reign.

(Sd.) S. J. RAHIMTOOLA.
Prothonotary & Senior Master
(Sd.) A. R NARAYAN AIYER,
Sealer.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

The 18th day of August, 1948.

Messrs. DIKSHIT MANEKLAL & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
(1123)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY known as "VIDYA VILAS" AT THE JUNCTION OF 6TH AND 10TH ROAD, KHAR.

M/s. GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M/s Gokhle Kale & Co. Attorneys for Mr. Digambar Babaji Jog & others the Mortgagees and on a/c & at risk of Balkishandas Damodardas Sheth, the Mortgagee pursuant of power of Sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated 21st June 1945, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immovable Property on Sunday, 12-9-48 at 10 a.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of Non-agricultural land with dwelling houses, out houses and other structures standing thereon known as 'Vidya-Vilas' situate at the Junction of 6th & 10th Road, Khar, admeasuring about 2304 Sq. Yds, Plot Nos. 201, 202, and 211 of Bombay Suburban Scheme No. 7 of Khar.

For Further Particulars of Sale, please apply to M/s Gokhle Kale & Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagees at Hamam St. or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF MACHINERY, Stock-in-trade and other articles including one Electric Motor 15 H.P. Complete with coupled blower, 2½" steel shafting line, complete, Moulding boxes, Steel plate boxes for Oil Casting, Ladders, C. I. Manhole Covers with Ridges, C. I. Rings, Writing Table, Wall Clock, One lot iron scrap, etc. lying at M/s Ardeshir Iron and Brass Works at Grant Road, on Thursday, 26th Inst. at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at 12 C Arab Lane, Corner of Grant Road, Bombay, under instructions from the Court Receiver, High Court, as the receiver appointed in Bombay High Court, Suit No. 2135 of 1947 (Pokharaj Champalal & Co. v/s P. A. Minocher-Homji & ors).

Terms: 25% Cash deposit.
GANDHI & CO.

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30, a.m. Property of M. Robertson, Esqr. and others, at Chowpatty Seaface near Vianellis Restaurant of complete Household and Office Furniture, Eng. Milner's and other Safe, Mirror Door Steel Almirah, Singer rod. Bob. Foot Machine. Phillips 5 Val. a.c. Radio Rem Std. Corona Port Typewriter, Eng ice Box, Dining, Writing and Dressing Table. Show Case Chesterfield, Almirah, Bed, etc. (S. Tax) T. 40213. EASTERN AUCTION CO.

Grand Auction Sale of seasoned Burmah teak modern household furniture by Sheraton & Co. and others rich silver-ware Persian carpets etc.

M/s Bennett & Co. will tomorrow Sunday, 22nd inst. at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Godiwalla's Bungalow, ground floor No. 5, Mount Mary's Hill, Bandra next to Mr. Captain's bungalow. complete bungalow furniture such as dining table, chairs, sideboard, dumbwaiter, show cases, screen, Chesterfield suites, centre, peg and writing tables, Primaphone, box spring beds, wardrobes, chests of drawers, child's cots, iron collapsible windows, table fan forks, spoons, rich English silver-ware etc. belonging to S S. Jaggia Esq. and others. On view.
BENNETT & CO.

WHY KHEDGIKAR RESIGNED

With reference to his resignation of the Vice-presidentship of the A.I.T.U.C., Mr. R. A. Kheadgikar, M.L.A., has issued the following statement:—

News has appeared in some journals this morning stating that my resignation of the Vice-Presidentship of the A.I.T.U.C. was inevitable under the Constitution of the A.I.T.U.C. as I was no longer connected with any affiliated Union. This is absolutely untrue. I am still the President of the G.I.P. Railway Accounts Staff Union which is affiliated to the A.I.T.U.C. It is also not true that under the Constitution of the A.I.T.U.C., it is necessary for an office-bearer to be connected with any affiliated organisation in order to be an office-bearer. I resigned from the A.I.T.U.C., because I found it impossible to continue under the present circumstances.

Sir Terence Shone

BOMBAY, Friday.

Sir Terence Shone, the retiring United Kingdom High Commissioner, in India, called on the Premier of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher, at the Secretariat this afternoon, on the eve of his departure for England.

Mr. M. P. Patil

Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Forests and Agriculture, Bombay, will leave for Poona on Saturday, August 21 by Deccan Queen and will return to Bombay on Monday August 23, by the same train.

Mr. G. D. Vartak

Mr. G D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government, Bombay, will leave for Sangli and Miraj on August 23. Mr. Vartak will inaugurate a conference of Local Bodies in the merged States at Sangli on August 24 and after visiting Miraj on August 25 will return to Bombay on August 26.

Section 144 Order Extended In Broach

The order under Section 144 Cr. P.C. in Broach City, Palej, Ankleswar, Jambusar and Hansot (all in Broach District) has been extended for a further period of one month from August 21, 1948.

Purse To Congress Worker

KALYAN, Aug. 20.

The Natya-Niwas Mandal of Kalyan is giving public reception in honour of Sri Ramchandra Mahadeo Patwardhan, an old staunch Congress and Harijan worker of Kalyan, for the services he rendered to the cause of the country and for the sufferings he had undergone in doing so, on the 22nd instant under the presidentship of Sri Sane Guruji in the Krishna Talkies. The Mandal has also decided to offer him a purse of Rs. 501.

NEW CINEMA

Winall Exhibitors' Managing Partner Mr. S. R. Irani has started a new Cinema under the name of Allwin Talkies in the Sabnis Theatre at Kalyan, the opening ceremony of which was performed yesterday.

"THE NORTHERN LIGHTS OF BOMBAY"
AURORA
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
Two Men Lived and Loved behind this face! One a Genius:...Smiling Idol of Millions! The other....Brooding....Dangerous....A Slave to Mad Emotions!
ROLAND COLMAN
giving new greatness
To the screen with SIGNE HASSO in
"A DOUBLE LIFE"
with Edmond O'Brien
Tomorrow Morn. at 10-30 A.M.
FULL SERIAL SHOW
"DAUGHTER OF DON Q"
ADRIAN BOOTH, KIRK ALYN

PALACE
Daily at 3-30 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
From his tempestuous past....from her impassioned memories....comes the story that will live as long as there is love!
JOAN FONTAINE
In Her Greatest
Portrayal with Romantic New Star
LOUIS JOURDAN in
"LETTER FROM AN UNKNOWN WOMAN"
with Mady Cristians, Marcel Journet
Tomorrow Morn. At 10-30 A.M.
"SONG OF SCHEHERAZADE"
YVONNE DE CARLO,
BRIAN DONLEVY
in Technicolor

NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE:
43-45, Apollo Street, Fort. BOMBAY
Transacts all classes of Banking business including Foreign Exchanges.
Branches and Agencies in all Principal Towns in India
N C KHORANA,
B.Com., A.I.I.B
Managing Director

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Vad 2, 2004
Muslim: Savaal 15, 1367
Parsi: Aspandarmad 28, 1317
Sunrise: 6-21 a.m., Sunset 19-02 p.m.
Hightide: 00-46, 13-15
Lowtide: 06-37, 19-18

To-day's Engagement

FREE FIRST AID CLASSES: Khan Saheb D. S. Bharaucha will start one First Aid Class in the Red Cross Building, Town Hall compound, Fort, at 3-0 p.m. (S. T.) commencing today.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE: Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class today at League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, when two lectures will be delivered, the first by Mr. M. V Jayakar on "Social Help" at 5 p.m. and the second by Mr. H. G. Patil on "Training of Village Workers" at 6 p.m (S. T.).

SEA-SCOUTS: The Sea Scouts will go on their usual fortnightly "Good Turn" hiking to the Kalyan Refugee Camp. All Sea Scouts should meet at the V. T. Station at 9 a.m. tomorrow Sunday.

PETROLEUM WORKERS' FEDERATION: First annual general meeting of the Petroleum Workers' Federation today in Bazargate High School Hall at 3 p.m.

BOMBAY SARBOJONIK DURGAPUJA SAMITY: "General meeting of Bengali residents at 7 p.m. at "Brahman Sahayak Sangha Hall" Shivaji Park, Dadar, to adopt and pass the accounts of the last year's Durga Puja and to elect a new Committee for the ensuing Puja"

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN GRADUATES UNION: To meet new women graduates annual "At Home" today at 5 p.m. at the Y.W.C.A. Hall, Mayo Road, Museum.

LECTURE ON VEDANTA: Swami Sambuddhananda of Ramakrichna Mission on "Yoga of Patanjali in English at Batliboi's Accountancy Training Institute today (Saturday), at 2-40 p.m.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES: Swami Sambuddhananda will conduct a class on Bhagwat Geeta in English at the Ramakrishna Mission Library Hall on Sunday morning at 9 a.m. The Swami will conduct a class on the "Gospel of Sri Ramakrishna" in Hindi and English at the same place on Sunday evening at 6 p.m.

BOMBAY LIFE EMPLOYEES' ASSOCIATION: Annual general meeting today at 'Orient Cama Hall', Fort Bombay at 2-30 p.m. Shri Shantilal H. Shah, M.I.C. will address the meeting.

BOMBAY BIDI GUMASTHA MANDAL: At a meeting of Bombay Bidi Gumastha Mandal held in Congress House compound it was decided to send on a deputation consisting of S.L. Silam, C.L. Dudhia, H.N. Trivedi Waman Rane, Madhav Gangan, to see the Labour Minister to request him regarding the amendments to the Shop Establishments Act to be brought for consideration in the next Session without fail.

VANI VIHAR VIDYALAYA: Sri Raghavendra Swami Punyatithi will be celebrated at the Vidyalaya Premises to-day at 5-30 p.m. to 8-30 p.m. and on Sunday, the 22nd between 8 a.m. and 10 a.m.

SHARE BAZAR STAFF UNION. General Meeting today at 2-0 p.m. in Trading Ring the Demands and Suggestions.

YOUTH AND CULTURE CIRCLE

The letterpress to a photograph of Mr. S. K. Patil inaugurating an exhibition of photographs depicting Mahatma Gandhi's peace mission to Bihar, which we published yesterday stated that the exhibition was arranged under the auspices of the Bombay Art Society.

The exhibition was organised by the Youths Art and Culture Circle.

MUSIC AT BUND GARDENS

By kind permission of the Inspector General of Police, Bombay Province, and the Officers of the Police Department, the 'Band' will play at the "Bund Gardens" on Sunday, (22nd inst.), from 6 to 7-30 P.M. weather permitting. Admission is free.

BRAIN TRUST (LABOUR COLLEGE, MATUNGA): Public meeting at Podar College, Matunga, at 6-30 p.m. Panel:—Prof. G N. Lawande (Psychology), Principal L. N. Welingkar (Economics), Sit. Asoka Mehta (Current Politics), Prof. R. D. Gupte (Physics), and a prominent doctor.

KANNADA DRAMA: Shri Vyasa Sangeeta Nataka Mandali (Murdeshwar) will stage a social drama in Kannada entitled "Hemaraddi Mallamma" at the Bhangwadi Theatre, Kalbadevi, on Sunday, (Aug. 22) night.

SPORTING ENTERTAINMENTS EXEMPTED FROM DUTY

The sporting entertainments, admission to which is on payment of not more than four annas, have been exempted from liability to entertainment duty.

KARACHI NEWSPAPER BANNED

The Government of Bombay has banned the entry into and the sale, distribution or circulation with in the Province, of "Millat", a Gujarati newspaper, of Karachi (Pakistan).

QUININE PRICE REDUCED

The Government of Bombay has fixed the price of the new stock of quinine ampoules at Rs. 1-1 a box. The reduction in price is due to the lower cost price of the new arrivals.

Independence Day In Banian Street

Public meeting today at 9 p.m., at Banian street, Goghari Mohalla, to celebrate the 1st Independence day. Mr. M. Y Nuri, Vice-President of the B P. C. C., will preside and Ministers Dr. M. D. D. Gilder Mr. G D. Tapase and Mr. L. M. Patil, Mr. Silam, Gen.-Sec. B. P. C. C., and Messrs. Pruthviraj Kapur, K. F. Nariman Hussain Laljee S. A Brelvi, and Abidali Jafferbhai will speak.

Arrested Secretariat Peon, Not Premier's Orderly

Certain Bombay papers have published a report of arrest of a person on the charge of theft and described him as house orderly serving at the residence of the Bombay Premier.

The arrested person was once employed as an orderly attached to the establishment of the Premier but had been reverted to the Secretariat department to which he belonged. It will thus be seen that the report is incorrect.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, August 20. (A.P.I.): Following is the weather summary for Friday the 20th August 1948:—

A shallow depression has formed with centre this morning about 20 miles south of Calcutta. It may slightly intensify and move west-north-westwards. Widespread rain has occurred along the west coast of the Peninsula, in the central parts of the country, the East Punjab, the West United Provinces and north-east India outside Bihar. There has been locally heavy rain in the Central Provinces and the West United Provinces.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 21ST: Widespread rain is likely along the west coast of the Peninsula and over the region from the East Punjab and the north Bombay Deccan to Orissa and Gangetic west Bengal. Rainfall will be local elsewhere outside the eastern half of the Peninsula, West Gujarat and West Rajputana where scattered showers are expected.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely in the Konkan Orissa, the central parts of the country and along and near the foot of the East Punjab-United Provinces Hills during the next 48 hours.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, August 20, (A.P.I.): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches for the past 24 hours from 13th August 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I.S.T.), on 20th August 1948:—

Ahmedabad 88 78 T 7.5 minus 14.7, BOMBAY 85 77 0.1 52.7 minus 0.1, Calcutta 92 80 0.3 31.6 minus 1.2, Cuttack 88 79 0.8 35.2 plus 3.5, Delhi 84 80 0.2 18.6 plus 3.5, Lahore 94 76 0.1 21.4 plus 10.9, Lucknow 91 79 1.7 30.0 plus 5.7, Madras 97 79 0.1 7.2 minus 1.1, Nagpur 83 75 0.1 23.9 minus 6.5, Patna 93 82 0 23.5 minus 3.0, Peshawar 94 79 0 3.4 plus 0.2, Poona 80 72 0 13.9 plus 0.2, Sholapur 91 71 0 18.8 plus 8.8.

Weather Bulletin For Farmers

Forcast valid till the morning of 22nd.

The Monsoon will strengthen in the Konkan, widespread moderate rain in the Konkan and Bombay Karnatak, local lights to moderate showers in Mawal, Desh, Khandesh, Gujerat and Hyderabad with a few light showers in the Saurashtra.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING.

Locally very heavy rain is likely in north Kanara, Goa and Ratnagiri districts next 36 hours and extend into Kolaba and Thana districts later.

OUTLOOK FOR NEXT TWO DAYS

Increase of rainfall in Kolaba, Thana and Nasik districts and in Khandesh, Gujerat and Saurashtra.

Keen Contest In Hubli Municipal Elections

(From Our Correspondent.)

HUBLI, (By Mail): Nomination papers for the first triennial election to be held on the basis of Joint Electorates of the Hubli Municipality were filed on Aug. 17. For the 42 seats in the Municipality 312 applications have been received from 107 persons. Besides leading members of the medical profession many representatives of Labour have also filed nomination papers. With an exception of one or two almost all the sitting members of the municipality have sought re-election.

Polling will be held on September 18.

Radio

BOMBAY, Saturday, Aug. 21.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s).
7-30 a.m. Amratlal 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Amratlal Navsariwala 8-45 Vinayakrao Patwardhan 12-0 p.m. Naphowanichya Parisarant 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Godgani 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 You Asked for It 4-20 B. R Deodhar 5-0 Zawwar Husain 5-15 Bahuroopi 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Narayanrao Vyas 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-45 Vinayakrao Patwardhan 7-30 Jaziakhwanu Te 7-40 Star Solo By Azim Khan 7-45 Omkarnath Thakur 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Wamanrao Padhye 8-45 "Jay Gurjar Gange" 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B C News Relay 9-40 Any Things Goes 9-45 Film Review Talk in English by G. M. Correa 10-0 p.m. Pandit Vishnu Digambar Sanget Sabha Special programme dedication in memory of late Pt. Vishnu Digambar Paluskar. Prarthana—Vachan: Jay Jaidi Hare, Chorus by Dattatraya Vishnu Paluskar 10-7 Panditji Krut Ek Dhamar Ki Bandish Presented by B. R. Deodhar 10-15 Panditji Krut Gat Orchestral composition based on a gat score of Panditji by Air Bombay Orchestra 10-22 Panditji Ke Khyal In Mulgunji and Bahar Raags Malgunji aur Bahar Rago Men Panditji Krut Khyalen 10-37 Mujhe Yeh Raag Sung by Vinayakrao Patwardhan 10-57 Panditji Ka Pyara Bhajan Raghopati Raghav Raja Ram. VARIATIONS.
41.44 m (7,240 kc/s).
7-40 a.m. Gujarati Garbi Geeto 5-7 p.m. Rabab Recital By Sringul 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.
61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s).
7-40 a.m. Gujarati Garbi Geeto 5-45 Zawwar Husain 8-15 B. R. Deodhar 9-0 Narayanrao Vyas.

Vishnu Digambar Sangeet Sabha

A. I R. Bombay is having Vishnu Digambar Sangeet Sabha a studio concert on Aug 21 at 10 p.m., in which D. V. Paluskar B R Deodhar Narayanrao Vyas and Vinayakrao Patwardhan would participate. This programme is being broadcast on transmitter VUB I on 244 metres and VUB II on 61.48 metres.

A TALE OF AN UNTAMED LOVE OF AN UNSOPHISTICATED LASS—!

RAJKAMAL'S DARING SOCIAL
BANWASI
Starring: SHOBHAGANI, GYANI, VISHWAS, MAHIPAL, SUSHANTA, NANA PALSIKAR
Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30 Sun. Holiday 1-30 p.m.
Plans open (Box, Bal. Rs. 1-5) 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p.m.
FOLLOW THE CROWDS AT
NEW WEST-END

From FRIDAY Next
NATIONAL PREMIERE
at
NATIONAL
DAULAT
NEPTUNE (BANDRA)
OF
A TRUE NATIONAL PICTURE OF FREE INDIA
Featuring
NAYANTARA, SAPRU
in
JEEVAN KALA CHITRA'S
HUA SAVERA

IT'S GAY SPIRIT
has ENVELOPED the whole of BOMBAY
MUNAWAR SULTANA,
MADHUBALA, ULHAS,
A. SHAH (SHIKARPURI),
are cheered for their
SLICK and FINE PERFORMANCES
in the BEST LAUGHS-GETTERS OF TODAY
GREAT INDIA PICTURES Presents:—
PARAI-AAG
Director:—NAJAM NAQVI: PEARL RELEASE
LAMINGTON & JAI HIND
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sun. & Holi. Matinee at 1-15 p.m.
Ad. Booking 10 to 11-30 & 4 to 6 p.m.
Daily:
1, 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Ad. Booking 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

SOUL STIRRING DRAMA
OF SUPREME SACRIFICE
For the Freedom of the Nation
FILMISTAN'S
STUPENDOUS SCREEN HIT
SHAHEED
Starring
KAMINI KAUSHAL
DILIP KUMAR
CHANDRA MOHAN
V. H. DESAI
&
LEELA CHITNIS
Story & Direction
RAMESH SAIGAL
Music:—
GHULAM HAIDER
Daily 3, 6-15, 9-30
TWO EXTRA SHOWS
SUNDAY 22ND
9: A.M. AND 12 NOON.
A KAPURCHAND & CO RELEASE
ROXY
Book in Advance: 10 to 12 & 4 to 6

When a Valda comes in DISEASE STAYS OUT
VALDA PASTILLES
protect your lungs and throat during this rainy disease spreading season
PRICE R 1-4 per box of 60 pastilles made in France
ONE CENTURY GUARANTEE

COOKS
A world-wide travel organisation established for more than one hundred years.
Entrust all your travel arrangements to COOKS and obtain the benefit of a century of experience in the Travel and Tourist Industry.
THOS. COOK & SON
(CONTINENTAL & OVERSEAS)
LIMITED
(Incorporated in England)
Offices at:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, COLOMBO, KARACHI, LAHORE, MADRAS, NEW DELHI, RANGOON, SIMLA, SINGAPORE and throughout the world.
'Always Carry COOKS Travellers Cheques.

HEPACIMA
LIVER AND IRON TONIC
REVITALISES
Through New Blood formation
Useful in all forms of anæmia.
Rapidly restores health and strength after Malaria, Influenza, Pneumonia etc.
Contains
CONCENTRATED LIVER EXTRACT
FERROUS IRON
VITAMIN B,
NICOTINIC ACID
COPPER
MANGANESE
Original Bottles of 4 oz.

At ALL GOOD CHEMISTS.
BENGAL CHEMICAL
CALCUTTA · BOMBAY

Agents
ORIENT DRUG AGENCY
Princess Street Bombay 2.

PORCELAIN
H.T. & L.T. INSULATORS
Cleats, Thread Guide Reels Bob bins, Pipes, Connectors Iron fittings sold at cheapest rates
WORLD-LINK TRADERS.
27/1, Ezra Mansions. Calcutta—1

GANDHI ASTROLOGER

Health, Wealth, Journey etc., Lucky numbers, days, by monthly details 1 year Rs. 5 Weekly Rs. 15. Five questions Rs. 2. V. P As 5. State sex, age and writing time Hanuman Jothisha Ashrama. Tirutani S. India.

END GREY HAIR
(GOVT. REGD.)
Not by hair dye Our harmless Ayurvedic Scented hair oil restores the Grey hair to its natural black colour permanently and stops turning Grey Price Rs. 2-8 for a few Grey hair Rs. 3-8 for more than it and Rs 5 for about all. N.B.—It is tonic for brain and eyes.
DINRAKSHAK AUSHADHALAY
No. 280 P O Raidhanowar.
(Hazaribagh)

ON THE SILVER SCREEN

"BANWASI"

Film Of Aboriginal Life Gets Warm Reception

Rajkamal's new offering "BANWASI" was accorded a rousing premiere by full houses at New West End on Thursday. It was undoubtedly a daring venture on the part of Rajkamal to attempt to present the every-day life of aboriginal tribes people like the Adiwasis on the screen. It was, however, succeeded admirably in its effort, handling the subject in a faithful and realistic manner.

The story of "BANWASI" which is based on R. W. Dighe's novel, centres round Ladi, a Adivasi girl. Ankush, son of Adivasi chieftain and Manohar, the middle-class youth who takes interest in the life of Adivasi in general and Ladi in particular. Their strugle to win for Adivasis the rights and previleges of civilized human beings provides drama, romance and thrills of a type hitherto not presented on the screen, while simultaneously giving a clear picture of the plight of these exploited people.

Shobharani with her vivacious personality, Vishwas with his ruggedness, give convincing portrayals as Ladi and Ankush respectively. Mahipal gives an equally effective performance in the role of the middle class youth, Manohar, while Gyani makes a real Adivasi chief. In the supporting cast, Nana Palsikar as the Sahukar and Madgulkar as Manohar's father, contribute excellent performances. Kadam's camera-work, Sharma's dialogues and Ram Gangooli's music reflect credit on each of them. The tribal folk songs and dances are an outstanding feature of the film.

"PARAI AAG"

A Tale Of Modern Youth

Great India Pictures' "PARAI AAG" which is now running at Lamington Talkies and Jai Hind Talkies simultaneously, is a tale of modern youth, their ambitions, their desires and modes of behaviour. Their schemes and escapades furnish many a laugh while at the same time poking a finger in our social foibles.

Munawar Sultana, who has made a name for herself in "Majboor" and "Pehli Nazar", gives a vivacious performance in this picture. She figures in the role of the obedient yet indifferent girl of today. Her beauty and acting ability find full scope in this picture. The other girl is put over by Madhubala with a skill that calls for applause. Ulhas and Sheri represent two youths straining their nerves to attempt to reach their ideas. But in doing so they furnish the audience with some wholesome laughs. It is, however, A. Shah (of 'Shikarpuri' fame) representing the older generation who furnishes the majority of the laughs.

Director Najam Naqvi (who has given "Punarmilan" and "Panna") handles the subject very skillfully.

NAYANTARA—Glamorous star of "Hua Savera."

"TOOTE TARE"

Clean Entertainment At Opera House

"Toote Tare," an Omar Khaiyam Films production which is entering its 12th week at the Royal Opera House, belongs to a type of film which one may see with all members of one's family unhesitatingly. It has a suspenseful story and moderately good filmic values by way of good photography, clear sound, and production highlights. It has also a purposeful theme, coupled with entertainment. All these appears to have contributed to the remarkable success of this film which has caused a mild surprise even in film circles. The film does not boast of any exciting dances and exquisite music, nor does it claim any thrilling experience. It does not preach or sermonize, but it entertains in a clean sober way, and this is obviously what the majority of filmgoers belonging to the higher middle classes, generally seek.

Starring Shammim, Mridula, Sheikh Mukhtar, Harish and Kanhayalal, who all fit their roles like the proverbial glove, this film which has been released by the Pearl Pictures, contains sequences which up-hold the dignity of woman without glorifying her, and condemns man's wickedness without victicising him with the result it has turned out to be entertaining of a wholesome kind, which has kept the house packed enough to make the film going for a long time to come.

FIRST YEAR OF INDEPENDENCE

A one reel side attraction at the Royal Opera House is the documentary news-reel entitled 'Azad Hind Ki Salgirah' produced by D. B. Divekar of the Bombay Film Laboratories. This reel shows the march of events in our country from 15th August 1947 to 15th August 1948, in vivid sequences.

"PADMINI"

Tragi-Comedy At Majestic

The popular hero of the screen, Ashok Kumar plays opposite glamorous Mumtaz Shanti in the romantic picture "Padmini" a Wali Saheb production, which is running to packed houses at the Majestic.

In the story Ashok Kumar figures as an engine driver on the road side who fall in love at the first sight of a beautiful, village girl whose part is played by Mumtaz Shanti. A joke creates misunderstanding which drives the hero to another girl whom he married. But the real climax comes when the hero discoveres the joke—when too late!

In supporting roles are Mumtaz Ali, the dancer, Neelam, the girl who skilfully plays the part of the wife of the hero and A. Shah the country-doctor. As the careiake: of a grown up boy Sampson acts very well.

The musical score of this picture which was produced at the Bombay Talkies Studios has been contributed by the Vizaed Gulam Haider.

'SATI VIJAYA'

M. and K. Productions' mythological offering 'SATI VIJAYA' which was released at Krishna last Friday has proved to be a distinct success. Produced by Keki Damania and Minoo Sethna with lavishness, 'SATI VIJAYA' depicts many popular incidents from Ramayana including Indrajit's marriage with the serpent King's daughter, Hanuman's visit to Lanka, the burning of Lanka, Angada's peace mission, the war between Indrajit and Lakshman and the final ordeal of Indrajit's wife who gives away her life.

The picture is noteworthy for the performances by Ratnamala and Kishore Kumari.

A Festival Scene in Rajkamal's "Banwasi", which had its premiere at New West End on Thursday.

'BAGHDAD KA CHOR'

Spectacular Picture Of Magic And Adventure

"BAGHDAD KA CHOR", the gorgeous technicolor picture in Hindi, packed with magic, mystery and adventures of a most hair-raising character, is running in its third week now, simultaneously at the Excelsior and Minerva theatres, drawing crowded houses at every show.

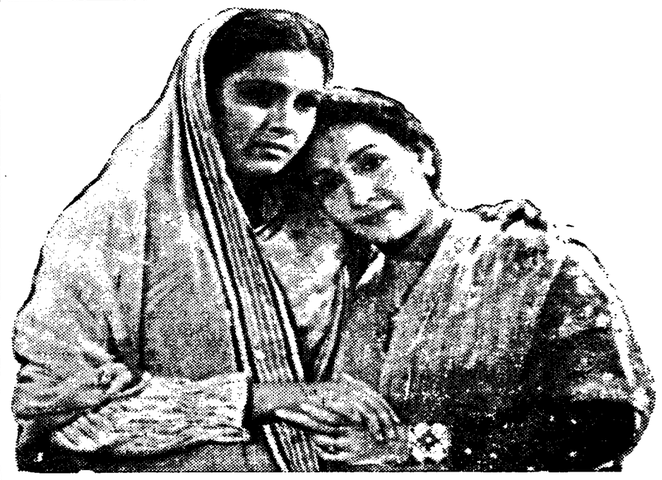
The famous Indian star of Hollywood, Sabu, figures in the role of the marvellous boy-thief, whose daring exploits make the spectators repeatedly gave in wonder and awe. The splendour of medieval Baghdad and Bussrah is presented on the screen in a most realistic and spectacular manner. The picture provides a feast of enjoyment specially to the younger generation.

"GUNSUNDARI"

Ajit Picture Scores Everywhere

Ajit's maiden production "GUNSUNDARI" is the first picture in Gujerati ti celebrate its Silver Jubilee in Bombay. It was withdrawn from Swastik after a successful run of twenty-nine weeks and it now draws crowds at the Edward where it is running in its thirty-third combined week. This picture has had equally great success in Surat, where too it has celebrated its silver jubilee.

Very soon it will score another such victory in Baroda. Thus, the picture has carried for itself a niche in the history of the Film Industry, by its outstanding merits.



SHAMIM and MRIDULA, are featured in "Toote Tare".

GREETED HILARIOUSLY BY VAST AUDIENCES....
PUNJAB FILM CORPORATION'S
PADMINI
Starring: ASHOK KUMAR, MUMTAZ SHANTI with MUMTAZ ALI
Direction: WALI SAHEB Music: GHULAM HAIDER
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m. Sat., Sun., Holidays 12-15 p.m.
4TH WEEK (A JAGADISH Release) MAJESTIC

"HUA SAVERA"

Symbolic Picture Of Frèe India

Jivan Kala Chitra's idealistic picture "Hua Savera" is scheduled for release from next Friday at the National and Daulat theatres in the heart of the city and a he Neptune in Bandra.

The picture unfolds scenes of the simple and peaceful life which Independent India is destined to witness in the atmosphere of freedom which she is now breathing. Thus symbolic theme has been handled in a very capable manner by producer Hiralal Patel. The picture has been directed by Kulbhushan, the music being provided by Gyan Dutt.

The cast is headed by Navantara, Sapru and Premkant in the principal roles, supported by Hira Savant, Dar Kashmiri and others.

"CHANDRASEKHAR"

Bankim's Historical Novel On The Screen

Bankim Chandra Chatterjee, the author of "Vande Mataram" song, wrote a thrilling novel of the conditions obtaining in Bengal after the battle of Plassy. This interestingly patriotic novel comes to the screen in Pioneer Pictures' "CHANDRASEKHAR", which is booked for release from Friday the 27th instant at the Capitol.

The British were trying to lay the foundations of the Indian Empire, after the battle of Plassy. Some patriotic sons of India saw the peril of their liberty and decided to oppose it. One such soul was Pratap. Being baffled in his love for Sahibalini (whom he could not marry because of the social customs) he joins the Nawab in his fight against the British. It was a loosing battle, but all the same Pratap tried to put a valiant opposition.

Director Debki Bose has made an exceedingly thrilling picture of the novel. India of the olden historical times is brought forth in all its glory of emotion. Every situation is permeated with patriotic feelings. The story affords a fine material to the inventive genius of Debki Bose to make an allegoric tale of India in Bondage.

Screenland's great favourites, Ashok Kumar and Kanan Devi, are co-starred for the first time and both put on magnificient performances. Amongst the cast are the 2 top-noters Bharati Devi and Chhabi Biswas, who also give fine performance.

"MAJBOOR"

Unique Popularity Of Bombay Talkies' Picture

Bombay Talkies' latest offering, "Majboor," has proved to be another successful production in their long train of jubilee hits. It is running to crowded houses in its 22nd week at Kamal Talkies, Bombay. At Poona, Sholapur, Surat, Allahabad, Dehra Dun, Bangalore and Mysore, it has proved to be an equally great success.

Its moving story is interspersed with laughable incidents which go to make the picture a highly enjoyable one, without a single dull moment in it. Shyam, Munnawar Sultana, Indu, Sohan are the artistes who have contributed primarily to the great popularity of this film.

The UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD.
ESTD. 1919.
Head Office:
Apollo Street, Fort,
BOMBAY
Paid-up Capital Rs 40,00,000
Reserve & other Funds R 21,00,000
Deposits on 31-12-47 Over Rs 5,00,00,000
DIRECTORS:
M. S. Captain, Esq.. (Chairman);
Lachmandas Harkchand Daga, Esq., K.R.P Shroff Esq. Framroze Hormusji Mehta, Esq., Sir B. N. Karanjia, Kt., Debi Prasad Goenka, Esq., Devji Rattansey, Esq Jacob Benjamin Elias, Esq.
All kinds of banking business transacted.
F. K. F. NARIMAN,
Manager

NATH BANK LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE:—CALCUTTA
AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 80,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL .....OVER Rs. 53,61,000
BOMBAY BRANCH—AMAR BUILDING, PHIROZESHAH MEHTA ROAD FORT, BOMBAY 1.
ZAVERI BAZAR BRANCH—171, SHEIK MEMON STREET
Other Branches at all important centres
London Agents: .....M/S BARCLAYS BANK LTD.
Australian Agents: ..... M/S BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES, SYDNEY
P. R. GANGULY, Manager, Bombay Branch.
K. N. DALAL, Managing Director

"SILOVER" & "EVERSILVER" Brand
"STAINLESS STEEL UTENSILS" OF ALL TYPES
OUR SPECIALITIES
1. TIFFIN CARRIERS. 2. ENTRY DISHES. 3. SOAP BOXES. 4. KNIVES. 5. LOTION BOWLS. 6. BUCKETS. 7. GINDYS. 8. ASH POTS. 9. COAT BUTTONS
W. R. TALWALKER
LENTIN CHAMBERS, DALAL STREET. FORT, BOMBAY. Tele. 30367.
STOCKISTS.
1 Messrs. JHAVERI Bros. Dhobi Talao.
2 Messrs. CITY STORES Girgaum.
3 Messrs SWASTIK SWADESHI BAZAR Vithalbhai Patel Road,
4. Messrs HINDUSTHAN STORES, Chowpatty.
5. Messrs. TEMBE & CO., Tailors 1st Hindu Colony, Dadar.

DHANWANTHARY VAIDYASALA
H O THODUPUZHA (TRAVANCORE)
BRANCH: 57, THAMBU CHETTY STREET, MADRAS
AND OTHER BRANCHES:—
BRANCHES: ALLEPPEY, ALWAYE, ATTINGAL, COCHIN, CALICUT, CHANGANACHERRY, EDAPPALLY, ERNAKULAM, ERATTUPETTA, KAYAMKULAM, KANJAR, KOTTAYAM, KOTTARAKARA, KOTHAMANGALAM, KOOTHATTUKULAM, MAVELIKARA, MUNDAKAYAM, MUVATTUPUZHA, NAGARCOIL, NEYYOOR, PALAKAD, PARUR, PERUMBAVOOR, PIRAVOM, PONKUNNAM, POONJAR, PANDALAM, PUNALUR, QUILON, SHERTALAI, THIRUVALLA, TELLICHERRY, TRIPUNITHURA, TRIVANDRUM, WARKOM, AND VAZHAKULAM

OUR SPECIALITIES
CHAVANAPRASA: An Excellent Body builder and Nervine Tonic Cures Lung and Heart Disease in Short. Use of this Chavanaprasa will rejuvenate the entire system.
KSHEERABALA 101 TIMES MEDICATED
A RADICAL CURE FOR ANY KIND OF RHEUMATIC COMPLAINTS IN ANY STAGE AND GIVES A GOOD STRENGTH WITHIN A SHORT TIME
OUR SPECIALITIES
DASAMOOLARISTAM
A General Tonic highly excellent Tonic for Seminal Weakness Cough, Asthma fever, Consumption, Piles, Vomitting, less appetite General debility, and Gastric complaints
WRITE FOR FREE CATALOGUE IN ENGLISH OR MALAYALAM
DHANWANTHARY VAIDYASALA
H.O. THODUPUZHA, (TRAVANCORE STATE)

REWARD £500
"OTOGEN" (Herbal Tonic) prepared by PARKER & DAVIS gives surprising increase in vitality and energy within the first 24 hours. It makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It is useful for loss of vigour, weak memory and body nervousness, impure blood, sickly skin depression, insomnia, giddiness, mental or physical exhaustion, etc. It will increase your height from 2 to 4 inches and your weight will be increased from 5 to 10 lbs. The Roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100 p.c. The brilliance and lustre on your face, will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh. "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips, it darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life. Use of "OTOGEN" in severe cases of falling hair, dandruff and baldness, is highly recommended.
"OTOGEN" was tried by Prof. A. P. PARKER upon emaciated male patient aged above 100 years. Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation a patient of 100 years of age gained the health of a 30 years young man. The actors and actresses are active, young looking and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age, and are enthusiastically working on the stage. The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth and preserves schoolgirl complexion all along. For males in their period of youth "OTOGEN" wards of premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age. It is most wonderful invention of the Twentieth Century and the EIGHTH WONDER OF THE WORLD. After taking "OTOGEN" ladies get back that Rose-Bud Beauty and charming figure of school-girl age. Lighter, brighter, luckier days are in store for both men and women who start using "OTOGEN". Start taking "OTOGEN" immediately and live for 100 years young, fit strong and healthy with roses on the face. It is the most wonderful invention ever prepared in the history of Medical Science. Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves Moreover before commencing the test, weigh yourself look in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel and appreciate the effects of taking "OTOGEN"
In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India the price is to be Rs. 5/- only per box with directions for a very short period, after sometime its original price of Rs. 30/- will be charged. Order today for to-morrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of present conditions.
GUARANTEE:—A cash Reward of 500 pounds shall be awarded to any Scientist or Medical Man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention.
NOTE:—Unlike other Rejuvenators "OTOGEN" is the only one of its kind which yields equally splendid results even in the extremes of heat of Tropical Summers or in Winter or any other mild and temperate climate. Under burning heat of SUMMER SUN when you are at ZERO "OTOGEN" is also an Excellent Restorative.
We have removed our BRANCH from LAHORE and our office has been shifted from ENGLAND to INDIA from 15th August 1947.
Sold by leading Chemists and Stores or available direct from—
OTOGEN LABORATORIES Props: PARKER & DAVIS
POST BOX 447, BOMBAY.
SERVICE. (BOMBAY) 0645

DID YOU EVER SEE SUCH CROWDS FOR ANY PICTURE in 12th WEEK?

OMARKHAIYAM FILMS

TOOTE TARE

PEARL RELEASE

SHAMIM, MRIDULLA

OPERA HOUSE 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

Also showing: Sun. 12-45

"AZAD-HIND-KI-SALGRIHA"

WATCH THE WIZARD!

SABU in BAGDAD KA CHOR

FIRST TECHNICOLOR OF HINDUSTAN

3RD WEEK—HOUSES FULL!

EXCELSIOR

Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30

Plans Open

MINERVA

3-30, 6-30 & 9-30

Sun. Hol. Mat at 12-30

Ad Bkg. Daily 10 to 12

* * * * * * * * * * *

REGAL

(Air-Cooled & Comfortable)

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

MARGARET LOCKWOOD

IAN HUNTER

in a tense dramatic thriller!

"THE WHITE UNICORN"

added attraction

Exclusive Full Length Short of

INDIA'S MAGNIFICENT VICTORY

in the

"OLYMPIC HOCKEY FINAL"

Sunday Morning at 10

By Public Demand!

"THE PRIVATE LIFE OF HENRY VIII

Charles Laughton.

* * * * * * * * * * * * *

SHOWING CROWDED!

HIND-MATA

— PAREL —

Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.

Matinee: Sat Sun. 1 p.m.

JAYANT DESAI'S

HEERA

Paro, Mubarak, Ishwarlal

Sun. Morn. 9-30 a.m.

SPY SMASHERS

(Serial)

Mohan Bagan Draws With Bhowanipore In I.F.A. Shield Final

CALCUTTA, August 20.

The Final match between Mohan Bagan and Bhowanipore in the I.F.A. Shield Tournament ended in a draw today, each side scoring once.

The replay will come off tomorrow on the same venue, the Calcutta Football Club ground.

This was the ninth time in the history of the I.F.A. Shield that the final ended in a draw.

A mammoth crowd witnessed the match Dr K. N. Katju, Governor of West Bengal, was present, and the teams were introduced to him.

The ground was slushy and both sides found considerable difficulty in keeping the ball in control. Mohan Bagan, who are the Holders of the Shield, could not settle down during the whole 50 minutes of play and concentrated more on defence. Nayar, however, worked like a Trojan, and brought about a number of movements, 6cleverly getting possession of the ball and then despatching it to the best placed forward of his side. Bhowanipore adapted themselves better to the turf condition than their opponents, and once they had adjusted their foothold, their forwards combined well with short pausing movements which brought play into their opponent's danger zone

Play in the first half was colourless and the Cup Tie atmosphere was missing Some attempts were made at scoring but the shots were mostly feeble. Neither Goalkeeper had to handle a single stiff shot, and the score board was blank at the end of the first half.

On resumption the game became more interesting. In the fourth minute Sinha penetrated the Mohan Bagan defence and looked a scorer but Pal stopped him at the cost of a corner

Two minutes later Raschid picked up a pass from Mazumdar, and finding Slim unmarked, immediately passed the ball to him. The latter hesitated, but succeeded in scoring with a shot that was none too powerful, thus giving Mohan Bagan the lead.

Bhowanipore sixteenth minute when Sinha, playing now at right extreme, collected a half-hearted clearance by a Mohan Bagan defender and lodged the ball at the goal mouth. N. Roy, who was in the thick of the players inside the penalty area, succeeded in sending in a lightning grounder which beat Banerjee though he fung himself full length.

Five minutes earlier Raschid was unlucky in failing to increase the lead when Ismail made a soft clearance. Rashid's shot off the drop whizzed over the cross piece from only five yards out.

Within the closing five minutes of play Banerjee effected two saves both of which bordered on the marvellous and thus saved Mohan Bagan from defeat.

The gate receipts amounted to Rs. 30,400 the match was in aid of local charities.

TEAMS:

MOHAN BAGAN: C. Banerjee; Dr. Kumar and D. Pal; A. Dey, Nayar and A. Ghose; D. Roy, Selim, Rashid, A. Muzumdar and A. Das Gupta.

BHOWANIPORE: Ismail; P. Barua and Latif; N. Barua, Amin and D. Guha; Tareque, N. Roy, R. Sinha, N. Bose and S. Das.

REFEREE: N. Sen.

P.V.M TABLE TENNIS

BOMBAY, Friday.

Interesting matches were witnessed this evening at the P.V.M. Gymkhana when in their Open Table Tennis tournament, the "last four" stage was reached in the Women's Doubles event.

Mrs. Gool Nasikwala in partnership with Enid Bocarro, won her match with great ease and qualified to play in the Semi-final of the Womens' Doubles. In the most interesting encounter in this event, Mrs. Mani Bharucha and Miss Dhun Munshi managed to settle the claims of Mrs. Rachel Solomon and Miss Dhun Mistri after four well-fought out games had been played.

In addition to the Womens' Doubles quarter-finals, the second round of the Mixed Doubles was also decided this evening, resulting in victories for the fancied pairs with perhaps the solitary exception of one match in which J. S. Patkar partnered by Mrs. R. Solomon lost to N. B. Mistri and Mrs. Mani Bharucha, but not before they were extended fully to three games.

The following are the results:

WOMENS' DOUBLES

QUARTER-FINALS: Mrs. Gool Nasikwala and Miss Enid Bocarro beat Miss P. Billimoria and Miss M. Kanga, 21-15, 21-5, 21-15; Mrs. Mani Bharucha and Miss Dhun Munshi beat Mrs. Rachel Solomon and Miss Dhun Mistri, 21-10, 20-22, 21-14, 21-15; Miss Jaya Walawalkar and Miss S. Dharap beat Miss K. Ghadiali and Miss J. Ghadiali, 21-17, 21-12, 22-20; Mrs. Meera Gajendrasingh and Miss Rhoda Shroff beat Miss G. Tarapore and Miss K. Mistri, 16-21, 21-16, 21-17, 21-16.

MIXED DOUBLES

SECOND ROUND: K. S. Cooper and Mrs. Meera Gajendrasingh beat A. Joosab and Miss Amina Joosab, 21-17 21-10; J. Sidhwa and Miss Piroja Irani beat P. Daruwalla and Miss Jalloo Ghadiali, 21-13 21-16; N. B. Mistri and Mrs. Mani Bharucha beat J. S Patkar and Mrs. Rachel Solomon 19-21, 21-15 21-13; M. V. S. Vittal and Miss Rhoda Shroff beat R. Shroff and Miss Villoo Shroff, 21-14, 21-19, K B Nagarkatti and Miss G. Tarapore beat A. Bharucha and Miss D. Bharucha, 21-13, 21-10, H. M. Khanchand and Mrs. Gool Nasikwalla beat B. Umrigar and Miss K. Mistri, 21-11, 21-16; O. Dyer and Miss Enid Bocarro w.o. J. K. Umrigar and Partner; A. I. Jacob and Miss Dhun Mistri w.o "E" Pair.

FIXTURES FOR SATURDAY

5-30 p.m. Quarter-finals of Women's Singles followed by the Quarter-finals of Mixed Doubles.

Mrs. Meera Gajendrasingh and Miss Rhoda Shroff, a very formidable pair were extended to four games by Miss G. Tarapore and Miss K. Mistri.

RANGERS EASY VICTORY

Harwood League Football

BOMBAY, Friday.

RANGERS	4
FIRESTONES	1

Playing against the Firestopes in the Harwood League at the Cooperage this evening the Rangers had little difficulty in prevailing over them with the score at 4-1 in their favour. The solitary goal that the Firestones scored against their opponents was obtained during the closing minutes of play when Eusebio reduced the arrears.

Although they were ahead with only a goal during the interval, the Rangers always looked easy winners from the very start. Even the first goal that they scored was not quite such a one as to have got past custodian McGready had he not flirted with the shot. Even so the front line of the Rangers kept up a constant pressure against their rivals and when in the second half their defence wilted, the winners helped themselves three more goals. Santiago and LeFebour scored a goal each while Beasley got two.

On their left flank the Rangers had a useful player in Waghela who put in a number of good runs using both speed and centering ability rather well.

For the lesers inside-left Martins alone was conspicuous by the good work that he did for his side which for the greater part of the match was struggling against the tide.

THE TEAMS:

RANGERS: Mendonca; Wilson and Farooqui; Woodcock, "McMurray and Stanley, Santiago Alexander, Beasley, LeFebour and Waghela.

Firestones: McGready; Pinto and Fernandes; Aziz, Vasant and Carvalho, Roberts, Sunder, Eusebio, Martins and Salvador.

Saturday evening at 5-35 p.m. Trades vs Goans.

G.S.M. PREVAIL IN INTER-COLLEGIATE FOOTBALL

BOMBAY, Friday.

The G.S.M. College won a three-one victory over the Wilson College this evening in the inter-Collegiate Football Tournament. Wagh, Chakravarty and Sundaram scored for the winners while Michael netted for the losers.

Saturday evening at 3-20 p.m. Sydenham vs St. Xavier's.

ALLAHABAD FOOTBALL

ALLAHABAD, August 20, (API): The Lucknow Loco entered the Semifinal of the All-India Cheney Football Tournament by defeating Delhi Moghuls by two goals to nil.

Favourites Win In C. C. I. Badminton

BOMBAY, Friday.

There was absolutely nothing to enthuse over, in Friday's encounters in the C.C.I. Badminton Championships. Results panned out according to expectations, and on the whole, class, Badminton was at a discount. S/S. Nerurkar and Miss Homai Dubash combined well to put out on useful pair, on paper, in Vijay Madgaokar and Mrs. Athaide. Madgaokar, however, showed an utter lack of knowledge of the mixed doubles game and although Mrs. Athaide put a stout-hearted performance, there was little she could do to prevent a rout at the hands of their youthful opponents.

The following are the results:

JUNIOR GIRLS' SINGLES

Miss B. Ballard beat Miss I. Masse 11-9; 11-4; Miss K Wankadiya beat Miss G. Marshall 11-8 11-4; Miss M. Taylor beat Miss A. Surveyor 11-2, 11-0; Miss R. Joseph beat Miss M. Oomrigar 4-11, 12-11, 12-10; Miss P. Killen beat Miss P. Paul 11-12, 12-11, 11-5; Miss R. Vimadalal beat Miss M. Farias 11-3, 11-5

MEN'S SINGLES

C. R. Sawant beat H. A. Sattar 15-2 15-4; M. J. Antia beat R. Panwalker 10-15, 15-6, 15-6; G. S. Kalyanpur beat N. J. Mangalvedhakar 18-16, 15-6.

MIXED DOUBLES

C. J. D'Souza and Miss I. Vaz w.o. Mrs. R. Guzdar and Partner; M. K. Bhopardikar and Miss V. Oak beat P. N. Khambatta and Miss M. Canteenwalla 15-10, 15-5; C. K. Menon and Mrs. M. R. Rao beat B. Katara and Miss Z. Hussein 15-1, 15-7; S. S. Nerurkar and Miss H. Dubash beat Vijay Madgaokar and Mrs. Athaide 15-8, 15-6; S. Dinker Rao and Miss S. Moloobhoy beat C B. Kalappa and Mrs. Hussein 15-11, 15-7; Bhoja Ullal and Partner w.o. "C" Pair; A. G. Kalyanpurkar and Miss Sindhu Phansalkar beat G. S. Kalyanpur and Miss Varde 15-2, 15-11; M. Ferreira and Miss B. Farias beat M. R. Shah and Miss Y. Kapadia 15-0; 15-5.

FIXTURES FOR SATURDAY

Court No. 1

4-00 P.M. Rachel Meyers vs Betty Ballard.

4-20 P.M. Khush Vankadia vs Madeleine Taylor.

4-40 P.M. Vijay Madgaokar vs B. P. Koppikar.

5-00 P.M. O. Alves vs. G. S. Kalyanpur.

5-20 P.M. Miss S. S. Phansalkar vs Mrs. P. Athaide.

5-40 P.M. Miss B. Farias vs Miss T. Vakeel.

6-00 P.M. Miss Moloobhoy and Miss I. Merchant vs Miss B. Saldhanha and Miss B. Vakil.

6-20 P.M. Miss M. R. Chinoy and Miss G. Lewis vs Miss M. M. Jayakar and Miss M. J. Canteenwala.

6-40 P.M. A. V. Ullal and B. V. Ullal vs S. S. Nerurkar and T. Fernandes.

7-00 P.M. M. N. Desai and B. R. Agaskar vs O. Alves and D. S. Kumble

7-20 P.M. J. H. Shodhan and P. N. Khambata vs Vijay Madgaokar and C. B. Kalappa.

7-40 P.M. G. S. Kalyanpur and C. P. Merchant vs Davinder Mohan and G. Lewis.

Court No. 2

4-00 P.M. Rochelle Joseph vs Patricia Killen.

4-20 P.M. Roshan Vimadalal vs Nirmal Paul.

4-40 P.M. P. S. Nilkant vs D. B. Sidhwa.

5-00 P.M. E. M. Fernandes vs Cataldo Dias.

5-20 P.M. K. M. Rangnekar vs A. V. Baakza.

5-40 P.M. C. R. Sawant vs N. J. Antia.

6-00 P.M. Gregory Fernandes vs. A. G. Kalyanpurkar.

6-20 P.M. Clarence De Soysa vs R. A. Dongre.

6-40 P.M. M. K. Bhopardikar and M. S. Patil vs D. R. Gadgil and V. C. Dutt (Men's Doubles).

7-00 P.M. H. Ferreira and Miss B. Farias vs B. R. Agaskar and Partner. or M. Saraf and Miss V. Shroff.

7-20 P.M. M. S. Patil and Miss Kusum R. Shirod vs N. J. Antia and Miss B. Vakeel.

India Meets Canada In Thomas Cup Badminton

PARTICIPATION IN AMERICAN ZONE CAUSES COMMENT

CHICAGO, August 18, (U.P.A.): Warren Wheary, President of the American Badminton Association, said today that he has glad India was entered in the Thomas Cup play but added, "I cannot figure out why India is challenged in the United States zone. Maybe they want to see the United States and Canada or maybe they feel they have a better chance of winning in this zone but really they should not be in this zone since they are so far away"

This will be the first competition for the cup donated in 1940 by Sir George Thomas since the war intervened. There are three world zones—the American, European and Pacific. India will play Canada first at a site not yet selected. The winner will play the United States by December 14. That winner enters the zonal playoff in London, in the week of February 21.

Wheary leaves Thursday for Seattle to discuss the location of the matches with the Canadians.

Kukuljevic For North Of England Tennis Final

Defeats Holder In Two Straight Games

SCARBOROUGH (Yorkshire), Aug. 20, (Reuter): Ignacy Tloczyski of Poland, holder of the title for the past two years, was beaten in a semi-final of the Men's Singles in the North of England Lawn Tennis Championships today, F. Kukuljevic of India winning 6/2, 6/4.

The Pole had a 3-0 lead in the second set but failed to maintain the pace against a forceful player who attacked most of the time. Kukuljevic will meet G. D. Orkely, a Sussex player, in the Final tomorrow.

WORLD PHYSICAL CULTURE CONGRESS

NAGPUR, August 20, (A.P.I.): The question of sending an Indian Team of Athletes to attend the World Physical Culture Congress meeting in Stockholm next month is expected to be decided at the meeting of the National Council of the All-India Physical Education Conference which is scheduled to meet here on September 3 and 4.

Physical Education Experts from all over India and the Representatives of the various Provincial Governments, States and Universities are expected to attend this meeting. The meeting will discuss and formulate a scheme for the expansion of Physical Education.

The compilation of a Manual of Physical Education is, also due for consideration at this meeting.

Mills To Fight South African Ralph

12 Round Bout Before Meeting Lesnevich

LONDON, August 20, (UPA): The World Lightheavyweight Champion, Freddie Mills, has been signed up to meet South Africa's Heavyweight Champion Johnny Ralph before taking on Gus Lesnevich of the United States in a return bout, it was disclosed today.

Mills' manager, Ted Broadribb, said Ralph had been promised a bout with Mills "before anything was said about the fight with Lesnevich in New York.

Broadribb revealed the Englishman and South African are to meet over 12 rounds in Johannesburg, South Africa, November 6 or 13.

The stadium has a capacity of 20,000 and Mills is to receive 35 per cent of the gate.

The contract with Ralph provides Mills leaves for Johannesburg by October 10.

English League Soccer

Preston Signs Bob Langton And Strengthens Side

LONDON, Aug. 20 (Reuter): A week earlier than usual, English League Soccer starts tomorrow with high hopes that the last record season may be equalled, if not excelled. It is estimated that the grand kick off of the 44 League Matches will be watched by over one million people if the weather keeps fine.

Once again the country's needs have been studied and big mid-week Football in working hours will not be played. League and Cup Programmes will only be carried out on Saturdays and Public Holidays with the exception of the long evenings at the beginning and end of the season when mid-week games will be allowed.

The wet summer may have been a nuisance to cricketers but it is a blessing for footballers. They will be able to start the season on soft yielding grounds, which will enable them to show their true form early.

It will also prevent the crop of injuries which occurred early last season when the programme started on hard surfaces following the drought and brilliant summer.

Twenty-four hours before the start Preston North End have strengthened their side by making a big capture. They have signed Bob Langton, Blackburn Rovers English International outside left, and it is possible that Preston, often referred to as the Team of Scots, may supply North Wingers for England this season. Their outside right is Tom Finney who has played for England on both wings.

Langton asked Blackburn for a transfer and negotiations were almost completed with Newcastle United when his wife said she did not want to live there. Now, however, there is little to worry about because Preston is nearer to the Langton home than Blackburn was.

Preston are believed to have paid more than 12,000 sterling for Langton in cash and also given Blackburn David Gray, right full-back, who is valued at 8,000 sterling.

DAVIS CUP INTER ZONAL FINAL

BOSTON, (Massachusets), August 19 (Reuter): Australia gained a 3-0 lead over Czechoslovakia on the opening day of the Davis Cup inter-zone final here.

Adrian Quist, the Australian Champion beat the Czech second string, Vladimir Cernik 6-2, 13-11, 6-0.

In the second singles Australia's number two player, Bill Sidwell beat the Czech, ace left-hander Jaroslav Drobny 6-3, 6-2, 9-11, 14-12.

GIMBLETT HITS UP 310 RUNS AGAINST SUSSEX

Glamorgan Practically Assured Of County Cricket Championship

LONDON, August 20 (Reuter): Two great individual feats were performed in the series of County matches ended today. On the batting side Harold Gimblett, 33 years old Somerset opening batsman, today hit the highest score in England since 1939 when he made 310 against Sussex. Yesterday, John C. Clay, 50 years old England Test Selector and Glamorgan right arm spin bowler, took ten Surrey wickets for 66 runs to take the bowling honours of the series.

Gimblett's 310 beat the 290 of Arthur Morris, of Australia, in July this year, and was the highest Somerset individual score ever made, beating the 292 of L. C. Palairet against Hampshire in 1896. Gimblett was at the wicket for just over seven and a half hours and hit two sixes and 37 fours. The Somerset total of 584 for eight declared was only two short of the biggest score of the season, recorded by Glamorgan.

Clay's great bowling was mainly instrumental in giving Glamorgan victory by an innings, a victory which brought them a lead of twelve points in the Championship race, and dealt a severe blow to Surrey's hopes of honours. Clay took five wickets for 15 runs in Surrey's first innings and five for 51 in the second.

Biggest finishing thrill of today was at Leicester, where Lancashire beat the home side by four runs. Leicester, needing 124 to win, were 74 for two in their second innings at one stage, but Dick Pollard and Bill Roberts scattered the later wickets to gain their side a great victory. Pollard took 5 for 60 and Roberts three for 27.

Rain interfered with several matches, including Yorkshire's game against Worcestershire, in which Yorkshire were anxious to score a win and keep themselves in the Championship race. Not a ball was bowled today, and so Yorkshire failed to gain a point. Derbyshire and Middlesex also failed to take a point from their match.

Glamorgan's great victory became the more valuable with their near rivals upset.

Glamorgan now lead the table with 160 points, followed by Derbyshire, 148 Surrey 144, Yorkshire 140 and Middlesex 136 each. Glamorgan have two matches still to play, Derbyshire one, Surrey three and Yorkshire three. The briskest piece of scoring in this series was achieved by Leslie Ames who is in his second benefit year, for Kent against Gloucester. Playing the Gloucester bowling to make 212 at one time he hit 93 out of 102 in an hour reaching his first hundred in two hours 40 minutes, he dominated the attack and took only 70 minutes over his second. When eventually he was caught in the deep he had obtained 121 out of the sixth wicket partnership.

Leicestershire's defeat by Lancashire was brought about on the last ball off the day by a catch on the boundary by Nigel Howard which dismissed P Corrall. If Howard had missed the catch the hit would have gone for six to bring victory to Leicestershire.

County Cricket

LONDON, Aug. 20 (Reuter): The following are the results of the county cricket matches which ended today:

At Nottingham: Hampshire beat Nottinghamshire by two wickets NOTTINGHAM 179 and 171. HAMPSHIRE 141 and 214 for 8 wickets.

At Worcester: Worcestershire vs. Yorkshire match was abandoned as no play was possible today owing to rain. WORCESTERSHIRE 231 and 133 for 5 wickets. YORKSHIRE 218.

At Coventry: Warwickshire beat Middlesex by 10 wickets. MIDDLESEX 169 and 192 (Pritchard 5 for 40). WARWICKSHIRE 346 and 19 for no loss.

At Eastbourne: Sussex vs Somerset Match was Drawn.

SUSSEX 434 for 9 declared and 79 for 2 wickets. SOMERSET 584 for 8 declared (Gimblett 310, Cooper 89).

At Dover: Kent vs Gloucestershire Match was Drawn. GLOUCESTER 295 and 216 for 5 wickets (Graveney 75, Allen 83). KENT 434.

At Derby: Derbyshire vs Essex Match was Drawn. ESSEX 299 and 164 for 8 declared (Horsfall 61). DERBYSHIRE 194 and 138 for 4 (Elliott not out 57).

At Leicester: Lancashire beat Leicestershire by four runs. LANCASHIRE 283 and 122 (Sperry 4 for 38). LEICESTERSHIRE 282 and 119 (Pollard 5 for 60, Roberts 3 for 27).

Selections For Today's Poona Races

Prince Of Ramgarh And Arowhena Greatly Fancied In Respective Trials

(By Our Racing Correspondent).

The following are my selections for today's Poona races:

1st Race:
MR. O. K — Win
AMAN — Next Best

2nd Race:
ONCE AGAIN — Win
JANE JIGAR — Next Best

3rd Race:
BLUE LOTUS — Win
BOLD BANDIT — Next Best

4th Race:
PRINCE OF RAMGARH — Win
BALAM — Next Best

5th Race:
JAIWANT — Win
SISTER VINCENT — Next Best

6th Race:
CHIN UP — Win
COURAGE — Next Best

7th Race:
AROWHENA — Win
FITMA — Next Best

8th Race:
BRILLIANT SUNSHINE — Win
GINGER LADY — Next Best

Choice Treble:
PRINCE OF RAMGARH
JAIWANT
AROWHENA

Flukes:
DRAGON SEED
ROLLS ROYCE

ACCEPTANCES

THE GWALIOR PLATE—Div. II.

Aman 9-0, Bhishma 8-12, Stylish Lady 8-11; Army and Navy 8-9; Coeur d'Or 8-6; Lady Cleopatra 8-6; Mr. O. K. 8-4; Damyanti 8-4; Mardan 8-3; Pound Note 8-2; Valiant Prince 8-2, Banshee 8-1.

THE SHRIGONDA PLATE.

Jane Jigar 9-2; Rim Jhim 8-5; Malakeh 8-11; Once Again 8-4; Dragon Seed 8-3; The Judge 8-3; Maid of Honour 7-8; Big Three 7-4.

THE GHORPURI PLATE

Bold Bandit 9-0; Blue Lotus 8-11; Ajinkya Tara II 8-7; Royal Challenge 7-13; Padmini Devi 7-12; Majestic 7-12; Bold Choice 7-9; Queens Bess 7-8; Mail Fist 7-5; Vikram Aditya 7-4; Sweetest Desire 7-3, Leo 7-0; Home Spun 7-0.

THE COLTS TRIAL.

Prince of Ramgarh 9-3; Balam 9-0; Khundil 9-0; Sprang Chicken 8-11; C.G.H.H. 8-11; Gay Pilot 8-11; Rashtrapati 8-11; Little John 8-7; Wet Bob 8-7; King Sheridan 8-7; Dhun 8-7.

THE CRITERION.

Deepak Mahal 9-7; Jaiwant 8-11; Laxmi Vilas 9-2; Sireon 8-12; Coup d'Etat 8-5; Flying Home 8-2; Quality 7-13; Sister Vincent 7-9; Sunbathing 7-7.

THE GWALIOR PLATE—Div I.

Nirvana 9-0; Doodal Dandy 8-13; Game Bid 8-13; Courage 8-12; Freewill 8-11; Ariel Mail 8-11; Rolls Royce 8-9; Fast Worker 8-7; Chin-Up 8-4; Golden Horn 8-3; Magnolia 8-3; Embarkation 8-2.

THE FILLIES TRIAL.

Liberty Belle 9-0; Arowhena 8-11, Vie On 8-11; Fitna 8-11; Star Saphire 8-11; Peggotty 8-11; Laila 8-11; Sweet Maryla 8-11; Mirella 8-11; Kalpna 8-7; Brave Anna 8-7; Supriya 8-7; Shahistah 8-7.

THE SIRUR PLATE.

Lalaji 9-4; Nicotine 9-2; Bashir 9-2; Star in a Million 9-2; Prospero 9-1; Taslaroon 9-1; Torrent 9-0; Shamma 8-6; Brilliant Sunshine 8-5; Ginger Lady 8-1; Miss Rutty 7-11; Oormilla 7-11; Yipee 7-9; Bahram Khan 7-7; Moulin Rouge 7-4.

From FRIDAY NEXT 27th AUGUST, 1948

HOW INDIA WROUGHT FOR FREEDOM—

Freedom's 1st Battle in Pioneer Picture,

Chandrasekhar

ASHOK KUMAR, KANAN DEVI, with BHARATI and CHHABI BISWAS

Director: DEBAKI BOSE

FROM FRIDAY NEXT—27th at 2 THEATRES

CAPITOL & BROADWAY

Daily: 9-30 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5-30. Daily 4 to 6 p.m.

Advance Booking from Monday 23rd at both Theatres.

A JAISINH Release.

AN APOSTLE OF PEACE!

MAHATMA GANDHI

Important Events with inspiring music made visible on the Screen!

GANDHIJI

see FULL LENGTH DOCUMENTARY

produced by: PATEL INDIA LTD.,

NOW SHOWING

Book Your Seats.

A SUNRICH RELEASE

SWASTIK

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30, Sunday 12-30 P.M.

NOW SHOWING!

CITY-LIGHT

MATUNGA (B.B.)

Daily: 1-15, 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.

VISHNU CINETONE'S

BHAKTA PRALHAD

ANANT MARATHE, LEELA CHITNIS,

Sun. Morn. 10 a.m.

SRIVALLI (Tamil)

RANJIT'S

BICHHADE BALAM

6th WEEK at

IMPERIAL

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30

Sunday Matinee 1 p.m.

Ad. Booking 10 to 12.

AJIT Release.

NEPTUNE

Opp. Bandra Station. Phone: 89419

Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

Matinee: Sunday 12-30 p.m.

3rd WEEK! FILMISTAN'S

SINDOOR

KISHORE SHAHU, SHAMIM

also "VISHWADEEP BABU"

2nd WEEK!

AN EPIC OF LOVE, DUTY & SACRIFICE!

M. & K. Productions

Mythological Hit

SATI VIJAY

Alias SATI SULOCHANA

Starring RATNAMALA

KISHORE KUMAR, SURYAKANT

Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun. 12-30

KRISHNA

A SELECT RELEASE

The Bombay Chronicle

If elected, I shall see to it that every man has a square deal, no less, and no more.
—THEODORE ROOSEVELT

PRESS LAWS IN INDIA

The Indian Press has played a glorious part in the achievement of Indian Independence. In fact the history of the Freedom movement in India is, to a considerable extent, the history of the struggle of the Indian Press to emancipate itself from the fetters imposed on it by an alien bureaucracy unwilling to part with power. The alien bureaucracy sought to stifle the freedom of the Press because it realized the immense influence the Press excercised in making the national movement for freedom irresistible. With the advent of independence, liberty of the Press must be secured. It must be secured because, without true liberty of the Press the liberties of the people themselves would be endangered and so would the establishment of genuine democracy in the field of economics as well as politics. Having got rid of alien domination we must lay the foundation of free democratic and secular state firmly and truly. The Legislature, the Executive the Judiciary and the Press are the main organs of the State. What are the respective functions of these organs and how they are to be excercised must be clearly understood. Any attempt, from whatever quarter it may come, to restrict or curb the legitimate exercise of these functions by any one of the organs would imperil the State. In totalitarian States the Press is not free and where there is no freedom of the Press democracy cannot flourish. Democracy needs free discussion for its proper functioning and there cannot be free discussion without a free Press. Thus liberty of the Press is as essential to a democracy as authentic democratic Government is essential to the maintenance of the freedom of the Press.

Hence it was that immediately on the attainment of freedom, the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference renewed its oft-repeated demand for the repeal of all repressive laws against the Press and the bringing of Press laws into line with those obtaining in democratic countries like Britain and the U.S.A. It is a gratifying fact that one of the first acts of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Home Minister of the new Government of India was to respond to this demand and to appoint a committee under the chairmanship of Rai Bhadur Ganga Nath, ex-Judge of the Allahabad High Court; to review the Press laws of the country. The Committee wa appointed in March 1947 and it included three ex-Presidents of the 'All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference as well as some members of the Central Legislature. The Committee was asked to examine and report to Government on the laws regulating the Press in the principal countries of the world including India, to review the Press laws in India with a view to examining if they were in accord with the fundamental rights formulated by the Constituent Assembly and to recommend to Government any measures of reform in the Press laws considered expedient upon such review. The reference to fundamental rights, as so far agreed to by the Constituent Assembly, is not very helpful in regard to the revision of the Press laws. The following are the relevant provisions (Article 13) in the Draft Constitution of India:

"(1) Subject to the other provisions of this article all citizens shall have the right (a) to freedom of speech and expression (b) to practice any profession or to carry on any occupation, trade or business..... ...

(2) Nothing in sub-clause (a) of clause (1) of this article shall affect the operation of any existing law, or prevent the State from making any law, relating to libel, slander, defamation, sedition or any other matter which offends against decency or morality or undermines the authority or foundation of the State.....

(6) Nothing in sub-clause (g) of the said clause shall affect the operation of any existing law or prevent the State from making any law imposing, in the interests of public order, morality or health restrictions on the excercise of the right conferred by the said subclause and in particular prescribing or empowering any authority to prescribe the professional or technical qualifications necessary for practising any profession or carrying on any occupation, treck or business"

It will be noticed from the above that the Committee is right in saying that the operation of all existing laws relating to the Press is unaffected by the right to freedom of speech and expression and that the provision of sub-clause (2) of article (3) of the Draft Constitution are so wide that they would cover all the provisions of the existing Press laws except, perhaps, the provision in the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act for demanding security, which may be held to conflict with the right to practise any profession or to carry on any occupation.

As we are making a new experiment of democracy, the decision regarding the limitations on the liberty of the Press can best be arrived at in the light of the experience and pratice of a democracy like Britain or U.S.A. In Britain both democracy and liberty of the Press have grown through conventions and, in the result the British Press is the freest in the world. In the U. S. the Constitution is a written one and it lays down among other things, that the Congress shall make no law abridging the freedom of speech or expression." In that country the Press is not less free than in Britain. That was the reason why the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference demanded that the Press in India should enjoy liberty neither greater nor less than that enjoyed by the Press in Britain or the U. S. A. The Press Laws Enquiry Committee has tried to bring its recommendations in conformity with the spirit of Press Laws in democratic countries. But, evidently, it felt the handicap of one of the terms of reference which required it to review the Press Laws in accordance with the fundamental rights formulated by the Constituent Assembly. For, it says that, in making its recommendations for the repeal, retention, amendment of the specific provisions of the Press Laws of this country it has kept in view the Draft Constitution. That Constitution, in our view, in some respects, unduly restricts fundamental rights and vests too large powers in the legislature and the executive. This has been so because the Constitution was framed at a time when India was passing through one of the greatest crises that have faced any country in history. Though on some important points the Editor members of the Committee differ from the majority view on the main question of repeal or repressive laws the Committees recomendations are unanimous. Thus the Committee recommends the repeal of the Indian States (Protection Against Disaffection) Act of 1922 the Indian States (Protection) Act of 1934 and above all, the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act of 1931. It also recommends that section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code should not be applied to the Press and that separate provision should if necessary, be made by law for dealing with the Press in urgent cases of apprehended danger. We shall deal on another occasion with the recommendations of the Committee regarding emergency laws and other obnoxious provisions of existing laws. Today we wish to draw attention particularly to the recommendations of the Committee on the need for repealing the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act of 1931. It is significant that all official witnesses, who appeared before the Committee, pressed for the retention of this Act while all non-official witnesses were emphatic in their view that it should be repealed. The Committee has come to the conclusion that the retention of this Act on the Statute book would be an anachronism after the establishment of a democratic State in India. This conclusion of the Committee, we trust, will be accepted by the Government of India. We cannot offer a more effective argument for the repeal of the Act than is contained in the following observations of the Committee on the freedom of the Press: "When great executive power is concentrated in the hands of the Cabinet, a lively instincted and critical public opinion is the only safeguard against the misuse of executive authority. Democracy can only survive in the atmosphere of constant controversy; it is essential to it that any Government, however strongly entrenched and however well-intentioned, shall be aware that its actions are under constant scrutiny and that there hangs always over its head the sword of public criticism..... As the area of power excercised by the executive extends so also grows the need for public control of Government policy and administration. Some continuing power of influencing Government is necessary if Democracy is not to be ineffective between elections."

Cloth Production

The Interim Report of the Industrial conditions enquiry committee on the cotton textile industry in Bombay city and suburbs contains a number of helpful suggestions which deserve to be seriously considered by Government, millowners and Labour. The Committee, appointed in November 1946 to suggest ways of improving industrial conditions and increasing production, has made for the present the most urgent recommendations calculated to speed up production. Its most promising recommendation is the immediate introduction, as a temporary measure, of a third shift which should be compulsory for all spinning mills and such weaving mills as can secure the necessary labour force. The scheme provides for 8 hours' work during the first two shifts and requires only 6 hours for the third shift at night. The shorter night shift will prevent undue strain on workers but the general working conditions will have to be considerably improved to prevent injury to health and disproportionate fall in production during the shift. We expect labour will not object to the very principle of three shifts, which were fairly common during the war, it being assumed that working conditions will be satisfactory, as also housing facilities for the additional labour force. So far as production is concerned, it is expected to be increased by 37½ per cent as a result of three shifts. The three-shift system on a compulsory basis deserves to be given an honest trial.

The Committee also strongly recommends rationalisation as a principle "to be firmly accepted and intelligently applied." This has long been a subject of fierce controversy, though in its absence "intelligent" rationalisation is capable of yielding splendid results. The controversy persists because rationalisation is often misunderstood by labour and unintelligently applied by millowners. The Committee defines rationalisation as "the methods of technique and of organisation designed to secure the minimum waste of either effort or material", including "the scientific organisation of labour, standardisation both of material and of products, simplification of processes and improvement in the system of transport and marketing". So far as production is concerned, rationalisation may more simply be defined as a rational use of machinery and men so as to ensure a high level of production without exploiting labour or creating wide unemployment. Thus it is no rationalisation to use suddenly machinery to an extent or in a way that will throw huge numbers out of work and impose a heavy strain on the few that attend to the machinery. The tendency in India to misuse machinery or labour has naturally prejudiced numerous workers, who suffer most from the misuse, against most schemes of rationalisation. But a sound scheme is quite possible and necessary. It can best be evolved by the joint efforts of labour, capital and Government.

The Committee also rightly recommends that mills shculd go back to their war-time counts until the cloth situation improves. Government has already adopted this principle and we trust it will not be attenuated in its application. The Committee's specific suggestion that not more than 15 per cent of the production should be above 40 counts may well be accepted by Government. The other recommendations of the Committee include efficiency and attendance bonuses, standardisation of wages and, in general, better working conditions including air conditioning dust removal, improved lighting, spacing of machines, etc. The improvement of general conditions of work is to our mind the very essence of rationalisation, and without it no scheme of rationalisation can be wholly successful. The cost of all the improvement suggested may be high but we wholeheartedly agree with the Committee that mill managements, because of their increased income, can well afford to incur additional expenditure invoked in implementing its recommendations.

CONTROL ON MANUFACTURE OF AYURVEDIC PREPARATIONS

Enquiry Committee's Suggestions: Need For Research In Ayurved System Stressed

That the cost of teaching the Indian systems of medicine is not going to be any different from that of modern medcine. should be appreciated by the Government and the public, the status and the standard of medical practitioners, to whatever system they belong, should be maintained at a high level and they will therefore require similar facilities, is the view held by the committee appointed by the Government of Bombay under the presidentship of Dr. Jivaraj N. Mehta, who was later on succeeded by Dr. B. B. Yodh.

The Committee has been asked to report on the working of the Bombay Medical Practitioners' Act, 1938 and on the amendments necessary with special reference to the constitution and powers of the Board of Indian Systems of Medicine and other kindred matters. The Committee was appointed in March 1947 and submitted its report in May 1948.

FOUR AND HALF YEAR COURSE

The Committee says the best of the present schools should be improved and brought to a much higher standard, if necessary by better Government grants. At least one school should be run in each regional division of the Province and the instruction and examinations should be entirely in the mother tongue. The standard of admission should be raised to First Year Science with more knowledge of Sanskrit, adds the report.

The duration of the course, in the committee's opinion should be 4½ years. This will mean an increase of 1½ years over the present, period, but of only six months over the period recommended by the first Board. The course should be re-cast on the lines of the suggestions made the committee.

PRIORITY FOR TEXT BOOKS

The working out by persons from amongst the present teachers and some eminent outside scholars of a comprehensive scheme of preparation of text books is an urgent necessity and demands priority. This effort should receive substantial help from Government and the publication of approved text books be arranged by Government.

In the opinion of the committee, it is necessary to branch out into an entirely new direction for doing research in the Ayurvedic system. Groups of recognised clinical conditions and their treatment will have to be studied by the Ayurvedic practitioners and modern medical practitioners together, along with a co-ordinated pharmacological study of the drugs used for the same. This will enable research workers to come to some conclusions regarding the theories of Indian systems and possibly the unproved theories of modern physiology.

SCHEME FOR RESEARCH

Considerable amount of planing will have to be undertaken and a scheme of research will have to be worked out by small body of eminent Ayurvedic Pandits, medical men and research workers. These plans could then be approved by the Government, the necessary funds sanctioned and a ten to 25 years' programme worked out. However, if any of the present institutions submit a scheme of research which may be acceptable to the body above mentioned, it might be put through independently of the general scheme.

The modern medical colleges should have one branch of history of medicine added to their department where the history of medicine, pertaining to the Ayurvedic and Unani systems and its development or otherwise later on, may be studied in co-operation with Ayurvedic and Unani scholars. Graduates and licentiates from medical colleges may avail themselves of courses in Ayurved and Unani prescribed by the Board for their purpose. Later, Ayurved may form a subject for thesis for M.D or Ph.D.

CONTROL OF MANUFACTURE OF AYURVEDIC MEDICINES

The reports suggests that the manufacture of Ayurvedic preparations should be controlled from beginning to end, and it might be possible to apply the present Indian Drugs Act to a reasonable number of preparations which could be also standardised. This industry should be put on a sound foundation as soon as possible.

The committee has also suggested that a separate department should be started under a separate officer to deal with all the functions related to the Indian systems of medicine, since in its opinion, the absence of such a department is a great handicap at present.

FUTURE OF TIBBIA COLLEGE

The present Tibbia College is in a deplorable condition and should not be allowed to continue. There is no appreciable demand for an institution of Unani medicine in this province. The Government should, therefore, select a number of candidates who may be sent at Government expense to some well known outside Unani institutions for training. After five years or so, when a good number of qualified Unani practitioners have come back, the idea of starting a full-fledged or a combined institution may be mooted again

The present Board and the State Faculty should be re-constituted and should consist of 15 and 11 members, respectively, as detailed by the committee.

REGISTRATION OF THOSE PRACTISING IN STATES

As regards the States, the committee suggests that persons practising in the States on the date of merger should be enlisted under Section 18. Those with 20 years practice in the merged States should be registered. A more perfect machinery for scrutinizing in detail the claims for registration or enlistment should be instituted. The registered refugees with three years practice should be exempted under proviso to Section 32. Claims of persons who are said to have been left out of the previous registration might be scrutinized and if they satisfy the necessary conditions, their names might be entered in the list.

Out of all the categories, those who have passed an examination before 1942 from the teaching institutions in this province which are recognized as such by the Board at present, should be registered and their examinations should be included in the Schedule, says the report.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

If the institutions come up to the required standard, as laid down by the committee, 60 per cent of the non-recurring expenditure and 50 per cent of the recurring expenditure should be borne by Government, opines the Committee. The hospitals attached to these institutions, should be considered as part of the teaching institutions and a recurrent grant on the basis of Rs. 700 per year for each average daily occupied bed or 50 per cent of the total annual expenditure, whichever is less, should be granted by the Government. The grant for non-recurring expenditure for the hospital should be 50 per cent.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

India's Response To Bernadotte

It is most gratifying that the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, has promptly responded on behalf of India to Count Bernadotte's urgent appeal for contributions towards the relief of Arab and Jewish refugees in Palestine. The war in Palestine has rendered homeless and destitute 3,30,000 Arab refugees from Jewish controlled areas and 7,000 Jewish refugees from Arab-controlled areas. We are not quite sure that we can share the conviction of Count Bernadotte that the solution of the refugee problem will make a success of his mediation efforts. But this uprooting of so many people is a "great human disaster" and needs every assistance in meeting it as a matter of humanitarian obligation. The Arabs have suffered almost fifty times as much as Jews, which may have important significance to certain aspects of the main issue in Palestine. But where such suffering is concerned, proportions and political prejudices are irrelevant. The desitute Arab and the destitute Jew are equally entitled to all possible help. And how badly and urgently they need that help, India, as the Prime Minister points out, can fully appreciate. India also appreciates the stupendous character of this "appalling problem" because it has had to grapole with it on a far vaster scale. That has strained India's resources to the uttermost.

A Call To Nations

India's contribution should, therefore, be measured in terms of India's ability to contribute to the relief of 3,37,000 Palestine refugees at a time when it has to attend to the relief and rehabilitation of as many as six million refugees at home. India's response to Count Bernadotte's appeal is, in that real sense, a call by a country, that knows what "the human disaster" confronting Count Bernadotte means, to nations of the world to do their humanitarian duty in a generous measure, in a measure commensurate with their own resources and abilities. In the United Nations itself there are more than fifty member-States. If each contributes its quota according to its own capacity the problem of Palestine refugees will be solved successfully and quickly.

Pakistan National Congress

The East Bengal Congress Workers' Conference has done a valuable service by deciding to reorganise the Congress organisation in Eastern Pakistan. The new organisation, to be known as Pakistan National Congress, will have no organic link with and will be completely independent of the Congress in India. But it will serve Pakistan loyally with activities in accordance with the well-known Congress principles and ideology. It will emphasize constructive work, which, indeed, is as essential in Pakistan as in India. It will, of course, continue to be a non-communal political body but its politics will be based on loyalty to Pakistan. It will help to popularise non-communal politics and also be an efficient and necessary opposition to the League Party, which, in its absence, may drift into out and out Fascist tendencies.

A Baffling Problem

The Karnatak Unification Maha Samiti's reply to the questionnaire issued by the Linguistic Provinces Commission only reveals the many difficulties with which the apparently simple problem of immediate reconstitution of provinces on a linguistic basis bristles. The Samiti claims many areas demanded by Maharashtra and there is no agreement between the two provinces. The Samiti claims the State of Mysore, but it is reported that the State is not willing to be merged in the Karnatak Province. While generally relying on the linguistic principle the Samiti claims Goa for reasons of "historical associations and economic interdependence." But if these principles are recognised in the reconstitution of provinces, the present difficulties will be indefinitely enhanced. In these circumstances we agree with those who think that this problem of carving out new provinces should be postponed for some years till there is more agreement among the parties concerned.

Faculty Of Fine Arts

In his Convocation address to the University of Bombay on Tuesday, Sir Maharaj Singh, the Governor of Bombay, made some interesting observations on the status and expansion of the university in the years to come. As regards the directions of expansion, he stressed the value of research and the need of instituting post-graduate studies in a larger number of subjects. We endorse the suggestion made by him that the university should create a Faculty of Fine Arts with degrees in painting, sculpture, architecture and music. Such a suggestion, emanating as it does from the Chancellor himself, should now prompt the university to change its puritanical outlook and to evaluate Fine arts as subjects of academic studies. The creation of a Faculty of Fine Arts should be considered to be a very remote ideal in the case of an institution which has consistently treated an important subject like art as a pet aversion. We are constrained to recall, in this connection, the odyssey of Indian music. All these years music has appeared, from time to time, on the horizon of the university and has found itself adrift in the whirl-pool of the dilatory academic routine. A suggestion was first made in 1931 for the introduction of extension lecture courses and for the granting of diplomas in some cultural subjects including music: and in 1939 a proposition for the institution of a diploma in Indian music was brought before the Senate, and was accepted. It is understood, however, that the same was then disapproved by the Chancellor. The proposition was revived in 1944 when the Senate decided to institute a diploma. How far has the University proceeded with music within about four years' period and when will it inaugurate the diploma course.

Make A Beginning

Following the establishment of regional universities in Western India, the university of Bombay will, in the opinion of the Governor, gradually develop in to a teaching institution. The beginning should be made now. The university should approach music primarily as a subject for teaching and not merely for examination. Music has been assigned a place in the curriculum of the School Leaving Certificate Examination. It will, in all probability, be introduced in the primary and secondary schools in no distant future; but so far neither the Government of Bombay nor the university has realised the necessity of providing facilities for the training of music teachers required for the educational institutions. The university can, as it should, take the initiative in imparting such a specialised training. To start with, it should establish a school of Indian Music. Such a school should, first of all, formulate authentic and high standards of classical music and should bring, within its purview, all the existing schools of the latter irrespective of the popularity of each of them. It should provide facilities for training in vocal as well as instrumental music and also full scope for research. The system of training should be broad-based and not restricted to any one school. The courses should include history, theories and principles of classical music. Students, emerging from the university, should be true exponents of music and not merely experts in notations. We expect the university and the Government to be alive to the pitfalls which lie in the way of every art. In the first instance both of them should not, in their approach to music, allow themselves to be influenced by the current but pernicious, tendency of accepting any particular school or sect of executants as the whole of the classical art of Indian music.

VAITARNA SCHEME

Municipal Commissioner Justifies Expenditure

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Municipal Commissioner Mr. B. K. Patel, told the Bombay Corporation today that the contemplated expenditure of Rs. 16 crores on the Vaitarna-cum-Tansa water supply scheme would be reduced "as much as possible" during its evolution in the next 4 to 5 years

He said that the original estimate of Rs. 7 crores had gone up to Rs. 16 crores partly due to the rise in the cost of materials such as steel and cement as also of labour and to the fact that an additional 60 million gallons of water would be brought to the city daily, if the scheme was to achieve the double purpose of being "protective and productive"

The Corporation approved of the Standing Committee Chairman's resolution asking for sanction of the expenditure of Rs. 16 crores to enable the Municipal Commissioner to proceed with the Vaitarna-cum-Tansa Scheme.

Mr. Patel said that had the Corporation waited to give the contracts till administrative approval was obtained for the scheme there would have been a delay of more than six months in making a beginning. Whatever had been done was in the best interests of the city.

DOUBLING SUPPLY AT TWICE ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST

The Municipal Commissioner admitted that the sum of Rs. 16 crores was really very high but asked the House not to forget that the Scheme was going to bring 220 million gallons of water to the city daily, which was twice the present supply. In addition, the protective aspect of the scheme would stabilise the water supply even in dry years. "Are you going to shelve the scheme because of the cost?" he asked.

The revenue from domestic water supply in 1946-47 showed, the Commissioner said, that the Bombay citizens paid Rs. 2 per head, annually for this amenity which was very cheap. "If the citizen wants more water, he will have to pay fort it" he said.

'PROMOTE COTTAGE INDUSTRIES'

V. L. Mehta's Plea At Vanita Samaj

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister, speaking at a meeting of the Vanita Samaj, Cadell Road, Bombay today said that the idea of village industries originated with Gandhiji who maintained that every individual should be self-sufficient.

He made a detailed reference to what he called the deliberate breaking-up of village economy under the British Raj. The thriving textile industry degenerated to such an extent under the foreign yoke that India, which was an exporting country was forced to import textile goods to meet her requirements.

Making a fervent appeal to regenerate India's village economy, Mr. Mehta said that every man and woman should take to spinning yarn and must wear khaddar. To achieve the Swaraj of Gandhiji's conception, they must patronise and promote cottage industries in every possible way.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

The aid received by Greek guerillas from the neighbouring countries was a threat to the independence and integrity of Greece and a danger to international peace and security in the Balkans says a report of the United Nations Special Committee on the Balkans.

* * *

The reaction in authoritative quarters in New Delhi to the Hyderabad Government's decision to go to the United Nations is that it is invalid.

It is more than invalid It's that sort of invalid that needs to go via a panel of mental specialists into a strait jacket

* * *

In his communication to India's Prime Minister Mir Laik Ali the Nizam's Premier, says: "Hyderabad has sought all means in its power to improve its relations with India."

He is right. Hyderabad has certainly sought all means in its power, including not only the repudiated Mirza Ismail but also Mir Laik Ali, Walter Monckton, Syed Kasim Razvi and—Sydney Cotton.

* * *

"It has", Mir Laik Ali adds, "constantly negotiated and thrice asked for arbitration..... "

In the last instance after Mir Laik Ali had said 'no' to Mir Laik Ali and it had left Walter Monckton "heart-broken" but not down-hearted.

* * *

Sir Md. Zafrullah Khan it is learned, has requested the members of the U. N. Kashmir Commission to elucidate certain aspects of the 'cease fire' proposal.

—Karachi Report.

That was expected as a well-established inevitability. But we miss the time-honoured word "clarification."

* * *

The Military Mission of the Kashmir Commission has had, we learn, the benefit of a two-hour meeting with Sirdar Ibrahim Khan, President of the "Azad Kashmir Government".

We are glad he has been found. He appeared to have been lost or mislaid lately.

But where is Chaudhry Khaliq—sorry, Chaudhri Ghulam Abbas, Chief of the Kashmir Muslim League.

* * *

Pakistan's Minister for Industries, Mr. Fazlur Rahman, has solemnly declared: "I shall not rest till Pakistan is fully industrialised"

That would be bad for Mr. Fazlur Rahman's health. He should be induced to take rest occasionally in order to avoid a breakdown.

* * *

A Ceylon Government's spokesman has declared that Ceylon would persist in her efforts to gain admission to the United Nations.

And the Soviet Union would persist in barring Ceylon's efforts.

* * *

U. S. TO SUPPLY ARMY MEN AS OBSERVERS TO PALESTINE.
—Headline

And munitions as what?

* * *

The French Premier, M. Andre Marie, has declared that his Government would give their entire and solemn adherence" to the agreement under which France will recognise the independence of Viet Nam.

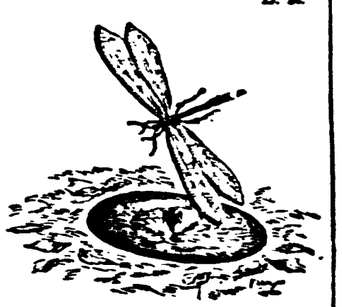
Complete with the conditions imposed on independence by France to which, of course, M. Andre Marie's Government will give special "entire and solemn adherence"

PAREKH & PARBHOO LIMITED
ESTD. IN 1907
STRUCTURAL and MECHANICAL ENGINEERS
Precision and Repair Work of All Description Undertaken
Address: Khetwadi Back Road, BOMBAY 4.
Telephone No. 41546
Bombay Port Trust Licensees of long standing for Dry Dock Repairs, Painting and Cleaning of Ships.

OPEN AIR

An insect flew into my room this evening which at first sight appeared to be a dragonfly, but there were certain subtle differences in its appearance which made me look at it more closely. It had the same long slender body and the same gauzy wings, it is true, but when it sat at rest it carried its wings folded along its back like the roof of a tent, while the dragonfly sits with wings stretched out at right angles to its body. On its head, too, it bore a pair of clubbed feelers which one does not see in the dragonfly. These characteristics proved it to be an Antlion, the adult of the grub which makes the funnel shaped pits in the soil. When this grub is full-grown, it makes for itself a round cocoon of fine silk mixed with grains of sand. After some days it bursts its way out of the cocoon and emerges as the lovely dragon-fly-like, gauzy-winged insect we so often see flying about in the grass.

D. R.



Provident Fund And Bonus For Coalmine Workers

INDIA TAKES LEAD IN LABOUR LEGISLATION

Jagjivan Ram Exposes Campaign Against Working Class

NEW FACTORIES ACT IN PARLIAMENT

NEW DELHI, Aug. 20, (A.P.I.): The Indian Parliament today passed the Labour Minister's Bill to make provision for the framing of a provident fund scheme and a bonus scheme for persons employed in coal mines.

The Labour Minister, who was congratulated on the measure from all sides of the House, said that this was the first attempt anywhere in the world to institute a provident fund for the benefit of causalty worker.

Paying a tribute to labour the Minister said that the Indian worker had "manufully responded" to the call for increased production since the industrial truce resolution was pased.

PROVIDENT FUND FOR MINERS

Mr. Jagjivan Ram, Labour Minister, moved that the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Schemes Bill be taken into consideration.

The Labour Minister said that a very important feature of the Provident Fund Scheme was that it was being experimented in an industry where the workers were not organised. It was easy to introduce any provident fund scheme in a factory where regular registers of workers were maintained. But in the coal mines more than ninety per cent of the employees were casual workers. The employers had taken the view that it was a tough job to introduce such a provident fund scheme for casual workers. In spite of all these difficulties, Government were determined to make it a success because on the success of this scheme depended the introduction of provident fund for similar workers in this country in various other industries.

It was proposed that employers should contribute a sum of equal to one anna in the rupee of the basic earnings and the workers should contribute a similar amount.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, congratulating the Labour Minister on the Bill, said he was very glad that they had a Minister today who realised the real interests of the workers (cheers). He, however, wished that the Minister had brought a more comprehensive measure covering other categories of workers as well.

He felt that the contribution of employee's should be somewhat more than the worker's contribution.

Smt. Renuka Ray also paid a tribute to the Labour Minister and supported the Bill.

Dr. Punjab Rao Deshmukh supported Mr. Sidhwa's plea that the employer's contribution should be something more than the employee's. 'Otherwise' he said "the whole sum would be frightfully insignificant." He suggested that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee.

Mr. Hussain Imam said that in future Government should bring more power to the Executive than they were doing in the present Bill.

Prof. N. G. Ranga described the Bill as a revolutionary measure" because there was no such scheme in other countries. He noped that the scheme would be extended to other categories of industrial workers and agricultural labour.

Mr. Khandubhai Desai said that the condition of mineworkers was the worst among the industrial workers and this had created a very serious situation. He, therefore, wholeheartedly welcomed the measure.

DEFENCE OF WORKERS

Replying to the debate, the Labour Minister Mr. Jagjivan Ram, replied to a number of points raised during the course of the debate. Contrary to the general impression, he claimed the Indian worker was more efficient than any other worker. Person who said that the Indian worker was not efficient always quoted the production capacity per man hour in India. It was very easy to compare the figure of production, but he would ask them to compare the earnings as well. If a British miner produced one quarter ton per hour and if a miner in Jharia or Dhanbad produced one-eighth ton per hour, naturally one would say that the production capacity of the Indian worker was only 50 per cent of the British worker. But if one were to know that the per hour earnings of the British worker was four times as much as that of the Indian worker, one would come to the conclusion that the Indian worker produced really double that of the British worker. This fact had always been ignored by the employers who had all possible vehicles of propaganda under their control.

PRODUCTION LAG

As regards production, it had been recognised on all hands that production was suffering. But was labour alone responsible for the fall? Did not other factors also contribute to this? Had they been able to remove all the factors contributing to fall in production? The entire blame could not, the Labour Minister contended, be thrown on the working class. After the Industrial Truce resolution was passed, he could say with pride that the working class had responded very manfully and very courageously to their call.

Production in textile industry had increased. Production in coal mines had also increased. Today he was faced with a large number of retrenchment and dismissals in the coalfields because there had been over-production in the sense that there was no transport facilities available to cart the coal away. If production fell on that account, it would not be the fault of the workers. The machinery of production had become old. It had not been possible to repair or replace these for the last 10 years

WHY STRIKES?

The Labour Minister stated that on an analysis of the recent strikes, he was surprised to find that most of the strikes were due to non-implementation of award for increased dearness allowance. Most of the man hours lost were due to this. When one blamed the worker for the fall in production one should also look to other factors that contributed to decrease in production.

As regards absenteeism, the Labour Minister recalled that last year when Government was insisting on increasing the wages of coal miners, the employers had urged that if the earnings of the worker were increased, there would be a tendency to work for less days in a week than before. But the employer had been disillusioned. Attendance had increased. Government had taken particular care to link bonus with production and attendance. They were going to link the provident fund also with attendance.

ON INDUSTRIAL BASIS

Mr. Sidhwa was anxious that provident fund schemes should be instituted in all industries and that the employers should be voluntarily asked to do this.

He did not agree with this view. He did not want each employer to institute provident funds for his employees alone. He wanted a Provident Fund on an Industry Basis or on a regional basis. If it was done industrywise the workers would stand to gain. If provident funds were only on a unit basis, the workers would lose the benefit of the fund when he was discharged or dismissed from a particular factory.

But under the Bill even if a worker was discharged from one colliery and if he sought employment in another colliery, his provident fund was not affected. His name would still continue to be on the register of the provident fund. Only the employer's contribution would be collected from the new employer.

Answering another criticism that the employer's contribution should have been greater than the employee's, the Labour Minister reminded the House that the scheme was based on an award which was voluntarily agreed to by the employers and employees. One of the terms of that agreement was that compulsory contributory provident fund should be instituted in the coalfields, the contributions from employers and employees being equal. It would not do to alter the terms of that agreement.

IN OTHER INDUSTRIES

As regards the introduction of provident fund in other industries Government stood committed to that There was no shirking that responsibility. If the country had not reached such an advanced stage when it would be possible to think in terms of old age pensions, this at least should be done at this stage. When he said that the provident fund scheme was being introduced in the collieries as an experiment, he did not mean that if it failed the scheme would be given up. What he meant was that the working of the scheme would give the Government experience as to how to formulate similar schemes for other industries.

Urging the House to accept the measure, the Labour Minister said, in a sense this was the first time, not only in this country but as far as he knew throughout the world, that a provident fund scheme was being instituted for casual workers. He might assure the House that Government was very anxious to introduce provident fund schemes for other industries as well. It might not be possible to bring a Bill for this purpose during the next budget session because Government had already many other measures to pilot through that session. But before very long, Government would bring forward such a measure. The Bill was passed.

FACTORIES BILL

Salient Features Explained

The Labour Minister then moved the Factories Bill as amended by the Select Committee and explained its salient features. The Factory Act of 1934 was not only limited in scope, but left many essential and vital matters to the rule making powers of Provincial Governments. This defect had now been remedied and all minimum requirements particularly in respect of health, safety and welfare had been provided for in the Act itself. The Bill differed from the 1934 Act in another important respect—i.e., as regards the responsibility for deciding whether the requirements of the Act had been complied with by an occupier or not. The previous Act left too much to the discretion of Inspectors which they were ill-equipped to discharge. One of the main principles sought to be emphasized by the new provisions was that an occupier who took the responsibility for a manufacturing process must also bear the responsibility for ensuring that it was carried on with due regard to the safety, health and welfare of the worker

A DISTINCTION DONE AWAY WITH

The scope of the Factories Act had been considerably enlarged and the distinction between perennial and seasonal factories had been done away with. A further important provision related to the compulsory registration and licensing of factories. The previous permission in writing of the Provincial Government or the Chief Inspector was required for the construction and extension of any factory and plans and specifications had to be submitted and scrutinised before permission was given.

In the Standing Labour Committee and the Labour Conference, the Labour Minister recalled that employer's representatives had opposed some of the details in the Bill such as the extension of the scope of the term 'factory', the elimination of the distinction between seasonal and perennial factories, the pre-licensing of factories, the making of compulsory provision for the maintenance of canteens and provision for accommodation for the storage of clothes, although they were in agreement with the general principles of the Bill. The workers representatives on the other hand had disagreed with the employers on all these points and expressed satisfaction at the comprehensive nature of the amendments proposed.

AMENITIES FOR WORKERS

The Select Committee of the House had made a number of important changes which had added materially to the usefulness of the Bill. The new Act would be applied to all States acceding to the Centre in respect of Labour legislation. The provision of a minimum standard of 500 cubic feet of space per worker in case of new factories, effective arrangements for the supply of wholesome drinking water and the provision of lunch rooms were some of the amenities which, the Select Committee had said, should be provided for the physical comfort of the workers. The daily and quarterly limits of overtime had been fixed and the extent of the annual leave with wages had been raised from ten days per year to one day for every twenty days of work in the case of an adult and to one day for every fifteen days of work in the case of a child.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, who supported the Bill, had not concluded his speech when the House adjourned till Monday, August 23.

MERCHANT SHIPPING

Earlier the House passed the Displaced Persons (Institution of Suits) Bill, the Diplomatic and Consular Officers (Oaths and Fees) Bill the Indian Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Bill, the Durga Khawaja Saheb (amendment) Bill the Indian Army (Amendment) Bill and the Indian Telegraph (Amendment) Bill.

The Education Minister, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad introduced a bill in Parliament which seeks to change the name of the Imperial Library, Calcutta to the National Library.

Vaccination Of Hajis

The House passed the Indian Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Bill.

Exxplaining the object of the bill Pandit Nehru said that pilgrims proceeding to Hejaz were required to produce certificates of vaccination against smallpox before boarding a pilgrim ship. So far this certificate had a period of validity of five years. An international sanitary Commission in 1944 reduced this period of validity to three years. The Bill sought to make the necessary amendment to reduce the period accordingly.

Ajmer Durgah Affairs

The House then passed the Durgah Khawaja Saheb (Amendment Bill.

The Amending Bill, Sardar Patel explained had a very limited objective namely to terminate the membership of certain members who on account of partition had gone to Pakistan and the continuance of whose membership was neither desirable nor possible.

The shrine at Ajmer, to which the Act referred was one of the oldest and most venerated places of Muslim pilgrimage in the country. The landed property attached to the Jagir yielding a total revenue of Rs. 1,50,000 per annum. In addition, large amounts were received annually in the form of donations and offerings from pilgrims and devotees. The Committee managing the administration of the shrine and its funds had been rent by factions and there was a certain amount of litigation for some time.

PARTITION AND AFTER

The partition of India had brought the whole problem to the forefront. The Sajjadanashin left for Pakistan in September 1947 after having mortgaged some of the Jakirs and raised considerable sums of money in other ways, including the sale of household effects gold and silver ornaments.

He was now in Pakistan, from where he was reported to be indulging in activities disloyal to this country. The Chief Commissioner had withdrawn the Jagir from him. Seven, out of the nine other members of the Committee, who had in effect conducted the affairs of the Durgah, had migrated to Pakistan following the example of the Sajjadanashin. Only two of the members of the Committee and the Mutawalli were left and their right to manage the finances of the Durgah was not admitted by the Bank. Meanwhile the annual "Urs" was to take place in May and it became a matter of immediate necessity to have a lawfully constituted Committee in office as soon as possible. Government accordingly promulgated an ordinance on May 11 for that purpose. By virtue of the ordinance, members selected from Pakistan lost their membership. The ordinance provided for the co-option of three members by other members of the Committee from among persons residing in any of the Acceding States or in the State of Hyderabad. The ordinance would expire in November this year and it was, therefore, necessary to pass this Bill.

DISQUIETING REPORTS

Recently Government had received very disquieting reports from the Local Administration in regard to the administration of the shrine and it was Government's intention to go rather closely into many allegations of mismanagement and maladministration, and to evolve suitable measures and to provide for the efficient administration of the shrine. The subject was one which required careful consideration. In view of the variety of interests involved, it had not been possible to devise proposals for a permanent machinery to administer the affairs of the Durgah. For the present, therefore, Government were doing nothing more than to make changes in the constitution of the Committee necessary on account of partition.

The other change which had been made was the elimination of the nominee of the Nizam and instead Government had provided for three members being co-opted from Acceding States and the State of Hyderabad.

Meanwhile Government would look into the question of improving the affairs of the shrine and if necessary they would bring further amendments before the House.

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed supported the Bill.

Indian Army And State Forces

When the Defence Minister, in whose name the next Bill stood, was called upon to move his Bill, he was not in his seat. Nor were any of the other Ministers, who had also Bills in their names on the Agenda. Ultimately, it was decided that the Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel who was present in the House, would pilot the Bill to amend the Indian Army Act which stood in the name of the Defence Minister. Soon after the debate on the Bill began, however, the Defence Minister took his seat in the Assembly and took charge of the Bill.

Mr. Anantasayanam Ayyangar welcoming the Bill which sought to place on a permanent footing the arrangements under which the State forces were operating with the Indian Army said in the past such arrangements had been made by ADHOC agreements with the States concerned but now it was sought to put it on a more permanent footing. He hoped very soon the Defence Minister would bring forward a measure under which the State forces would be brought permanently under the Indian Army.

Mr. Mahabir Tyagi welcomed the Bill, but pointed out that the State forces should be paid the same salary and other emoluments as the Indian Army.

Prof. N. G. Ranga asked how long was the country to continue to have these State forces as separate entities.

Bubu Ramnarain Singh said the administration of the Army needed to be thoroughly overhauled.

Mr. K. Santhanam said that the State forces should be under the Indian Army Act irrespective of whether they were functioning by themselves or jointly with Indian forces.

VICEROY'S COMMISSION ABANDONED

Replying to the Debate, the Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh, instanced the case of the outside State forces functioning in Kashmir and said they were all under the orders of the Indian Army. Of course as at present constituted, Indian State forces, while in their own States, functioned under their own Administrations. The present Bill could not bring them under the Indian Army Act even in such cases. This question was being dealt with separately by a Committee and he hoped they would be able to suggest ways and means by which the State forces would be given the same training and pay as the Indian Army. The Defence Minister also stated that the term "Viceroy's Commissioned Officers" formerly current in the Indian Army had been done away with and these officers were now known as 'Junior Commissioned Officers'.

As regards suggestions for a comprehensive revision of the Indian Army Act, the Defence Minister said it would not be possible to bring forth such a legislation for sometime in view of the changes that were taking place since August 15 last year.

The Bill was passed by the House.

Cotton Cess Doubled

The Food Minister, Mr. Jairamdas Daulataram introduced a Bill to amend the Indian Cotton Cess Act. The Bill seeks to double the rate of the cess leviable on cotton consumed in any mill in India under the Indian Cotton Cess Act of 1923. Until the entry of Japan into the last war, the statement of objects says, the Central Cotton Committee enjoyed a sound financial position with an income of between Rs. 6 lakhs and Rs. 8 lakhs per annum. With the entry of Japan in the last war, the receipts from the cess fell off considerably and the Committee had to draw upon its surplus balances to continue its activities. As the surplus got depleted gradually the Committee recommended in 1945 that the rate of the cess should be doubled. Before doing so, Government decided to make grants from the Cotton Fund by an ordinance. In order to enable the Committee to have a permanent source of income, it is considered necessary to double the rate of cess on cotton and also to permit the Committee to continue to receive grants from the Cotton Fund."

The House passed Mr Rafi Ahmed Kidwai's Indian Telegraph (Amendment) Bill which seeks to extend the application of the Indian Telegraph Act to all the Acceding States.

RAJAJI IN BANGALORE

Two Civic Addresses Presented

BANGALORE, Aug. 20 (APD): The Governor-General, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari today received two civic addresses here, one on behalf of the Civil and Military Station and the other from the Bangalore City Municipality.

Later he laid the foundation stone of the Mysore Riyasat Hindi Prachar Samiti building and also inaugurated the New Jayanagar City extension scheme. He addressed a meeting of the Women's Association in Bangalore in the afternoon.

An artistic and beautiful pendant with the Asoka Wheel inscribed in the centre, and set with rubies and emeralds was presented to the Governor-General on behalf of the Mysore State Women's Conference.

His Excellency also addressed a well-attended students meeting at the Central College of which he is a distinguished old boy.

He also visited the Hindusthan Aircraft Factory where he inspected its various branches.

Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar, Dewan of Mysore entertained the Governor-General at a garden party in the evening which was attended by Ministers, officials and non-officials.

Today was declared a public holiday in Bangalore in honour of the Governor-General's visit.

Pakistan Air Force On Kashmir Border?

PT. NEHRU'S CRYPTIC REPLY IN PARLIAMENT

NEW DELHI, Aug. 20, (U.P.I.): Pakistan's part in the Kashmir operations directly or indirectly was related by the Prime Minister in a brief statement in reply to a question of Mr. Anathasayanam Ayyangar during question hour in Indian Parliament this morning.

The Prime Minister stated: "According to the latest evidence, regular Pakistan Military Forces have been fighting in great strength against our troops in Jammu and Kashmir for some months.

The recent offensive against our positions in Chakothi-Uri Sector was the most violent since the fighting in the State started and was conducted mainly by Pakistan troops. These troops are to be found not only along this Sector of the Front but also in the remote mountain ous regions of the northwest and noth of the State. The House is already aware of the other forms in which Pakistan has been aiding the invasion, namely, allowing tribesmen and other invaders, including Pakistan nationals, transit across Pakistan territory for military operations supplying military equipment, transport and petrol from Pakistan and permitting Pakistan officers to train direct and others help the Irregulars.

CORRESPONDENCE WITH PAKISTAN

Replying to another question from Mr. Ayyangar whether only a formal protest had been made to the Pakistan and weather and reply was received, Pandit Nehru said that there had been considerable correspondence in this connection.

Pandit L. K. Maitra: Is it a fact that there are concentrations of Pakistan Air Force on the border with the definite object of attacking Kashmir from air?

Prime Minister: That is not the problem to be discussed in the House.

Replying to Seth Govind Das, the Prime Minister stated that in reply to Government of India"s enquiry whether Pakistan had admitted to the U. N. Commission for Kashmir that they had sent troops to Kashmir, the Pakistan Government said that their communication to the Commission was confidential

Mr. Mahavir Tyagi: As there has been violation of our territory by Pakistan and as Pakistan has sent her troops to invade our country, does our offer to Pakistan of holding referendum in Kashimir hold good?

Prime Minister: We made no offer at any time to the Pakistan Government.

JUTE GOODS for S. AFRICA

To a question by Seth Govind Das as to "whether it is a fact that jute goods are being smuggled into South Africa from the Indian Union although a ban exists on such movements and if so what steps are being taken to prevent this" Mr. K. C. Neogy Commerce Minister in a written reply said that the attention of the Government was recently drawn to rumours current in the Calcutta jute market about the alleged reexport or diversion to the Union of South Africa of jute goods permitted to be shipped to certain other permissible destinations. There was, however, no definite evidence so far of such re-eports having actually taken place to South Africa.

The Minister also said that the restrictions at present on the export of jute India were stricter than before.

In reply to a question of Mr. Keshav Rao relating to the appointment of Indian Trade Commissioners abroad Mr. K. C. Neogy Minister for Commerce, said: "Trade Commissioners or Officers of a similar status have been appointed to Ceylon, Japan, Pakistan, Burma and the United Kingdom since August 15, 1947. Trade Comissioners are now mainly selected from the Indian Foreign Service cadre."

RUSSIA'S OFFER OF NEWSPRINT

In written reply to Mr. Kesava Rao about Russia's offer of newsprint to India, Dr. S. P. Mukherjee, Minister for Industries and Supply said: "Some newsprint supply of quanties ranging from 4,000 to 20,000 tons were received by certain Indian Firms early in 1947 from suppliers of Russian newsprint but inspite of all facilities afforded by the Government of India no newsprint from Soviet Russia could be imported. During the period January-June 1948, a Bombay Firm was granted a licence for the import of 1,470 tons of newsprint from Russia against the over-all monetary limit fixed for the import of newsprint from non-dollar areas. Newsprint import from all non-dollar areas including Russia are now covered by Open General License."

Chadernagore Referendum

Answering a question on the future of French Indian territories, the Prime Minister said in Parliament today that a referendum on the question of the Union of these territories would take place after the municipal elections in the French establishments in India were over. The date of referendum for Chandernagore would be fixed by the newly elected municipal assembly of Chanderanagore and for the four other establishments by their newly elected Municipal Councils grouped together in one single Assembly.

Asked whether it was true that some of the political parties in French India were carrying on propaganda that they should not join the Indian Union, the Prime Minister replied it might be true, but he did not know about the propaganda carried on by the various political parties in French India.

Asked whether Chandernagore would after the referendum become part of Bengal, the Prime Minister said after the results of the referendum were known, this question would be decided in consultation with the wishes of the peoples of Chandernagore.

Asked what steps Government were taking to see that the referendum was held free from any duress, the Prime Minister pointed out that in this matter the Government of India were dealing with a Foreign Government. The French Government had given assurances to the Government to that end.

CLOTH CONTROL REIMPOSITION

Dr. Syamaprasad Mookherjee, Minister of Industry and Supply, said that Government had decided to reimpose cloth control for all practical purposes and the details of the new control scheme had already made known to the House.

The percentage of increase varied from province to province the peak rise in the prices of cloth since decontrol on the 20th January 1948 was 45 per cent to 70 per cent in the case of coarse and medium and 80 per cent to 250 per cent in the case of fine and superfine.

The greatest increase took place in deficit areas and in areas on the borders of Pakistan.

Dr. Syamaprasad Mookerjee said that the Tariff Board had submitted their report on the prices of cotton textiles. The recommendations made in the report were being examined and the Government's decision in thi matter would be announced shortly.

ANTI-REPRESSION DAY ON SEPTEMBER 25

A.I.T.U.C. General Council's Call To Indian Working Class

BOMBAY, Friday.

The General Council of the All-India Trade Union Congress today called upon the Indian working class and all affiliated Unions to observe September 25 as anti-repression day to protest against what the Council described as "the severe repression that has been let loose by the Government against the Indian working class and particularly the Union affiliated to the AITUC". The meeting directed the workers to observe the day by holding meetings, demonstrations, etc.

As many as 18 resolutions were passed unanimously by the Council and most important of them touched on Government's profit-sharing schemes, textile policy and the industrial policy. Mr. K. N. Joglekar presided over the meeting.

The resolution on profit sharing described the scheme as a means "to side-track the workers' struggles for nationalisation of industry and abolition of the competitive system of production". The Council stated that the Indian working class as a whole was interested in establishing a socialist system of production and distribution and did not, therefore, consider profit-sharing as a proper substitute for it nor even a step leading towards it. A guaranteed living wage, social security to the workers and workers' adequate democratic control of production and distribution were demanded as the minimum essentials to make any profit-sharing scheme to be even temporarily useful to the workers

INDIA GOVERNMENT'S INDUSTRIAL POLICY CRITICISED

Another resolution criticised the Government of India's industrial policy which in the Council's opinion, assured employers that there would be no nationalisation for the next ten years and that there would not be any limitations on the profits of the employers. While recognising the urgent need for increasing production in the country, the resolution urged Government to give up what it called its "pro-capitalist policy" and take early steps to bring about nationalisation of all basic industries, introduce workers' control over production and assure a minimum living wage and full social security to the workers.

The Council regretted that the Government had not only not given any protection to the workers against victimisation by employers, but had adopted more or less the same measures against their own employees and workers by the threatened large-scale retrenchment and by not ensuring fair and descent conditions to them.

The resolution relating to the textile policy of Government stated that it utterly failed to meet the popular demand and the needs of the situation, as it allowed 30 to 50 per cent increase in prices as compared to the pre-control prices, and the effective control of production and distribution was still left in the hands of the millowners. It was the Council's considered opinion that the revised policy would not provide adequate cloth at cheap prices which was the crying need of the hour.

NATIONALISE TEXTILE INDUSTRY

The resolution demanded the immediate nationalisation of the textile industry, workers' control in its management and consumers' control in the distribution of cloth, which alone would solve the cloth question in the interest of the people.

The Council called upon all organisations of Government employees in the country to organise themselves to defend their interests including unrestricted freedom of organisation. The meeting urged the Government of India to confirm in their respective posts all persons employed in a temporary capacity who had put in service for an adequate period.

Other resolutions demanded increased dearness allowance to workers in keeping with the rising cost of living, and condemned the repressive policy against workers in the States of Baroda, Indore and Ratlam.

Oil And Politics

"CHERCHEZ LA FEMME!"—A woman is behind it,—they used to say in the past. The days of Helens and Cleopatras are now over, and it is OIL which is now behind most international complications. The "Bombay Chronicle Weekly" publishes next Sunday an article on the role played by Gulbenkian, the famous oil magnate, in the Middle East.

Where Sea Is Playground!

We also have a special illustrated feature on Sweden, whom God gave its playground in the hundred miles of water dotted with isles and skerries.

In Memoriam

The late Mahadev Desai's article on Sewagram is of topical interest in view of the fact that Bapu's Boswell passed away in prison this month six years ago.

There are of course the usual features, latest news and photos—all for four annas.

Bombay Chronicle

Weekly

Sunday, August 22

'MILK'

The position of milk supply is expected to improve from 1st of September 1948, particularly from Anand. Those desirous of joining the Scheme can, therefore, now obtain the milk cards from the nearest milk centre or Wakefield House, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate, upto 23rd August 1948, for supply to commence from 1st September 1948.

The price will be 14 annas per seer.

20th August, 1948.

D. N. KHURODY,
Milk Commissioner, Bombay.

EQUILIBRIUM

...the depth was beyond imagination, the waters were wild, the ropes made fast, still shook. A hush fell upon the tense, expectant crowd. The dare-devil was going to cross Nigera on a rope! And lo! and behold, he did it and with what perfect judgment, what perfect Equilibrium!

OONIM is the best tonic which keeps your body in healthy equilibrium, so that you can cross over diseases safely and land on health, vigour and vitality. It gives you zest for the fullest enjoyment of living by supplying health giving vitamins and hormones to supplement your daily nourishment.

The chief purpose of Oonim is to give the glands of the body a powerful 'PICK-UP' quality, so that all food that is eaten is utilized to youthify and beautify. The brightness of the eye, the glossiness of the hair, the springy step of the youth and enthusiastic hopefulness and ambition of the twenties can be roused and kept by Oonim. The brain becomes nourished, the nervous system regains the power, the glands are rejuvenated and the most gratifying result is the personal attractiveness it gives to women and the return of vitality to men.

Send for a course today, and 'COME BACK' with OONIM.

Price: Per container of 21 capsules, sufficient for one week .. Rs. 7/8/-
Per container of 63 capsules, three weeks' course .. Rs. 22/8/-
Full 12 weeks' course .. Rs. 90/-

ROYAL CONIM: Highly concentrated hormone-vitamin-gland-food for the aged. Restores youthful vigour and vitality.

Price: Per container of 63 capsules, three weeks' course .. Rs. 50/-
Full 12 weeks' couse .. Rs. 200/-

ASK FOR OUR FREE MEDICAL CIRCULAR

HERING & KENT

P.O. Box 323 (B.C.B.) Opp. Lloyds Bank.
261-263, Hornby Rd., Bombay, Tel. 24297

Stockists:—P. M. ZAVERI & Co., Princess Street, Bombay 2

BETTER REPRODUCTION with

CONTROLLED PRICES
Tin of 200 Steel Needles — Rs. 1/4
Tin of 100 Bronze Pickup — Rs. 1/-
Tin of 100 Golden Pickup — Rs. 2/-
SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA
SCOTT & PICKSTOCK LTD
34, BRITISH INDIAN STREET, CALCUTTA, INDIA.

MANUFACTURED BY STEAD & CO. LTD. SHEFFIELD Eng.

De-liver your-self With LIVERGEN

De-liver is our word for easing all liver troubles

HERNIA

Wonderful remedy by outward application. Thousands benefited without operation. Apply for testimonials and directions.—B. C. Roy, Specialist in Hernia. DIVINE TREATMENT HALL. 118, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta—9.

Decontrol Has Not Been Given Fair Chance

NO STRIKE BY CAPITALISTS: INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHIEF ASSURES CO-OPERATION WITH GOVERNMENT

BOMBAY, Friday.

"THE POLICY OF DE-CONTROL HAS NOT HAD A FAIR TRIAL AND HAS BEEN COMPARATIVELY SHORT-LIVED. CONTROLS WERE IN EXISTENCE IN THIS COUNTRY FOR A VERY LONG TIME. THEY WERE TRIED IN OTHER COUNTRIES ALSO IN VARYING FORMS AND WITH FULL RIGIDITY, BUT GENERALLY THEY FAILED TO DO THE TRICK OF EITHER ENSURING EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION OF THE LIMITED SUPPLY OF AVAILABLE GOODS AND SERVICES OR OF KEEPING PRICES AT LEVELS WHICH THE FRAMERS OF CONTROL THOUGHT TO BE PROPER." OBSERVED MR. RAMDAS KILACHAND, PRESIDENT, IN THE COURSE OF HIS ADDRESS AT THE SECOND QUARTELY MEETING HELD ON FRIDAY.

"Continuing, he said' When it is the question of a race between rising prices and rising personal incomes, it is a matter of experience that prices always win in the long run and the gap between supply and demand seeks to find adjustment in a regression in demand caused by a rise in prices. The negative approach of controling distribution or controlling prices is not a solution of the problem. Even as a remedy, it is of doubtful utility. The problem has to be tackled from the positive standpoint of devising measures to improve the supply position and to increase production. It is sought to be suggested that industry, in not having been able to secure the maintenance of prices at stables levels, has ont played its proper role and part and, therefore, cannot justifiably complain against the re-introduction of controls. The removal of the controls, it must be conceded, at least brought about an improvement in production, e.g. in the taxtile industry. Unless the overall position of shortage is corrected by a comparative increase in supply by increased production, the re-introduction of control cannot offset the natural law of supply and demand making its influence felt on the price structure. It is no use minimising the administrative difficultics inherent in enforcing controls on essentials of life which are in short supply.

WAGES BY RESULTS

It is a matter of common knowledge that all our efforts to intensify and improve production have not so far met with the expected degree of success. The psychological forces released by the Industrial Truce were expected to bring about a substantial degree of improvement in the production front; but unfortunately due to a variety of factors, chief among them being the continuance of labour recalcitrance, the hopes have not been realised to any significant extent. The working class must be made to realise that the budget of the worker will not be realistic in relation to prices so long as labour efficiency continues to be low. Ways and means of simulating output have to be devised and in this connection schemes of payment of wages by results may well be considered.

CONTROL, NOT THE REMEDY

Coming back to the main issue of the problem of inflation, I cannot help emphasising that the remedy lies in directions other than reimposition of controls. It is encouraging in this connection to note that the Government of India propose to constitute a separate Ministry of Economic and Social Affairs to make possible the pursuit of co-ordinated and integrated policies in the economic sphere. I venture to hope that the new machinery will enlist the co-operation and assistance of non-official commercial organizations and leaders in the task of formulating the new overall policy for the future which would correct the deficiencies of the past and bring about the necessary measure of readjustment and improvement.

PROFIT-SHARING IMPRACTICAL

"The enquiry into the question of the basis of determination of fair return on capital employed in industry has its genesis in the proposal for some scheme of sharing of profits between capital and labour mooted at the time of the "Industrial Truce". The practical considerations which I have now detailed are overwhelmingly against the introduction of any scheme of profit-sharing; in the resut there does not seem to be any need for a scheme of restriction or limitation of return on capital as such. The high incidence of taxation on investment income under our existing tax structure in any case does not permit of the ultimate yield from investments being disproportionately high. Moreover, industrialisation in this country is still in a formative stage.

Steps in the direction of restricting return on capital or limiting the overall remuneration to capital will psychologically let loose forces which cannot but have the effect of making capital more shy. It would be futile to ignore that investment in new enterprises and particularly in enterprises of a pioneering character involves an element of risk in the initial years and the prospect of increased earnings and returns after a period of time is the main incentive for risking capital in such undertakings. It is also necessary in this context to stress the distinction between yield and dividend.

NO STRIKE OF CAPITAL

There has recently been a studied attempt to misinterpret the role of private capital in the economic activities of the country and suggestions have been made that the capitalists are deliberately withholding their co-operation to Government with a view to jeopardising the success of the country's financial and economic policies. The lack of adequate public response to and interest in recent Government loan and floatations is being put forward as indications of this policy of lack of co-operation. I consider it my duty to raise my voice of protest against this deliberate misrepresentation. The industrialists as a class have in unequivocal terms expressed their anxiety to make the fullest contribution possible in the task of rejuvenating and developing the economic conditions of the land.

Credit is a very delicate mechanism and will function satisfactorily and effectively only under proper conditions. It is no use ignoring the fact that certain recent developments and uncertainties connected with the taxation and financial policy of Government raised fears in the minds of the investing public about the future of their investments. Instead of raising the bogey of capital standing aloof, it is necessary to concentrate attention on creating conditions which would restore confidence.

Covt. Resolution To Enforce New Textile Policy

NEW DELHI, August 20 (UPI) The Indian Government intends to deal firmly with those violating orders under th enew Textile Policy.

It is decided to undertake immediately legislation providing 'exemplary' punishment for offenders. A draft of the proposed Bill has already been prepared and is now under the scrutiny of the Law Ministry. It will be placed before Parliament during the current session.

The penalty envisaged in the measure will be two-fold forfeiture of the gfoods involved and imprisonment It may also include a fine, especially in those cases where offences do not relate to gods. The term of imprisonment will be longer than that provided during the earlier control period.

The Government has agreed to a proposal to reward those helping in the arrest of black marketeers, profiteers and smugglers and in the detection of contraband goods. Rewards, it is said, will be generous

Regular and systematic use of Rodmill's DiDit will eradicate all insect pests. Contains D. D. T. and Pyrethrum — 2 powerful insect killers.
Liquid for flying insects
1 Gl. Rs. 13-4-0. 1 Pt. Rs. 2-4-0
Powder for crawling insects
Large Rs. 1-8-0 Small Rs. 0-9-6.
Do it with
DiDiT
The two in one insecticide.
Sole importers:
RALLI BROTHERS LTD.
Distributors for Bombay city & suburbs:
B. A. & Brothers, 98, Princess St.

Pak Trade Delegation In Canada

OTTAWA, Aug. 20 (Reuter): The Pakistan trade delegation now in Canada hopes to buy most of Pakistan's annual railway requirements of 130 million dollars in Canada, a spokesman of the mission told Reuter last night.

Mr. Z. M. Khan, leader of the delegation after a conference with Mr C. D. Howe, Minister of trade and Commerce, said he received "encouraging reaction'

Mr. Khan added that Pakistan's immediate needs totalled 200,000 dollars.

The mission is interviewing locomotive steel and newsprint manufactures in Montreal today. The delegation is also trying to buy hydroelecric equipment, printing and industrial machinery, especially textile equipment.

Mr. Khan said, "we can pay cash for future purchases. Anyone who helps us now will find us almost a permanent customer".

SAN FRANCISCO Aug. 20 (UPI): Uranium has been discovered at Sandernardino county in southern California

Albert Marsha a cattle rancher made the initial discovery on his land and approximately 20 acres of his property are stated to contain substantial amounts of "highly radio active material".

600 ARRESTS IN BERLIN

BERLIN, Aug. 20 (Reuter): Russian soldiers and German police crossed into both the United States and British sectors of Berlin in new black market raids today. On American-occupied ground, they arrested a western sector German police chief and five of his officers and seized a police car. Altogether they arrested 600 people today, some of them, it is alleged, on the British side of the boundary which runs down the middle of Potsdamer Platz, favourite square of the City's black marketeers.

British military police were standing by in the neighbouring back streets tonight, after the incidents of the past 24 hours.

The black market was in full operation again this evening and hundreds of curbside dealers were openly trading in Berlin's two currencies, and selling chocolate and cigarettes

KREMLIN MEETING FAILS TO MATERIALISE

MOSCOW, Aug. 20 (Reuter): The Kremlin meeting between Mr. Molotov and the Western Envoys—which many observers expected for tonight—failed to materialise.

Up till now, the usual gap between two meetings of the envoys with Mr. Molotov has been at the most three or four days. This allowed the envoys to report to Washington and Paris.

It is thought here now that the three envoys have not yet agreed the precise terms of their answer to Molotov's communication at the last meeting—on which may well depend agreement or not

FIGHTING RESUMED IN PALESTINE

AMMAN, August 20, (U.P.A.): Reports from Jerusalem said that Arab-Jewish fighting has resumed today near Government House. No details were available

Meantime, officials reported here the talks for unification of all Arab armies were continuing.

U.S. AIR FORCE OBSERVERS ASKED TO RETURN TO GERMANY

JERUSALEM, August 20, (U.P.A.): Seven United States Air Force observers were instructed by their headquarters in Germany today to return there as soon as possible. They will be accompanied by Colonel Alfred Perry, Chief of the United Nations observers, in the Tel Aviv area. The cause of the recall was not revealed.

ARAB IRREGULARS TO BE REPLACED

HAIFA, August 20, (Reuter): General Aage Lundstrom, Chief of Staff of the United Nations Palestine Commission, has agreed to a Jewish and Arab Legion request to replace Arab irregulars in Jerusalem by the same number of Arab Legionaries.

The request was made by the Jewish authorities and by Brigadier Norman Lash, Jerusalem Commander of the Arab Legion, to avoid sniping and other uncontrolled action in the Holy City, a United Nations spokesman said.

If the exchange is made, the Jerusalem situation should become more controllable, the spokesman added. ported.

COL. DHILLON BREAKS FAST

AMBALA, August 20 (API): Col. G. S. Dhillon, formerly of the I.N.A., today decided to break his fast today following an assurance reported to have been given by the Premier of East Punjab, Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, that the East Punjab Government had revised its views regarding the motives of General Mohan Singh for raising the Desh Sewak Sena.

Col. Dhillon started his 'fast unto death on August 11 as a protest against the East Punjab Government's allegations against General Monan Singh that the Desh Sewak Sena was being raised "to seize power"

CHINESE WAR ON INFLATION

Fresidential Decree Bans Foreign Currencies

NANKING, Aug. 20 (Reuter): The Chinese Government today banned under a Presidential decree the circulation, possession or sale of all foreign currencies in China together with gold bullion silver bullion and silver coins.

The decree forbids gold and silver to be moulded into ornaments as a means of evading the law.

The decree also ordered Chinese nationals to register all property held abroad valued at more than 3,000 United States dollars. Assets to be registered include bank deposits, foreign currency, gold bullion, gold bars, stocks and shares bonds and title deeds.

The Chinese Government today proclaimed the regulations governing the issue of the new gold Yuan, announced yesterday as one of a series of measures to check China's steadily mounting inflation. The regulations are effective from today.

Public enthusiasm for the new currency issue was reflected by reaction from two of China's principle cities this morning.

Chaos reigned in Tientsin cloth, cotton yarn and other markets, with prices dropping sharply.

Reds Lose Vital Transport Centre

NANKING, Aug. 20 (Reuter) The Chinese Government today claimed the recapture of the important cities of Lwanping, 15 miles west of the Johol capital of Chengteh, and Yenking in South-East Chahar.

The dispatches said the seizure of Yenking, which had been a vital transport centre for the Communists, would have a "considerable bearing" on future developments on the north China front.

FIGHTING BREAKS OUT NEAR SAIGON

SAIGON, Aug. 20 (UPA): Heavy fighting between Viet Minh rebel and French forces continued west of here today following a vote in the French Assembly to back up the strong French policy in Indo-China.

Nine Frenchmen and Indo-Chinese soldiers were killed when a Viet Minh force attacked a French post at Go Bac Chien, 100 kilometres west of Saigon, French military sources here said.

The Viet Minh leader for Cochin-China was captured in another ambush near Jonos Plain, 40 kilometres from Saigon, it was reported

Negro Kept Out Of Rotary!

ALLAHABAD, August 19 (U.P.I.): Although the American Rotarians talked in terms of promoting international goodwill and fellowship, there was not a single Negro member in any of the 4,000 Rotary Clubs in the U.S.A

This was revealed by Dr. Dastoor, who recently returned from America, speaking at a meeting of the Allahabad Rotary Club today.

Giving his impressions of Rotary activities in America, Dr. Dastoor said that when the aim of the Rotary was being discussed at a meeting, he asked why Negroes, some of whom were definitely of the best calibre, were excluded from membership. No satisfactory answer came from the members present, he aded.

Dr. Dastoor further stated that he had been away for 16 months and his area of travel ranged from Barkeley in California to Oslo in Norway. He had varied and pleasant experiences in America and abroad he said.

INDEPENDENCE FOR ALL PEOPLE IN EMPIRE

London Conference Puts Forward Demand

LONDON, August 20 (UPI): A demand for recognition by the British Government of the right of independence of all peoples in the British Empire and for handing over power within a fixed time limit to democratically elected constituent assemblies, is made in a joint declaration issued by the delegates to the Congress of European, Asiatic and African Socialist and Democratic movements, headed by Mr Fenner Brockway and several other British Labour M.P.'s.

Urging the British representatives to raise the whole colonial question at the United Nations and propose that similar procedure should be accepted by all the colonial empires, the declaration emphatically reject any theories about the "cultural and political unfitness" of any people for full, immediate independence and equally the imposition of schemes like 'Dominion Status', "Indirect Rule", etc., as a substitute for self-determination and genuine self-government which, according to the declaration, are mainly replacements of the earlier naked and open exploitation of the colonies.

The Congress has appointed a Permanent Committee with representatives from Europe, Asia and Africa.

An International Secretariat has been established in Paris and Centres are being formed in India, North Africa, Negro Africa and Britain. Mr. Fenner Brockway has been appointed Chairman of the International Executive

BELGRADE, Aug. 20 (UPI): The Yugoslav Miners' Executive has sent a cable to Marshall Tito expressing confidence and loyalt in his leadership.

PROTIMA DASGUPTA'S gentle beauty care is LUX TOILET SOAP

LTS. 191-111

★ The Beauty Soap of the Film Stars ★

Heavy days need sound sleep

'mix a Milo'

When temperature and humidity are in the 'nineties', it's often difficult to get the proper sleep. Nerves become frayed and resistance is lowered. For fitful sleep and insomnia, Doctors recommend

MILO

FORTIFIED TONIC FOOD

A NESTLÉ PRODUCT

FLARE-UP IN MALAY TERRORIST ACTIVITIES

Threehundred Attack Johore Estate: European Planter Shot Dead

SINGAPORE, Aug. 20 (UPI): Three hundred terrorists attacked Sombrong Estate in Johore today and retired after a gun battle with the police who arrived in response to calls for assistance. Three Asian guards were killed and six wounded. Two terrorists were killed.

Early this morning a European planter was shot dead by insurgents who ambushed him. A special constable was also killed while eight other persons were wounded.

A U. P. A. message adds: A Royal Air Force Dakota reconnaissance plane, reported missing since 10-20 a. m. yesterday, was sighted today from the air in a valley one mile south-west of Batu Melingtang in northern Kelantan state.

Meantime, the Communist inspired rebels continued their anti-British terrorism today by the killing of a European planter, J. L. Boden.

Boden was shot while riding in a jeep to the assistance of the manager in an adjoining rubber estate in Lavanglang, in central Johore, which was being attacked by some 300 terrorists at dawn today.

With a party of special guards Boden rushed to reinforce the beleaguered manager, but the party was caught in an ambush.

Three of Boden's Asiatic guards also were killed and six others wounded while the terrorists suffered two killed

THE "HUSSARS" LEAVE FOR MALAYA

SOUTHAMPTON, Aug. 20 (UPA). Winston Churchill's old regiment—the Fourth Queen's Own Hussars—sailed today for Malaya—the first reinforcements to be posted to that trouble spot from Britain.

LONDON, Aug. 20 (UPI): Calling upon the workers of Britain to refuse to handle munitions or transport troops for war on the Malayan people the British Communist Party in a statement today appeals to every section of Labour Movement to demand an immediate ending of the war in Malaya.

The statement condemns the bombing of villages, killing of men, women and children, arrests of thousands, and suppression of democratic and Trade Union rights. It says all these represent methods of barbarity and frightfulness to suppress the struggle of the people battling for their freedom.

JEWELLERY STOLEN AT BANGKOK AIRPORT

BANGKOK, Aug. 20 (Reuter): Jewellery valued at 1,50,000 ticals which arrived last week-end on the way from London to Singapore was stolen from the Customs strong room at the air-port here by thieves who, it is thought, used keys.

Stop Press

CEYLON CITIZENSHIP BILL PASSED

COLOMBO, Aug. 20 (Reuter)—The House of Representatives today passed the Ceylon Citizenship Bill by 53 votes to 35.

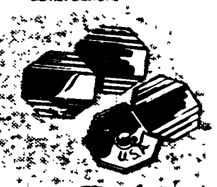
The Bill now go to a committee of the whole house.

Fame ...

THROUGH DISTINGUISHED SERVICE

Some studs of Krementz Quality rolled gold plate have been worn for as long as thirty-five years.

All Krementz jewelry will give corresponding satisfaction.



Krementz cuff links remain bright because of their surface of hard rolled 14 KT. gold.

Krementz

FINE QUALITY JEWELRY

FOR MEN: Evening Jewelry • Collar Pins • Tie Holders • Cuff Links
FOR LADIES: Bracelets • Saree Pins • Earrings • Brooches

REPRESENTATIVES: MULLER & PHIPPS (INDIA), LTD.
Bombay: Queens Mansions, Boulton Road Fort
Calcutta: Wellesley House, 7, Wellesley Place • Madras: 15 Seshaiyaran Chetty Street

THE STEEL CORPORATION OF BENGAL LIMITED

Speech by Sir Biren Mookerjee, Chairman, the Steel Corporation of Bengal Ltd., dealing with the year ended 31st December, 1947, delivered at the annual general meeting of the Shareholders held on 16th August, 1948.

Gentlemen,

The Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1947, together with your Directors' Report, have been in your hands for some weeks and in my remarks to you today it will be my endeavour to explain some of the many grave difficulties which we had to face during the year under review.

Many adverse factors were responsible for these difficulties. Shareholders, I know, must be tired of the reiteration in Chairmen's speeches of the lack of effort on the part of labour combined with demands for higher and higher wages, nor do we, as business people, find any pleasure in constantly referring to this matter. The situation created however is so perilous, not only for our Company but also for industry at large, that too much or too frequent public attention to it cannot be drawn. Political Independence for India is a blessing which cannot be overvalued, but unfortunately it has been taken by a section of the people to mean the right of the individual to do what he likes, and when he likes, irrespective of the consequences to others. I wish to mention in particular some very disturbing factors which have come in the wake of independence thus interpreted—indiscipline, intimidation and, sometimes even, in actual assaults on the supervisory staff whether Indian or non-Indian. No Works, particularly of such magnitude as that of this Company, can be profitably run if liberty means unbridled licence, and the exercise of legitimate authority is met, not only with indiscipline, but actual violence against those who are employed on supervisory work.

I want to make it clear that the policy of your Management towards labour has been generous and responsive. No restraint has been put on the expression of its legitimate action to further its demands, and we have at all times been willing to co-operate with it and to concede, when our means permit, all reasonable claims. But our efforts in the direction of obtaining a fair day's work for a fair day's pay have not been reciprocated, and this has been one of the principal contributory causes of the deplorable results disclosed in the accounts.

As you will see from your Directors' report the production for 1947 was approximately the same as in 1945 though it must be remembered that your Duplex Plant in 1945 was still under construction. If it had not come into operation in 1947 the tonnage of steel produced would have been very much lower than in 1945. We started off in 1947 with heavy burdens on our shoulders. After the unnecessary strike of 1946 very severe increases in wages, and direct and indirect concessions granted to labour, resulted in a serious rise in costs. This was not absorbed, as was possible, by any effort on the part of labour to enhance the output. Where a Company has to pay higher wages to its labour without getting a corresponding return in output, an adverse reaction on the profits is inevitable. Apart from the serious loss in profits to all shareholders, and also to the Government Revenues in the shape of taxation, the question arises as to how long any Company can survive under such conditions. Unless a different policy on the part of labour and Government is adopted a time must soon come when Industry may find it impossible to carry on any longer and irreparable damage to National economy may ensue.

With the loss in production and higher wages, large rises in the prices of coal, raw materials and other essentials of manufacture, and increase in freights, our costs of production have soared higher than ever before in a single year. The selling prices of steel, as you are aware, are fixed by the Government and no increases in them can be made by us without the prior sanction of Government. These were last fixed in April, 1946, and remained in force until January, 1948, when the Government granted an increase to the main producers. This increase was not retrospective and all the increases in cost for 1947 had to be met out of the proceeds of selling prices prevalent since April, 1946. Moreover the higher price granted in January this year is far short of the enhanced costs of production. As a result of our frequent requests, since January, 1947, the Government have referred to the Tariff Board an enquiry into the fair selling prices of steel ex Works. The Board has started a preliminary investigation into costs and it is expected that it will take oral evidence shortly.

On the distribution side, too, we have had many major difficulties to contend with. The partition of India added to our troubles by the dislocation of markets in Pakistan territory, and in common with all other industries, we have suffered acutely and are still suffering, from the shortage of Railway wagons and restrictions in Railway bookings throughout the Indian Union.

Referring to the balance sheet, you will notice that considerable capital expenditure has been undertaken. This expenditure is all part of our development policy, which, when more normal times return, should bring about beneficial returns.

Turning to the Profit and Loss Account, it would be unfair to draw a comparison with the corresponding figures shown for 1946 as during the latter year the Works were closed down for over four months owing to a strike. It can generally be said, however, that all expenses have been very considerably increased over those of previous years.

You will also notice that this year the sum set aside for depreciation is Rs. 40 lacs. This is the minium sum which it is prudent and necessary for us to set aside and is less than the actual amount which we expect to be allowed by the Income Tax authorities as the Income Tax rates. As a matter of interest and to remove from the minds of shareholders any doubts as to whether the setting aside of this Rs. 40 Lacs is justifiable. I would state that the written down Income Tax value of our Block is considerably less than our Book figures, owing to our inability to write off the full depreciation in the initial years of the Company's working and also owing to the fact that as last year the Company's Works were closed for over a third of the year, a smaller sum than the statutory allowance was adopted. In these circumstances, you would, I am sure, agree with me that we would have done you an unpardonable disservice if we had succumbed to what, taking a long view, may be described as the suicidal temptation of sacrificing any part of the depreciation amount to the payment to you of a dividend which, for reasons beyond its control, the Company had not earned.

The net results of the year, I regret to say, are most disappointing as they permit only of the payment of the Preference dividend and do not allow of the payment of any dividend to the Ordinary shareholders.

Before I close I would like to express our thanks and yours to all the executive and supervisory staff of the Company. It has been a worrying and depressing year for all. The endeavour to overcome difficulties which were not of our own creation has put us all to a severe test and had a high spirit of loyalty and service not freely prevailed on the part of our staff the results would have been very much worse than they have been.

I shall be pleased to answer to the best of my ability any questions which you may like to ask.

OPERATION OF NEW RENT ACT

High Court Decision On Sub-Tenant's Application

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar).

Shirpa Rama—Applicant

vs.

Laxmidas Tricumdas and others—Opponents.

Opponents 1 and 2 are the owners of the property called "Pathan Chawls" at Haines Road, Worli, which consisted of a number of small chawls. The applicant occupied a room in one of these chawls as a sub-tenant of oponent 3 in whose name the room stood. Opponents 1 and 2 being desirous of pulling down these chawls, filed about 160 ejectment suits in the Court of Small Causes in respect of various rooms including one in respect of the room occupied by the applicant.

The suits were heard in that Court by Judge T. T. Barodawalla who on 16th June 1947 ordered all the tenants to vacate, but recorded an undertaking by the landlords that they would not apply for warrants for possession till 31st December 1947 if the arrears of rent were paid Thereafter with the consent of the landlords, the Court extended the time till 29th February 1948.

In the meantime the Bombay Rent Act 57 of 1947 came into force on 15th February 1948, section 14 of which protected sub-tenants to whom the premises had been lawfully sublet before the coming into operation of that Act and made them direct tenants of the landlord when the interest of the tenant in those premises was determined for any reason.

When in April 1948 the landlords sought to execute the warrant of possession, they were obstructed by the applicant who claimed to be protected by section 14 of the new Act as a sub-tenant to whom the premises had been lawfully sub-let before the coming into operation of the new Rent Act.

The landlords took out an obstruction notice in the Court of Small Causes against the applicant. Mr. T. T. Barodawalla, Judge of the Court of Small Causes who heard it, held that section 14 of the new Act was inapplicable and ordered the applicant to vacate. From that order the subtenant applied in Revision to the High Court.

Dismissing the application with costs and ordering the tenants to vacate by 15th September 1948, their Lordships held that section 14 of the new Rent Act only applied to cases in which the tenancy was determined after the coming into operation of that Act on 13th February 1948.

In their lordships' opinion, in the present case the tenancy came to an end on 16th June 1947 when the Small Causes Court passed the ejectment decree and the fact that that Court had with the consent of the landlords allowed the tenants to remain in possession till 29th February 1948 did not create any kind of tenancy.

Mr Noronha with Mr. Pradhan appeared for the applicant.

Mr. K. T. Khandalawalla with Mr. Hungund appeared for opponents 1 and 2.

Opponent 3 did not appear.

BHARAT PENCILS.

We have received a packet of pencils from Messrs. Bharat Pancils, 12, Bombay Road, Poona 3. The pencils are in different colours and designs. The Bharat Pencils are the first pencil manufacturers in the Bombay province and started production only a few months ago.

CORPORATORS TO CONGRATULATE WORKERS

A special meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation has been called for next Monday to consider a resolution expressing "the Corporation's appreciation of the attitude of the textile workers of the City in not staging the Token Strike of the 11th August 1948 as threatened and thus showing commendable respect for law and regard for public welfare."

A requisition to this efect was sent to the Mayor by four members of the Standing Committee—Messrs. B. A. Dalal, B. R. Nayen, Salebhoy A. Kader and Homi J. H. Taleyarkhan—all belonging to the Congress Party.

The Mayor has fixed 4-10 p.m., Monday for the meeting.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.

Previous Closing	31.03
Today's Opening	31.03
Difference	Nil
Today's Closing	30.92
Difference	—11

LAST QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, Aug. 20.

	Rs. As.
Silver Bullion Forward	176 6
Gold Forward	112 6
Gold Ready	114 14
Sovereign	76 8
EXPECTATION:	
Cotton Jarila Sept.	579 0

NEW YORK STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 36-7/8. General Motors dol. 63-3/4. United States Steel Common dol. 77-3/4. Preference unquoted.—(Reuter).

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Aug. 20. (Reuter): London Stock Exchange dealers were today considering what week-end will produce in way of political news.

Prices remained fairly firm in all sections but there was some evidence of losing of open positions. An earlier tone of quiet optimism was replaced by caution and occasional nervousness.

Trading in Gilteaged was small but produced scattered improvements one-sixteenth.

Industrials were without outstanding feature. Imperial Chemical new shares declined to three shillings premium.

There was a revival of interest in foreign bonds. Chinese issues advanced several points following the news of China's currency reform. German potash issues made useful headway on small buying orders.

Foreign rails continued to attract buyers who were particularly favouring Brazilian issues.

South African mining issues recorded early improvement. The gains however, were not fully held by close.

Calicut Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALICUT, Aug. 20.

Coiryarn Beypore 135/145, Quilandy 145/155, Fibre Garbled 100, Ungarbled 90, Cocoanuts Raw 100/101, Dry 150, Cocoanut Oil 460, Copra Office 315 Dilpasand 327/8, Madrasnottam 330, Pepper Wynaad 1400, Country 1350 Dry Ginger Chernad 425, Ernad 400, Coffee Robusta 155, Timber Pali 50/60, Junglewood 30/35, Vellapine 45/50, Benteak 40/50, Teak 75/120, Mango 3/4, Teak 10/20, Rosewood 10/15.

Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Correspondent.)

HAPUR, Aug. 20.

Yesterday closing:—Silver 166/7, Gold 113/12, Gur Fagan 10/3.

Today: Silver Forward 166/6, Asuj 165/6 Touched 166/9.

Gold Forward 113/12, Asuj 113, Touched 114, Very steady.

Gur Ready 14/4, Fagan 10/4/3, Opened 10/4/3 Very steady.

Crystal 37/2, Bardana Ready 109, Asuj 105/8, October 115. Very steady.

Wheat 24 to 22, Gram 13/8, Barley 12/12, Peas 12/6, Arhar 12/6, Moong 18/12, Urd 19/8, Sarson 24/12, Mustard Oil 68, Oilcake 8, Cottonseed 14, Groundnut 16, Oats 9/8.

Calcutta Share Bazar Continues Steady

CALCUTTA, Aug. 20: The market continued steady round all sections. The volume of business was moderate. Following are today's final transactions upto 1-45 p. m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent. Loan 1986 99/13 three per cent. Loan 1951/54 102/11 three per cent. Loan 1953/55 102/11 s lot three per cent. Loan 1959/61 101/15 s lot three per cent. Loan 1970/75 100/11 four per cent. Loan 1960/70 110/12.

BANKS: Imperial Bank (conty) 497/- s odd lot Nath Bank (fully paid) 17/12 s lots Reserve Bank 113/-.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 12/2 Dunbar 206/-.

COALS: Amalgamated 26/- Bengal 448/- Burrakur 21/- Churulia 4/12 Equitable 41/8 Kalpahari 32/4 Pench Valley 27/12 Seebpore 35/12 South Karanpura 24/4 Standard 17/12 Talcher 4/12 Western Bengal 5/11.

JUTES: Barnagore 283/- Exdiv Belvedere 308/- Champdany 201/- s lot Cheviot 270/- s lot Howrah 30/8 India 187/- Kamarhatty 307/- Kanknarrah 265/8 odd lot Nellimarla 30/15 Nuddea 88/8 Reliance 28/9.

MININGS: Burma Corpn 3/6 Indian Copper 2/9.

ENGINEERINGS: Indian Iron and Steel 26/2 Marshalls 6/13 Steel Corpn (pref) 120/- Textile Machinery 8/6.

MISCELLANEOUS: Dalmia Cement 9/14 Sone Valley Cement 7/15 Alkali and Chemical 117/- Bathgate and Co. 5/7 Calcutta Electric 23/3 Alluminium Corpn. 6/12 Bicorpn 8/- E and C Osler 9/8 Indian National Airways 7/12 Jardine Henderson 171/- Macfarnale and Co. 4/12 Paper 10/4 Star Paper 6/9 Titaghur National Tobacco 21/6 Shree Gopal Paper 40/12 Ex Div Assam Saws 6/3 Indian General Navgn 108/- India Steamship 11/4.

SUGARS: Carew and Co. 9/12 Raza 17/4 Ex Div.

TEAS: Bateli 14/4 s lots East India 21/10 Hantapara 358/12 Ct Ledo 168/- Patrakola 315/- Ct Sapoi 25/4 Birpara 213/- Kasimara 60/- Jutlibari 20/6 Singell 85/-.

COMPOUNDER UNDER ARREST

Alleged Negligence Leads To Death Of 18-Year-Old Boy

BOMBAY, Friday.

Gabrial Dias a compounder serving with Kemp and Co. at Cumballa Hill, Bombay was arrested by the Detection squad of Crime Branch, C.I.D., yesterday for an alleged negligent act which resulted in the death of a young boy.

According to the police, who produced the compounder before Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court today, Jerome DeSouza 18-year-old employee of the Ciba Ltd at Tardeo complained of severe cough and cold on July 20 last and the factory doctor prescribed medicine for him. The prescription it was alleged, was sent to Messrs Kemp and Company at Cumballa Hill. On the evening of July 21 Jerome is reported to have taken a dose of the mixture supplied to him by the firm and within a minute he fell down unconscious. Next minute he was dead. A local doctor at Andheri, where he was residing, certified the cause of death to be heart failure. Next day his body was buried in a cemetry at Andheri.

As the boy was hale and hearty but for the attack of cough and cold, suspicions were aroused and the remaining mixture was sent for analysis. It was alleged that one dose of the medicine contained 077 gram of Hydrocyanic Acid, .05 gram of which is enough to kill a person.

The police alleged that Dias had dispensed the prescription and given the mixture bottle to the accused.

Pending further inquiries Dias was released on bail.

SMOKE NUISANCE IN BOMBAY

Action Taken Against Factory Owners

Twenty-six complaints of smoke nuisance in the City of Bombay were received by the Bombay Smoke Nuisance Commission during the year 1947-48 as against 21 in the preceding year. The majority of complaints were against small industrial concerns such as metal casting and engineering works, bakeries, eating houses, etc Steps were taken to eliminate the nuisance.

During the year, the Commission examined 10 plants of proposed flues and chimneys in Bombay. Two plans regarding proposed alterations to an existing plant were examined by the Sub-Committee in Ahmedabad.

Smoke nuisance work in the newly added areas in Greater Bombay was also carried out. 28 chimneys in this area were approved by the Commission during the year So far 45 chimneys have been brought to the list since the Act was made applicable to Greater Bombay. It is expected that many more furnaces will be brought under the Act when the services of another Inspector, sanctioned by the Goverment, are available to the Commission.

THIRD SHIFT IN MILLS

"Impracticable Due To Paucity Of Materials"

BOMBAY, August 20. (UPI): Bombay Millowners are opposed to the introduction of a third-shift in textile mills recommended by the Bombay Industrial Conditions Inquiry Committee appointed by the Bombay Government, as a temporary measure until the cloth situation improved, the "United Press of India" understands.

A top-ranking spokesman of the Millowners giving the reactions of the Millowners, said: "We desired to introduce a third-shift two-years back and had made all the necessary preparations for it, but the Bombay Government opposed the proposal, as the result of which we had to drop the idea."

"However," he added, "we would not be able to introduce it now, on account of several factors such as the shortage of raw materials in requisite quantities including bobbins, shuttles and cardioad, as also of electric power. There is a shortage of labour as well."

"We have usually to maintain stocks 50 per cent above consumption. On the introduction of a third-shift, the output will increase immensely, and making it impossible for us to maintain such stocks, in view of this shortage," he further observed.

CARGO CONGESTION IN DOCKS

BOMBAY, Friday (A.P.I.): The Bombay Port Trust today sent an urgent request to the Government of India's Ministry of Transport for an increased number of wagons to clear cargo from the docks, which have been filled to capacity for several months.

Twenty-two ships were today stated to be waiting in midstream to be unloaded, the earliest of them having arrived fifteen days ago. It is computed that nearly a thousand wagons will be needed to remove the larger consignments of cargo now congesting the docks.

The Port Trust has also requested the Government of India to increase their quota of petrol to operate the cranes and other equipment and that of the clearing agents, and to arrange for immediate release of sufficient quantity of steel for rebuilding sheds and warehouses either demolished or damaged during the 1944 dock explosion.

CLOTH AND YARN FOR KASHMIR

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Kashmir Trade Agent in Amritsar has arrived in Bombay in connection with the purchase of cloth from Government of Bombay. He has already purchased 1110 bales of cotton cloth and 150 bales of cotton yarn. Railway priority has been given by the Government to move the material to Kashmir. This is the quota sanctioned by the Central Government to Kashmir from Bombay.

KHER ON NEED FOR HANDICRAFTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

Premier B. G. Kher, after addressing the Marathi Grantha Sangrahalaya on Thursday, paid an unofficial visit to the Chikitsaka Samuha Hastakala Vidyalaya, where teachers are trained in handicraft work of various kinds.

Mr. Kher expressed satisfaction at the work and equipment of the Vidyalaya and urged the students to pay serious attention to handicraft work, which is an essential part of Basic Education.

The Hastakala Vidyalaya is conducted by the Chikitsaka Samuha, which also conducts a high school and a primary school.

Future Of Bombay

The Secretary, Maha Gujarat Rajasthan Praja Sammelan writes:-

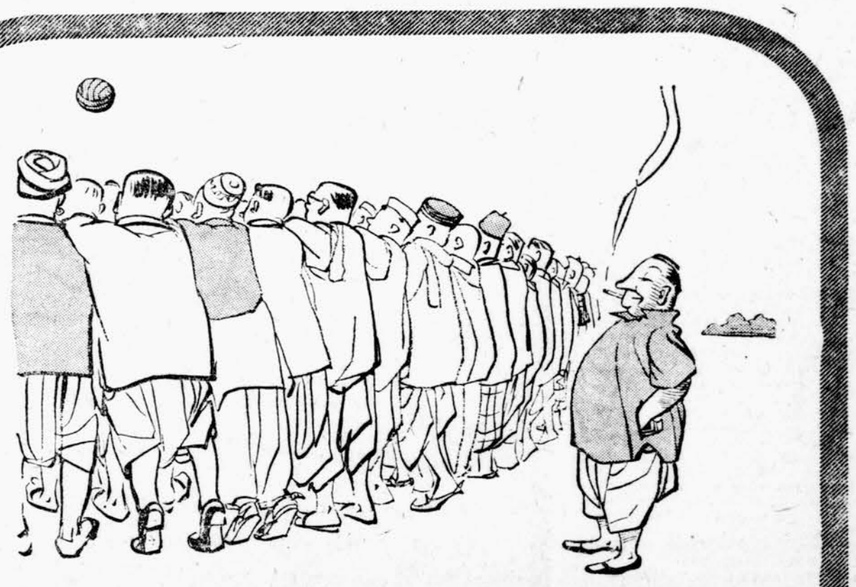
We are really surprised that a propaganda is being carried not only for the formation of Marathi speaking areas into a single province but of including Bombay in it. Bombay is an all-India centre built up by the people from many provinces in India and occupies a pivotal position so far as the whole of India is concerned from the Geographical and economic point of view. Its population is drawn from many provinces in India and if there is going to be disruption of the Province of Bombay the city of Bombay with its port and suburbs must be formed into a separate Province with suitable adjustment of boundaries. But apart from this question, the stand which the Gujarat Maha Sammelan has taken is most sensible one in the present situation of the country. By trying to disrupt the present boundaries of the province of Bombay we are raising unnecessary controversy, creating bad blood between communities and creating complicated problems which affect not only the Province of Bombay but C.P. and Berar and Madras. Particularly when the question of Hyderabad which has much Marathi speaking and Kanarese speaking population, is not solved. We hope better counsel will prevail among the champions of Brihat Maharashtra and in the interest of the country they will give up their insistence on raising this question at the time when the country warns the stabilisation of the present administrative machinery in the country.

Bombay is not Maharashtrian, it is all-India, and those who claim a province on linguistic homogeneity have no right to attach a place which is multi-linguistic in population like Bombay.

SITE FOR V. J. PATEL'S STATUE

The Government of Bombay has allotted a new site, admeasuring 18' x 18' on the Chowpatty foreshore, for the erection of a statue of the late Mr. Vithalbhai J. Patel. The previously allotted site was 18' x 16' which was later discovered to be unsuitable for the purpose.

BOMBAY, Friday: During the week ended August 7., the Bombay Land Requisition Office of the Government of Bombay requisitioned 34 residential and seven non-residential premises and allotted 17 residential and two non-residential premises in Greater Bombay. During the same period, 218 reports of suppressed vacancies were investigated.



WILLS'S SCISSORS are such a soothing smoke

5 annas per packet of 10
½ anna per cigarette.
In tax free markets.

W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON.

5/178A

LATEST FARMING EQUIPMENT NOW AVAILABLE

JOHN DEERE TRACTORS & IMPLEMENTS

JOHN DEERE, a name of 110 years' standing – famous for its inventions, developments and improvements in agricultural machinery – is now back in India. The tough, rugged, yet economical 2-cylinder engined JOHN DEERE tractor is the last word in sturdy power and fuel saving. In the picture it is drawing a JOHN DEERE Mould Board Plough which can be lifted or lowered by Hydraulic Remote Control from the driver's seat. Learn more about this outstanding equipment at Larsen & Toubro Limited's Offices, or from their service engineers.

Some JOHN DEERE improvements are
★ Higher clearance, to prevent damage to tall crops
★ Wider wheel adjustment for any combination of row widths
★ Interchangeable front wheel assemblies for different jobs
★ Remote hydraulic control of implements

JOHN DEERE means MORE PRODUCTION, LOWER COSTS and HIGHER PROFITS

IN SERVICE L&T LIES SUCCESS

LARSEN & TOUBRO LIMITED

LLOYD BUILDING, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY • 120 ARMENIAN STREET, MADRAS
P. O. BOX 278, BOMBAY P. O. BOX 295, MADRAS

Position Of Pakistan Scheduled Banks

(From Our Correspondent.)
KARACHI, (By Air Mail.)

A press communique issued by the State Bank of Pakistan giving statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on the 6th August 1948 says:—

Demand Liabilities in Pakistan:—	
(a) Borrowings from banks	59,23,000
(b) Other demand liabilities	90,52,68,000
Time Liabilities in Pakistan:	
(a) Borrowings from banks	10,02,000
(b) Other time liabilities	15,93,04,000
Cash in Pakistan:—	
(a) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	1,41,65,000
(b) Pakistan Notes	1,59,52,000
(c) India Rupee Coin	15,16,000
(d) Pakistan Rupee Coin	4,36,000
(e) India Subsidiary Coin	2,37,000
(f) Pakistan Subsidiary Coin	93,000
Balances with the State Bank:—	
(a) Principal Office	20,30,82,000
(b) Other Offices and Branches	3,64,85,000
Advances in Pakistan	24,29,04,000
Bills Discounted in Pakistan	42,63,000

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 13TH AUGUST:

Demand Liabilities in India.	Rs
(i) Borrowings from banks	21,77,37,000
(ii) Other demand liabilities	672,19,04,000
Time Liabilities in India.	
(i) Borrowings from banks	1,03,39,000
(ii) Other time liabilities	310,55,80,000
Cash in India.	
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes.	35,29,93,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,42,20,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	69,78,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	97,74,11,000
Advances in India	403,65,74,000
Bills discounted in India	16,30,49,000

Sugar Monopoly

Mr. Indraji. T. Parekh, President, Standing Committee, All India Sugar Merchants' Conference writes:—

Sir,—"I have read the statement from the Publicity Officer, the Indian Sugar Syndicate, Cawnpore in the Press acknowledging the fact that the Syndicate did allow "a company of merchants in Bombay" to start negotiations with them for the monopoly tradition rights in sugar. I, however, think it my duty to hurry to thank the press all over the Indian Union for their giving timely publicity to the protest raised by the various bodies of sugar merchants from all over India against the contemplated move on the part of the Syndicate to give away monopoly of selling sugar in Bombay to be followed gradually in the remaining major markets all over the country".—Yours, etc.,

INDRAJI T. PAREKH.

British Industries Fair-1949

British Industries Fair 1949 is already taking shape. Plans begun before the 1948 event closed its doors are now well advanced. Application forms for space have been sent to all previous exhibitors and other interested firms and enquiries already to hand indicate that demand will be exceptionally heavy. The British Industries Fair next year will be held in London and Birmingham from May 2 to 13.

Plane With A "New Look"

A new British plane with a very "new look" will make its first public appearance at what may well prove to be the world's biggest air show, to be staged by the Society of British Aircraft Constructors at Farnborough, in September. The new machine, named the "Satellite", is being built at Croydon. It will be a magnesium plane and its 250 h.p. engine is mounted laternally, behind the cabin. The engine drives a propeller located behind a "butterfly" tail.

Statistics Are Vital To Industry

INTERNATIONAL IMPORTANCE OF PRODUCTION INDICES

(BY JOHN KINGSLEY.)

The compilation of statistics and economic facts has never had such a boom as in the last few years. In fact, an increasing supply of facts and figures showing the latest trends in commerce and industry has become an important feature of post-war progress. On an international scale this is being done by the United Nations Organisation and its off-shoots, and by fact-finding technical committees of such bodies as the Organisation for European Economic Co-operation.

So far as Britain is concerned statistics are now being compiled regularly for an increasing number of industries and trades. The Government has introduced several new indices, such as for industrial production and retail prices, and is also encouraging non-Government bodies to expand the collection and flow of current economic knowledge.

One very interesting part of this drive for more facts is the manner in which a rapidly-growing number of Britain's public companies are giving more information about their trading operations. Although this tendency began before the war, there is little doubt that it has been stimulated by the new Companies Act which is now coming fully into effect, and which insists on all companies to give more information to their shareholders.

MARGINS OF PROFIT

A number of Britain's companies are going far beyond their statutory obligations to give financial and production information to their shareholders and to the public at large. Many of these business facts and figures have a national, and even international, importance. For instance many concerns are now giving details of how their income is being spent on wages, materials, fuel, over-heads, depreciation, dividends and reserves.

I have selected a small cross-section of these reports which will give some idea of the margins of profit on which Britain's concerns are today trading. Imperial Chemical Industries, with its widespread interests in chemicals, dye-stuffs, and fertilisers, and a great number of ancillary industries, is one of Britain's industrial giants. Last year the gross income from its various activities, including investment income, was some £140,000,000 (Rs. 186.34 crores). Of this 53.25 per cent. was spent on raw materials and purchases for re-sale, maintenance of plant, freight and other direct expenses; almost 24.5 per cent. went on wages, salaries and pensions, depreciation and obsolescence took just under 11.5 per cent. The balance left was, therefore, under six per cent., of which the shareholders took less than half, and reserves the reminder.

A. E. INDUSTRIES

In the case of Associated Electrical Industries, which has a world-wide reputation for the supply of electrical equipment, the gross turn-over was spent as: 35.5 per cent. on raw materials, 36.5 per cent. on wages and salaries, 16 per cent. on operating expenses, two per cent. on depreciation and almost six per cent on taxation, leaving some four per cent. for reserves and dividends. Of this a little over 1.5 per cent. was distributed as dividends.

HEAVY INDUSTRIES

Although the proportions left as profits are universally not high, costs of materials, labour and so on vary with different industries, and because of specialisation, even within particular industries. A few similar facts from the iron and steel companies show how Britain's heavy industries are allocating their incomes.

Richard Thomas and Baldwins, the big steel-rolling and tin-plate concerns, spent 61 per cent. of its gross revenue on raw materials, material for maintenance work and other expenses, and 23 per cent. on wages, salaries and remuneration generally. Of the balance, taxation took 7.5 per cent. and debenture and other interest just under one per cent. while slightly less than 5.75 per cent. was used for the redemption of indebtedness and the strengthening of reserves, and a bare 1.66 per cent. was paid in dividends. The Park Gate Iron and Steel Company had just over 2.5 per cent. left for reserves and dividends, as did Colvilles, another leading British steel company.

The net profit on the turnover of Coutauld's, the big rayon combine, was about 3.5 per cent. while the corresponding figure for Metal Box Company, which makes cans and containers of all descriptions and has world-wide trade connections, was less than 2.5 per cent.

In many instances United Kingdom companies are distributing in dividends far less than their net profits. Two reasons account mostly for this conservation. Firstly, the Government has asked the companies to limit their dividends to the rates paid last year, as a contribution to the anti-inflationary battle. Secondly, far-sighted managements are building up reserves to tide them over any difficult periods that may lie ahead.

Hessian Market

BOMBAY, Aug. 20.

45X11.	
Ready	108-1/2
Aug.-Sept.	108-1/2
Oct.-Dec.	111
D. W. 40X28.	
Ready	114 8 0
Aug.-Sept.	113 8 0
Oct.-Dec	113 0 0

METAL MARKET.

BOMBAY, Aug. 20.

Tin Shravan	61 0 0
Tin Aso	62 0 0
Copper Shravan	91 0 0
Copper Aso	92 0 0

PEPPER MARKET.

BOMBAY, Aug. 20.

Bhadarva	220 to 222
Aso	214 to 216

SUGAR MARKET.

BOMBAY, Aug. 20.

Small grain	109 8 0
Medium	112 8 0
Big size	115 0 0
Extra big	118 0 0
August	39 2 0
October	37 12 0
January	32 7 0
Arrivals	2129

ITALIAN ART-SILK YARN.

BOMBAY, Aug. 20.

150 D. August	4 7 3
150 D. Sept.	4 6 3
150 D. Ready	4 7 0
120 D. Ready	4 6 0
20/22 YELLOW SILK.	
August	26 0 0
September	26 4 0
Ready	25 14 0

Non-Ferrous Metals Quotations

BOMBAY, Aug. 20.

	Rs. As. (per cwt.)
ALUMINIUM:—	
(Govt. pool price).	
Ingots (virgin)	108 8
Sheets, 20 gauge	173 4
Circles, gauge	130 4
ANTIMONY:—	165 0
BRASS:—	
Ingots 70/30	81 0
Ingots 60/44/3	79 0
SHEETS:—	
20 oz. per sq. ft.	156 0
24 oz. per sq. ft.	145 0
35 oz. per sq. ft.	137 0
40 oz. per sq. ft.	120 0
48 oz. per sq. ft.	124 0
SCRAPS:—	
1st Grade	70 0
COPPER:—	
Ingots Electrolytic	92 0
Sheets:—	
20 oz. per sq. ft.	167 0
28 oz. per sq. ft.	170 0
35 oz. per sq. ft.	170 0
40 oz. per sq. ft.	162 0
60 oz. per sq. ft.	161 0
	Rs. As. (per cwt.)
Scrap cleam	87 0
Scrap mixed	82 0
LEAD:—	
Ingots (virgin)	75 0
Ingots (remelted)	65 0
Scrap Hard	50 0
Scrap Soft	55 0
NICKLE:—	
'F' Shot and/or Ingots	252 0
Pellets	245 0
TIN:—	417 0
(Govt. issue rate).	
Zinc:	
Electrolytic 'AZ'	63 0
Electrolytic other brands	65 0

Indian Cotton Figures

The weekly and total arrivals into and exports of cotton from Bombay forwarded by the East India Cotton Association are as under:

ARRIVALS.

Arrivals by Rail and Sea for week-ending August 19:—

	Bales.
Bengals	441
Oomras	4,715
Dhorieras	1,672
Broach	246
Southerns	2,601
Saudans	105
Egyptians	922
East African	3,062
Americans	8,452
Total	22,216

Total arrivals from 1st September 1947 to 19th August:

	Total.
1947-48	22,29,853
1946-47	19,38,070
1945-46	25,04,040
1944-45	20,62,530
1943-44	18,70,126

EXPORTS.

Exports for the week-ending 12th Aug.:—

Continent	—
China	—
U. S. A.	—
others	—
Coast Ports	100
Total	100

Exports from 1st September to 19th Aug.:—

	Totals.
1947-48	10,78,129
1946-47	4,89,979
1946-47	4,89,979
1945-46	5,37,108
1943-44	1,89,723

Exports by Rail from 1st September to 20th Aug. 3,36,236 bales.

Estimated mill consumption in Bombay from 1st September to 19th Aug ...06,704.

Same period last year 11,17,856.

Estimated Stock of Raw Cotton in all hands on August 19th 9,87,151

Same time last year 12,15,994

Produce Receipts

BOMBAY Aug. 20.

Cotton Bales	1,713
Linseed	9,795
Groundnuts	8,433
Gram	782
Castorseed	341
Mahuda	307
Cottonseed	669
Tilseed	1,179
Rice	1,284
Sarsan	12
Jowar	6,034

Slightly Better Tone On Madras Stock Exchange

MADRAS, Aug. 20: The local market after opening dull had a slightly better turnover today. Andhra banks and Indian bank fifty paid changed hand at quoted rates. Insurance and electrics were neglected. The planting section tea and coffee shares were in demand, while rubber shares remained steady.

Textiles were lifeless and dull. The miscellaneous section was featureless. The market closed dull and steady.

Following are today's quotations in the stock exchange:—

Government of India Loans three per cent. 1986 99/10 three per cent. 1970/75, 100/8.

Government of Travancore three per cent. 1952/54 103/0/6 Government of Madras three per cent. 1960 101/-.

BANKS: Reserve Bank 111

SUGARS AND BREWRIES: Deccan 17/12 Mysore 51/4

PLANTINGS. Chambers 5/13 Devashola 17/8 Nellimpathys 1/7 Ouchterlony 6/12 Periakaramalai 23/8 Pullangodes 1/3/6 Thriubadmi 2/5 T R and T C O 7/-

TEXTILES: Balasubramania 38/8 Buckinghams 176 Buckinghams pref 196 Cambodias 9/11 Coimbatore C M 91 Janardhanas 48 Lakshmi 67/- Maduras 40/8 Metturs 320 Mysore Spun 7/8 Pankajas 79 Radhakrishnas 141 Rajalakshmis 56 Ranga Vilas 43/6 Travancore Rayons 4/12 Trichinopolys 12/14/6 Vasanthas 101/-.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cements 61/4 Facts 6/4 Meindia Cements 14/15 Mettur Chem 9/2 (C D) Mysore Chem and Fert 10/2 Spencer 10/10 Loval Textiles and Malabar Industrials unchanged.

DECENTRALIZATION OF STEEL INDUSTRY BECOMES POSSIBLE

August 19 (UPA).—Decentralization of the massive steel industry became a definite possibility today.

The Babcock and Wilcox Tube Company and Republic Steel Corporation announced the development of a method for casting steel from a liquid phase to semi-finished shapes in "one simple relatively inexpensive machine."

The machine "presents possibilities of utmost importance to the entire steel industry", the companies said. They added: "The work accomplished to date makes it clear that for production of relatively small quanties of steel and particularly as a means of decentralizing steel production. this new development exactly fills the requirements of low capital and low operational costs."

The companies said the greatest single advantage of the new process was its complete elimination of the conventional process of steel making. The process would remove such massive and expensive parts as equipment for ingots, soaking pits and blooming mill.

KARACHI MARKET

KARACHI, Aug. 19.

COTTON: Sind NT 88/- Punjab 289 F. 106/- LSS 92/- FOUR F. 83/- tone steadier sellers being reserved account of damage to Sind Cotton crop owing to floods. 1000 bales business Oct./Nov reported Rs. 80 for roller and Rs. 85 to 87/- for saw gin.

Cottonseed NT 9/2 Desi 9/8 rapeseed 202/- Market firm.

Gold Tejabi 105/- Sovereigns 74/8 Silver Coins 120/- Gold market firm owing higher Bomoay advices.

STOCK EXCHANGES PAKISTAN: State Bank 100/- Habib Bank 167/- Habib Insurance 74/- Mohamemedi Steamship 102/ Orient Airways 21/- three per cent 1960 loan 100/8 steady.

Trade And Finance

Stock Exchange Displays Hesitant Tone

RISE IN GOLD ON UNFOUNDED RUMOURS AND SMALL STOCKS

(From Our Special Correspondent)
BOMBAY, Aug. 20.

MONEY

There was no change to report in the short-term money market, day-to-day loans being quoted at 1/4 per cent. Three months' deposits stood at 3/4 to 1 per cent and six months' money was quoted upto 1½ per cent per annum. Applications for this weeks sale of Treasury Bills amounted to Rs 6.55 crores against Rs. 6 crores invited and the requisite amount was accepted at Rs. 0-8-0 per cent unchanged from last week.

GILT-EDGED

The gilt-edged market maintained a steady poise during the week with moderate investment enquiry in long-dated loans. 3 per cent 1986 conversion loan also evoked some demand around Rs. 99-10 as against the previous week's close of Rs. 99-6. Among dated loans, 2½ per cent 1950 loan was static at Rs. 100-14, 2-3/4 per cent 1960 loan remained listless around Rs. 100-4 and 3 per cent 1951-54 loan around Rs. 102-10. 3 per cent 1957 Victory Loan reported some business at Rs. 102-12. 3 per cent 1963-65 loan was a little higher at Rs. 101-2. 3 per cent 1966-68 loan at Rs. 100-10 and 3 per cent 1970-75 loan at Rs. 100-9.

EXCHANGE

A steady undertone was manifest in the rupee-sterling exchange market with a limited activity in evidence. For interbank business, sellers of spot TT on London quoted 1s. 5-31/d. and buyers 1s. 6d. Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged as under:

Sellers of TT on London spot .... 1s. 5-31/32d.
Sellers of TT on London upto six months .... 1s. 5-15/16.d.
Buyers of TT on London spot and upto nine months .... 1s. 6-1/32d.

In New York, the sterling-dollar cross-rate remained steady at $4.03 for spot, but the forward rate moved up steadily to $02-316 during the week.

GOLD

Although little reflected in rates, a very steady undertone characterised the gold section of the bullion market mainly owing to a paucity of stocks and the emergence of a fairly good demand for ready. The quotation for ready gold of .999 fineness moved up from Rs. 112-11 at the opening to Rs. 113-9 on Tuesday and further to Rs. 115-8 on Wednesday and closed at Rs. 115. The rise during the latter part of the week was due to covering by short-sellers in the forward market as also to a sudden demand for ready owing to rumours about the demonetisation of 100-rupee notes. In view of the scarcity of stocks, the premium on spot widened from about 10 annas at the opening to about Rs. 1-12 at the close. Mint bars of 250 tolas were quoted even higher. In consonance with the rise in gold prices, the price of sovereigns also hardened to Rs. 76-8 at the close as against Rs. 75 at the opening. Stocks of gold in the market are reported to be about 30,000 tolas. Average daily arrivals are estimated at 3,000 tolas and the offtake is better at some 6000 tolas a day. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were Rs. 115-8 and Rs. 112-9 for spot and Rs. 113-12 and Rs. 111-13 for forward.

SILVER

The silver section of the bullion market, on the other hand, did not exhibit the same degree of steadiness owing to liquidation by bulls at certain levels. Spot silver, which was quoted at Rs. 176-10 at the opening, declined to Rs. 175 on Tuesday following the declaration of options. The rate again advanced to Rs. 177 on Wednesday in sympathy with the rise in gold and finished at Rs. 176-8. The discount on forward delivery silver varied between 10 and 12 annas during the week. The upcountry as gauged by the railings was poor, averaging about 30 bars a day. Stocks of the white metal are reported to be in the region of 7,500 bars. A feature in the overseas markets was the break in the New York silver price from 74-5/8 to 72-3/4 cents on Friday last, the first change since November, 1947, whilst the London price also declined in its wake to 44d. Thereafter, the emergence of good trade demand caused a recovery to 73-3/4 cents in New York and 44½d. in London. The highest and lowest rates touched locally were Rs. 177-1 and Rs. 175 for spot and Rs. 176-9 and Rs. 174-6 for forward.

SHARES

A hesitant tone characterisd trading on the Stock Exchange during the week under review and prices moved within a narrow range in the absence of any professional activity pending further developments in the economic field. The volume of trading was inclined to be moderate.

Tata Defds. moved between Rs. 1602-8 and Rs. 1623-12 and Ordinaries between Rs. 314-8 and Rs. 310. The textile section contrived to maintain a steady undertone on some bull activity: Bombay Dyeings were quoted around Rs. 1055 and Kohinoors around Rs. 316. Swadeshis fluctuated in the vicinity of Rs. 312. Hydro-electric and Bank shares witnessed little activity: Andhra Valleys were virtually pegged at Rs. 1520 and Powers at Rs. 1625 Tata Hydros changed hands at Rs. 161. Amongst Banks, Central Banks were a little quieter at Rs. 88 and Imperial Bank Fully Paids at Rs. 2030. Reserve Banks were held around Rs. 114. In the miscellaneous group of shares, there were no movements of note; Associated Cements steadily deteriorated to Rs. 164-8 and Belapurs moved tamely around Rs. 275. Scindia Steams and New Indias were quoted at Rs. 26-2 and Rs. 65 without much business passing.

CALCUTTA MARKET

The jute section of the Calcutta share market maintained a steady undertone during the week on moderate buying support. The turnover was reported to be satisfactory.

Anti-Flood Front

Economic And Social Council To Set Up Bureau

GENEVA, Aug. 19, (Reuter): Quick action to build up an international system of defence against floods in Asia and the Far East was decided on tonight by the Economic and Social Council.

The Council decided to set up a bureau of flood control to work within the framework of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East. The Bureau will consist of between three and five experts, and has been given the widest terms of reference yet given to a United Nations body.

After five days of argument, the Council tonight limited its instructions to the bureau to emphasising "the great importance and urgency of the problems of flood control which affect the livelihood and welfare of millions of human beings in the valleys of the great rivers of Asia and the Far East who are subjected to the danger of floods and consequent famines."

The decision to get up the Bureau was taken against strong United States, Canadian and New Zealand opposition based on the argument that it was not necessary to create a special body for the purpose.

Canada's Ambassador Mr. Dana Wilgress, formally proposed that the task be entrusted to the Secretariat of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East, which could co-opt as many experts as necessary.

China's Dr. P C Chang proposed that a semi-autonomous bureau within the framework of the Economic Commission would be more supple and efficient.

After two inconclusive plenary debates, and the failure of a drafting committee to reach a compromise, the council decided tonight in favour of the bureau by twelve votes to four with two abstentions.

Russia, France, the Netherlands and Venezuela spoke in favour of the Chinese proposal.

A tentative estimate produced at short notice by the Secretariat put the annual expenses of the Bureau at 116,000 dollars rent.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, Aug. 20

Market moved narrowly. General trend being to buy in declines.

Calico Opened 1200. Highest 1205, Lowest 1198, Closed 1200.

Ambica Opened 430, Highest 433, Lowest 428, Closed 431.

Arvind Opened 1429, Highest 1430, Lowest 1417, Closed 1425.

Defered Opened 1612, Highest 1618, Lowest 1604, Closed 1609.

Closing Quotations:—Rohit 500, Ashoka 610, Arvind 1425, Calico 1200, Ambica 431, Jupiter 337, New Cotton 425, New Johanair 1795, Monogram 187, Anil Starch 362-8-0, New Shorrok 797-8-0, Bihari 217-4-0, Marsden 188-8-0, Sarnaspur 550.

WHY DENTISTS THEMSELVES CLEAN THEIR TEETH THIS CORRECT WAY

DENTISTS know how important it is to clean teeth the correct way and to use a correct-shape toothbrush. The Wisdom toothbrush is scientifically designed in every detail to make thorough tooth-cleaning easy. Wisdom's straight-line tufts reach awkward corners, and are widely spaced to get *between* the teeth where most decay begins. The angle in the handle gives comfortable brush control. When you buy a toothbrush ask for Wisdom, in the blue dust-proof carton. Your teeth will look cleaner, feel cleaner, and *be* cleaner. ONE SHAPE—3 SIZES: Wisdom for adults, 4 rows of tufts; Wisdom Junior, smaller with 3 rows; Baby's Wisdom, still smaller, with 2 rows.

REGD Wisdom

THE CORRECT-SHAPE NYLON TOOTHBRUSH

HOW TO CLEAN OUTSIDE UPPER FRONT TEETH

Place the brush head lightly on the gums above the tooth line. Then—with a twist of the wrist—sweep the tufts briskly down over the teeth. Use six strokes. For lower teeth reverse this action.

MADE IN ENGLAND BY ADDIS LIMITED, MAKERS OF THE FIRST TOOTHBRUSH IN 1780
DISTRIBUTORS: J. L. MORISON, SON & JONES (INDIA) LTD., P.O. BOX 258, BOMBAY & BRANCHES

6B378

"They like tea... but they don't know what good tea is. How can they? For they add milk in the pot and spoil the tea before it is even poured out. Good tea demands that milk shall be added in the cup, not in the pot."

Millions of people turn to tea for cheer and refreshment. How sad then that so many who drink tea do not know what *good* tea is. Good tea costs no more and is the result of observing five simple rules. To get the full value for your money and the full flavour of your tea learn these rules by heart and see that they are always followed in your home

THE FIVE SIMPLE RULES

1. Use only freshly drawn and freshly boiled water. 2. Warm the pot before use. 3. Use one teaspoonful of good tea for every person served and one for the pot. 4. Let the tea infuse for 3 to 5 minutes before serving. 5. Add milk in the cup, not in the pot.

A free booklet 'TIPS ON TEA' may be had in either English, Bengali, Hindi, Urdu or Tamil on application to the Commissioner, Indian Tea Market Expansion Board, 101, Netaji Subhas Road, Post Box No. 2172, Calcutta 1.

NOTHING SO GOOD AS WELL MADE tea

INSERTED BY THE INDIAN TEA MARKET EXPANSION BOARD

BOMBAY Stock Exchange

RESTRICTED BUSINESS AND NARROW PRICE MOVEMENT

BOMBAY, August 20.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was somewhat quiet today with a restricted turnover. Several unfounded rumours were mainly responsible for the inaction or the market and price fluctuations were confined to a narrow range. Bombay Dyeings proved to be again a firm-spot with professional operators lending their support.

Tata Steel Dlds. opened at Rs. 1615 and after declining at Rs. 1612/8 improved at Rs. 1618/12. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 313 and after declining at Rs. 312/4 improved at Rs. 313/8. Indian Irons were placed at Rs. 26 while Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 21/11.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1052/8 and after declining at Rs. 1048/12 firmed up at Rs. 1057/8. Central Indian Shares were quoted at Rs. 280 while Finlays and Gokaks stood at Rs. 303 and Rs 309 respectively. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 313 and after undergoing small changes improved at Rs 314. Simplex Shares were placed at Rs. 199 and Swadeshis were quoted at Rs. 309.

Imperial full paid shares were quoted at Rs 2030 while partly paid shares done at Rs. 502/8. India Bank shares were quoted at Rs. 204/8 while Reserve Bank shares came in business at Rs. 113/8.

In the miscellaneous section there was very small business. Associated cements were quoted at Rs. 164/8. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 421 4 and after declining at Rs. 415 steadied at Rs. 418/12. Petrols were placed at Rs. 2/3. Scindia shares were quoted at Rs. 26/12 and Tata Oils were done at Rs. 55/8

FORWARD SECTION

	Rs.	a.
Bombay Dyeing (12-8 17-8)	1055	0
Kohinoor Mills (6-12)	313	0
Swadesni Mills (22)	309	0
Central India Mills (4)	281	0
Simplex Mills	199	0
New Great Eastern (10)	159	0
Gokak Mills (9 plus 3)	308	8
Indore Malwa (21)	502	8
Century Spinning (15)	520	0
Colaba Land and Mill (12)	165	0
Indian Bleaching (6)	183	0
Swan Mills (20)	340	0
Finlay Mills (15)	300	0
Morarji Goculdas	495	0
Edward Sassoon (30)	525	0
Meyer Mills (12)	145	0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	3-3-6	
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	12	14
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	2-0-9	
Madhusudan Mills (15)	241	4
Podar (S)	162	8
Khatau Makanjee (8)	265	0
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	312	0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-14-1)	1613	12
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7 1/2)	141	12
CEMENTS		
Associated Cement (5)	164	8
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-8)	417	8
Belapur Sugar (12) X. R.	274	8
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	36	8
Scindia Steam (1-4)	26	4
Premier Construction	193	0
Tata Chemicals	15	15
Tata Oil (2)	55	8
India Iron (0-6)	26	1
Bengal Steel (0-8)	21	10
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Hydro (4-8)	161	8
Andhra Valley (45)	1520	0
Tata Power (50)	1625	0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS		
Elphinstone Mills (5) X. D.	74	8
Phoenix Mills (50)	446	4
Indian Manufacturing	4260	0
Koorla Mills (5) X.R.	148	12
Dawn Mills (40)	1545	0
David Mills (8)	191	4
New City Mills (10)	212	8
Minerva Mills (12)	161	4
Bradbury Mills	690	0
Bharucha Dfd. (0-4)	5	6
Bharat Mills (2)	38	12
Mysore Spg. Mills	185	10
Madhovji Dharamsi (0-12)	15	2
Model Mills (12-8)	180	0
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	722	8
Vishnu Cotton (8)	277	8
Western India (40)	4010	0
Standard Mills (15)	580	0
Sholapur Mills (200)	4520	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0/8)	12	8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4185	0
Tata Mills (3)	69	0
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	275	0
Ahmedabad Advance New	195	0
Sasson Silk (3)	91	0
New Union Mills (0-8)	12	4
Madhusudan B (2/8)	47	0
Shrinivas Mills	195	0
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	126	0
Berar Mills	275	0
Victoria Mills	225	0
Colaba Land Coupon	43	0
New Great New	153	
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Ahmedabad Electric (3-8)	115	0
Ahmedabad New	13	4
Surat Electricity (2-8)	146	4
Surat New	142	8
Karachi Electric Supply (2)	143	12
Bombay Suburban Old (3)	151	4
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10	11
Amalgamated (0-12)	13	4
Nagpur Electricity (1/12)	53	4
Poona Electric Supply	155	0
Bombay Suburban Old (3)	149	2
Bombay Suburban New (2) XD	131	4
BANK SHARES		
Reserve Bank (2-12) X. D.	115	8
Imperial Bank of India (35)	2030	0
Imperial Bank of India (8-12)	501	4
Central Bank Old (1-8)	88	0
Central Bank New	89	0
Bank of India (4)	203	8
Union Bank of India	9	7
Bank of Baroda (3-8)	164	0
Habib Bank (4)	161	0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	52	0
United Commercial (1-8)	61	4
Jaipur Bank (1-8)	48	0
Hindustan Commercial	27	0
Mysore Bank (8)	365	0
Exchange Bank	38	0
Eastern Bank	105	0
Bank of India Coupon	39	0
INSURANCE		
Oriental	5150	0
Empire	687	8
New India	64	8
Jupiter	25	0
Vulcan	13	4
Indian Mercantile (2)	44	0
Universal	11	4
B.I.G.	23	6
Industrial and Prudential	29	4
Neptune Assurance	7	0
New Great	25	0
All India General	21	4
RAILWAY SHARES		
Central Provinces (1-4)	110	0
Mymensingh Benate (2)	103	0
Mymensingh Guaranteed (1/4)	103	12
Pachora-Jamner Rly (2/8)	107	0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Alcock Ashdown (15)	318	2
Bombay Steamer (28)	602	8
Bombay Burma New (5)	149	6
British Burma Petrol	2	2
Mackenzie (6)	90	0
Port Canning (6)	79	0
Kemp and Co. (New)	462	8
Kemp and Co. (30)	475	0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	150	0
Industrial Invest Trust (4)	99	8
Western India Match (7-5)	300	0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	37	0
Mukund Iron	10	0
Dena Trust (0/12)	21	0
Alembic Chemical (15)	XR 202	4
Supreme India	123	12
Jam Wire (6)	73	0
Bombay Uganda	69	0
Bombay Motor Cycle	42	0
Walchand Nagar Industries	215	0
United Motor	74	0
Associated Cement New (1-4)	105	0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	910	0
Hydary Construction	19	8
Mahmadi Steam	96	8
Gujarat Motor	25	2
Sardar Carbonic	750	0
Harvey Press	310	0
Estrela Batteries	51	4
Prince of Wales Press	610	0
Manmad Press	120	0
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192	4
Andhra Valley (7)	1310	0
Tata Power (7/8)	1395	0
Hydro Electric (7)	130	0
Bombay Steamer (6)	307	8
Central India (5)	645	0
Swadeshi Mills	146	4
Vishnu Mills (7)	640	0
Lakshmi Mills	277	8
New Great Mills (5/8)	222	8
Poddar Mills (4)	105	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	113	2
Bradbury Bills (7-8)	365	0
Surat Electricity (3/4)	131	4
Premier Construction 1st (6½)	120	0
Premier Construction 2nd (6-4)	122	8
Amalgamated (5/8)	123	2
Habib	72	8
Tata Chemical (5)	135	0
Walchand Nagar Indus (7)	160	0
Jupiter General	19	14
Supreme	120	0
Meyer	121	0
Mackenzie 1st	127	8
Mackenzie 2nd	125	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mills	50	0
Standard Mills	101	0
Madhusudan Mills	12	4
Khatau Mills	105	0
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1952 (4)	103	8
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8)	105	0
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	111	0
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchand Nagar (6)	117	0
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Indian Copper (2-7)	2 9 6	
British India Corporation (0-10)	8 0	
Burma Corporation	3 4 6	
New Victoria Mill	4 0	
Phalton Sugar (8)	130 0	
Gold Mohur (20)	325 0	
New Kaiser-i-Hind	375 0	
Sajjan Mills (3)	225 0	
Osmanshahi Mills (10)	1 1	
Azam Jabi Mills (10)	260 0	
Air Service	10 14	
Ambica Air Lines	16 14	
Air India	152 8	
Hind Motor	6 1	
Indian Steam	11 4	

GOVERNMENT LOANS

2 1/4 per cent 1954	98	14
2 1/4 per cent 1950	101	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97	4
2 3/4 per cent 1960	100	4
2 3/4 per cent 1962	100	2
2 3/4 per cent 1976	98	14
3 per cent Non-Terminable	99	2
3 per cent 1986 Con.	99	10
3 per cent 1949-52	100	0
3 per cent 1951-54	102	11
3 per cent 1953-56	102	13
3 per cent 1957	102	12
3 per cent 1959-61	102	0
3 per cent 1963-65	101	2
3 per cent 1966-68	100	9
3 per cent 1970-75	100	9
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	105	6
4 per cent 1948-53	101	4
4 per cent 1960-70	110	12
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	104	8
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	112	6
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	116	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS		
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	89	0
2 3/4 per cent U. P. 1961	98	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	98	14
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	8
3 per cent Bombay 1958	101	12
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100	6
3 per cent N. W. F. 1952	99	10
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	100	2
3 per cent Bombay Municipality D	111	0
5 per cent Bom. Muni. 1959	115	0
6 per cent Bom. Muni. 1954	116	0
3-1/4 per cent Municipality 1977	101	8
6 K. P. T.	114	0

GOLD AND SILVER

Scarcity Of Offerings In Gold

BOMBAY, Aug. 20

The Bombay Bullion market is full of unfounded rumours and Gold prices moving violently up and down. On Wednesday a rise of Rs. 4 was recorded while yesterday unofficially declined Rs. 3/- on rumours that Banks will not give loans on stocks of Gold.

Today also there was brisk buying and at one time Ready Gold was quoted at a premium of Rs 4/8 which with the Sales Tax comes to Rs. 6/- but later on the market steadied at a premium of Rs. 2/8 over forward contracts.

Forward Silver opened at Rs. 175/10 and declined at Rs. 175/2 under scattered selling. At this level there was active buying which pushed up Forward Gold at Rs. 176/4 but thereafter the market steadied at Rs. 176. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs 176/8

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 112/8 and after advancing at Rs. 113/- steadied at Rs. 112/13. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 115/4 and Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 76/8.

Later on the Reserve Bank issued a Press Communique that these rumours are entirely without any foundation and it is notified for general information that Government have no intention to demonetize Rs. 100 notes.

However the market remained firm with utter absence of any selling of actual gold. The local stock is said to be 50,000 tolas of gold but holders are unwilling to part with them and even at Rs. 118 very little gold was available.

Final quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver	176	14	0
Forward Silver	176	6	0
Ready Gold	115	2	0
Forward Gold	112	14	0
Sovereigns	76	8	0

Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, Aug. 20.

Tata Ordinary 312; Tata Deferred 1613/8; Indian Iron 26/1; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 21/10; Bombay Dyeing 1055; Central India 281; Gokak 308/8; Kohinoor 313; Simplex 199; Swadeshi 309; Tata Power 1625; Associated Cement 164/8, Belapur 274/8; Bombay Burma (Old) 417/8; Scindia 26/4; Central Bank 88, New India 64/8; Tata 2nd Pref. 141/12.

Wall Street Market Steady

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—The market fluctuated quietly with numerous operators cautious pendings news of the Moscow talks. Changes were fairly evenly divided either way and rarely reached one point. Trading continued sluggish but improved selective support for steels, textiles, films, motars and airlines pushed the price balance narrowly higher. Interest in airlines was stimulated by the belief in some quarter that the air transport system may receive government financial assistance. Films noted the suggestion by a leading independent producer that Americans bank should be enlisted by American film companies as intermediaries to settle the current quota dispute with Britain and help build a more stable foreign market. The market finished steady with all the three averages showing small gains. The averages were industrials 182.05 and rails 59.45.

American Telephone and Telegraph	152-5/8
Amerex Holding Co.	26-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	36-7/8
Chase National Bank	35-7/8
Sinclair Oil	27
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	46-3/4
General Electric Co.	39-3/8
General Motors	63-1/2
Ingersol Rand	69 bid
International Nickel ex div	30-7/8
National City Bank of New York	39-1/8
New York Central Rail Road Co.,	16-3/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	19-1/2
Texas Corporation	58-7/8
Union Carbide New Stock	40-3/8
U.S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	46-1/2
U.S. Steel Corporation Common	77-3/8
Western Union Telegraph	20-1/8

BOMBAY COTTON

Active Buying Harden Prices

BOMBAY, Aug. 20

The move for a three shifts working in mills was mainly responsible for steady opening of the cotton market. Prices after steady opening sagged owing to lack of followup buying while scattered realising resulted in a loss of Rs. 6/- from the opening level. Thereafter there was slightly increased buying and the market was steady.

It is understood that at the Delhi conference, all interests were against control on cotton but officials believe that if the cloth control is to work successfully raw cotton must be controlled.

FLUCTUATION IN SEPTEMBER
Opening Rs. 572, 568, 571, 563, 567/8, 565/8, 571, 568.
Close 573/8. **After Close Rs.** 578.

The market opened at Rs. 572/- for September delivery and after declining at Rs. 566/- steadied at Rs. 569

Thereafter, there was increased selling and September declined at Rs. 560 and rallied at Rs. 565-8. There was further active buying and September firmed up and at Rs. 574 and the market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. September 573 8 0

PRODUCE MARKET

Better Enquiry Tells On Prices

BOMBAY, Aug. 20

The local produce market were devoid of any new development and in the absence of any important business quotations did not show marked change. There was scattered inquiry for groundnuts and linseeds which in the absence of offerings tended to a hardening tendency, but lack of business could not result into any progress. A further meeting was held today for the settlement of Castorseeds. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS:—			
Kandesh quality	33	0	0
Coromandal ready	32	8	0
Bold	32	0	0
December-January	29	9	0
CASTORSEEDS:—			
Ready	30	10	0
LINSEEDS:—			
Ready	27	5	0
September	27	13	0
November-December	28	1	0
OILS:—			
Groundnut ready receipt	19	0	0
Groundnut September	19	0	0
Groundnut October	18	11	0
Groundnut November	17	14	0
Groundnut December	17	10	0
Linseed Oil	18	6	0
Castorseed First Pressing	18	8	0
Castorseed Commercial Quality	16	8	0

Germany To Regain Pre-War Position In Rayon

NEW YORK, Aug. 19 (UPI.) Rayon textiles from the United States controlled German factories may soon reach India and other world markets according to reports received here.

Mr. Fredrick Richmond, President of the U. S. Foreign Corporation announced today that his company had concontracts with three most important rayon factories in Germany, each of which has production capacity of 70,000 yards per month. Mr. Richmond has just completed 8 tour of world textile markets and he thinks that demand for rayon is growing to such an extent that Germany could easily regain her pre-war position in rayon markets.

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, August 19.

U. S. price of foreign silver 73-1/4 cents.

CHINA INTRODUCES GOLD STANDARD

SHANGHAI, Aug. 19 (UPA).—Chinese authorities today announced currency reform, introducing gold standard in China.

Shanghai banks will remain closed for four days.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

MILLS

BOMBAY Aug 20:

Apollo 3/4|6 3/3|6

Bharucha Defd 5/6

B. Dyeing 1052/8 48/12 57/8 55

Bradbury Ord 690

C. India 281/8 80 81

Century 522/8 20

Elphinstone Ord. 74/8

Finlay 303 300

Gokak 309 8 8/8

I.U. Defd 2/1 2/0/9 2/1 2/0/9

I. U. Ord 12/14 12/13 12/15/6 12/14

Indore 502/8 1/4 2/8

Khatau 265

Kohinoor 313 13/8 12/8 14 13

Laxmi 720

Meyer 146/4 45

Model 180

Madhawji 15/6

Morarji 493/12 95

Mysore 196/4

New Great 159

Podar 161/4 62/8

Sassoon Cotton 12 12/4

Simplex 200 198/8 99

Swadeshi 310 8 10/8 9

Swan 340

Tata Mills 69/12 69

Vishnu 277/8

C. P Rly. 109/9

BANKS

Baroda 164

Central 88/8 88/4 88/8 88

Habib 161

Imperial Old 2035 27/8 30

Imperial New 503/12 1/4

India 205 3/8

Reserve 113/8 13/12 13/8

Union 9/7

U. Commercial 61/4

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 117/8 15

Andhravalley Pref 1310

Suburban 150/10 51/4

Karachi 143/12

Surat 146/4

Hydro 161 61/8

Power 1625

INSURANCE.

B. I. General 23/6

New India 64 64/8

STEAMER.

B. Steam 60/2/8

Scindia 26/4 26/2 26/3/6 26/3 25/4

STEEL.

B. Steel 21/10 21/11 21/10

I. Iron 26 26/1 26 26/1

Tata Defd 1615 16/4 12/8 18/12 13/12

Tata Ord. 313 12/4 13/8 12

Tata II Pref 141 41/12

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 316/4 18/2

A.C.C. Old 165 64/8 65 64/8

A.C.C. New 105 5/8 5

Belapur 275 74 74/8

B.B. Old 421/4 15 18/12 17/8

B.B. New 149/6

B.B. Petrol 2/3/3 2/1/9 2/2

I. Bleaching 183

P. Const. 192/8 93

Shivrajpur 36/8

Tata Chem. 15/13/6 15/15

Tata Pref 135

Tata Oil 55 55/8

Walchandnagar 215

Walchandnagar Pref 160 (Ex Div).

Wimco 300

SPECIAL.

Central Bank New 89/8 89

India Bank Coupon 38 39

New Great New 150/8

Surat Elect. New 142/8

Steamer Debenture 105

Manmad Press 140

Aggressive Trade Buying

N. Y. Cotton Prices 5 To 11 Points Higher

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.

COTTON: A quiet and steady tendency ruled during early dealings on trade buying influenced by the somewhat better than expected July consumption figure. Prices later sagged owing to lack of followup buying with disposition to await developments in connection with the crop, spot markets, textiles and E.C.A: third quarter cotton expert authorisations. Prices steadied slightly previous to the noon call on trade covering. The Census Bureau announced that United States July 31 cotton carryover was 3,082,000 running bales not including linters. The carryover a year ago was 2,521,000. Prices advanced during late dealings on more aggressive trade buying which found contracts scarce. Local covering aided the upward trend with the failure of increased hedges to materialise cited as a contributing factor the session closed steady. Sales are estimated at 75,000 bales.

October opened at 31.01 and after declining at 30.93 improved at 31.09 and closed at 31.93. The market closed at a rise of 5 to 11 points.

NEW YORK COTTON
NEW YORK, Aug. 19.

October	31.03+06
October Highest	31.09+12
October Lowest	30.93—04
December	31.11+05
March	31.10+11
May	30.87+11
July	29.74+11
Middling Sopt	32.08—0x

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
NEW YORK, Aug. 19.

October	31.01+08
December	31.08+10
March	31.04+06
May	31.81+09
Middling Spot	31.05+05

Chicago Grains Recover Early Losses

CHICAGO, Aug. 19.—Heavy liquidation came into 1949 July wheat delivery shortly after opening driving that delivery below the two dollars bushel mark to 1,00—a net decline of 7.1/4 cents from the previous close. The sharp sell off was attributed to the uncertainty over the wheat position next year on expectations that European needs will decline and indications of keen competition exports with other surplus producing countries. The July 1949 wheat delivery rallied more than one cent a bushel from today's low level attributed to short covering and decreased offerings. Maize came under pressure early reflecting continued weakness in the cash market but subsequently rebounded fractions to one cent or more. Meanwhile weather conditions over most of the grain belt are favourable for harvesting operations and maturing of crops. Towards the close the covering movement increased in most grains and led by the September maize delivery moved into the day's best levels and in many instances, recovered all of the earlier losses.

September	2.21-1/2
December	2.25-3/8
May	2.21
July	2.00-1/4

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES

NEW YORK, Aug. 19 (UPA).—Black pepper prices closed inactive and nominally unchanged on the New York Market today. Spot sellers were reported to be holding for 74 to 75 cents per pound on lampong.

Closing prices included:

September	72 cents nom.
October and Dec.	71 cents nom.
January	64 cents nom.
March	61 cents nom.
July	58 cents nom.

In the ready market, black was quoted at 74 cents to 75 cents nom and white pepper at 75-77 cents asked.

Other seed prices included:

Castorseeds $135 nom per long ton fob Brazilian ports;

Cotton seeds $70 nom per ton, basis Memphis, depending on quality;

Flaxseeds $6.10 per bushel, Minneapolis;

Linseed Oil 27.8 cents per pound in tank cars;

Groundnuts 18.50-75 cents per pound fob point of shipment;

Groundnut oil 26 cents per pound nom.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Aug. 19.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	77
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	103-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	103-1/4
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	113-7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London, Reg.	119-1/2
National Bank of India	34-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at

Australian Wheat bulk F.O.B. 109 Oct/Nov.

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Aug. 19.

	SELLING	BUYING
T. T. London on:		
New York	4.0275	4.0325
Montreal	4.0275	4.0325
Zurich	17.34	17.36
Stockholm	14.47 to 14.50	

BOTANISTS TO OBTAIN BREEDING MATERIAL FOR LONG STAPLE COTTON

CALCUTTA, Aug. 19 (UPI).—The question of sending a deputation of botanists to Peru and Ecuador to obtain improved varieties of long staple cotton grown in these countries for the purpose of supplying breeding material suitable under Indian conditions is engaging the attention of the Government of India learns the United Press of India.

It is also gathered that a recommendation in this behalf was recently made by both the Indian Central Cotton Committee as well as the recent Indian delegation to the Cairo Cotton Conference.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

S.S. TARANTIA

From Liverpool—13 c/s Rayon yarn, 16 c/s phosphor bronze paper machine wires, 40 c/s and 40 fdls Reed space loom 95 bdls mild steel strips, 16 cases and 16 bdls plainloofs, 95 cases spinning machinery parts, 44 trusses asbestos packing, 71 trusses compress asbetos fibre jt. sheeting, 21 cases textile machinery, 91 drums liquid paint 16 cases pedal cycles.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S.S. VIRGINIA MARY

To Karachi—7 cases sealing wax—The South India Shellac Mfg. Co. Ltd. 5 drums silicate of soda—General Acid Supplying Co., 100 cases papermine—H.S. Karimtulla and Sons, 15 cases chewing gum, 125 c/s confectionary—National Trading Co. 8 cases Woollen coating—K. Hassam and Sons, 20 c/s glass chimneys—Indian Commercial Co., 25 cases confectionary—A. K. and Md. Adamji, 887 cases confectionary—A. H. Valimohmed 400 bags soft stone powder—M. E. H. Vali Mohamed 100 pkgs bidles and 50 cases papermint—M. H. A. Karim. 150 cases papermint—H.R.M. Valimohmed, 30 cases papermint—Parle Products Mfg. Co. 25 cases papermint—P. Naraindas.

S.S. TAIWAN

To Genoa—125 bdls. cotton waste—Ralli Bros. Ltd. 56 bdls. cotton waste—Sapt. Textile Products (India) Ltd.

S. S. ITAURA

To Rangoon—21 cases castor oil—L. Chaganlal. 10 cases aluminium wares—M. A. Parekh—15 cases cotton sewing thread—V. Bhagwandas and Co.

S.S. MARINE LEPORD

To New York—55 cases Mango chutney—M. M. Poonjaji and Co.

S. S. DUMRA

To Karachi—600 bdls bidi leaves—T. Mulji and Co.

S. S. AERNDA

To Mombasa—8 bags cotton packing thread—Hind African Agency

S.S. VARSOVA

To Karachi—36 drums dry colours—Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd. 25 drums silicate of soda—H. Alibhoy, 500 bdls bidi leaves—J. Liladhar.

S.S. MOUNT ROGERS

To New York—100 bls. Hessian Rags—Sapt. Textile Products (Ind.) Ltd.

S. S. TARANTIA

To Liverpool—100 bls C Yellow pickings—Eastern Cotton Co|

S. S. GURNA

To Havre—114 bgs. gum karaya—D. Manji and Co.

S.S. SARANJAN

To Colombo—499 bags corriander seeds—M. A. Mullick and Co.

BY AIR

To Karachi—42 pcs. Art Silk piece goods—A. K. A. Shakoor.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

'Caledonia' arrived from Glasgow with 4550 tons general cargo on August 19. (Agent Anchor Lines).

'Jalaratna' arrived from Colombo with Gopra on August 19. (Agent Scindia Steam Nav. Co.)

'Irravati' arrived from Marmagoa with general cargo on August 18 (Agent S. S. Co.)

'Jalvihar' arrived from Calcutta with 7140 tons coal on August 18. (Agent S. S. Co.)

'Pasha' arrived from Bhavnagar on August 18. (Agent T M. and Co.)

'Leuverk' arrived from Rotterdam with general cargo on August 18. (Agent Volkart Bros.)

'Lambrook' arrived from Montreal on August 19. (Agent F. F. Campbell)

'Derwenthale' from Dalhousie Canada on August 19. (Agent F. F. C Company.)

'Itaura' arrived from Karachi on August 19. (Agent M. M. and Co.)

'Excelsior' arrived from New York on August 20 with general cargo of 7000 tons (Agent Lionel Edwards)

DEPARTURES

'Stanvac Wellington' sailed in ballast on August 19 for San Francisco.

'Bharatlaxmi sailed for Cochin with general cargo of 777 tons on August 19

'Janki' sailed for Cochin on August 19 with general cargo.

'Herdis' sailed for Busrah with general cargo on August 18.

'British Engineer' sailed in ballast for Abadan on August 18.

'British Aviator' sailed in ballast for Abadan on August 18.

'San Zotico' sailed for Abadan in ballast.

'Sheelavati' sailed for Kundla with general cargo on August 18.

'Kalavati' sailed for Marmagoa with general cargo of 924 tons on August 18.

'Somavati' sailed for Cochin with general cargo of 1198 on August 18.

We give below the latest information regarding vessels due to arrive at and sail from Bombay under the agency of Messrs. Volkart Brothers:

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY:

From U. S. Pacific Coast: S.S. "Limburg" due 10th September. S.S. "Hoegh Silverspray" due 12th September.

From U. S. Atlantic Coast: S.S. "Mangalore" due 15th September.

From Italy: S.S. "Star of Egypt" due 22nd August. S.S. 'Sistiana" due 22nd August. S.S. "Timavo" due 29th August. S.S. "Sparta" due 2nd September.

From Rotterdam-Antwerp: S.S. "Ittersum" due 4th September. S.S. "Laurenskerk" due 20th September.

From Persian Gulf via Karachi: S.S. "Hoegh Silvercrest" due 25th August. S.S. "Aldaramin" due 3rd September. S.S. "Hoegh Trader" due 5th September.

From Calcutta: S.S. "Hoegh Silvermoon" due 3rd September.

DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY:

For Calcutta via Colombo: S.S. "Merwede" sails 26th August. S.S. "Leuvekerk" sails 31st August. S.S. "Sistiana" sails 2nd September. S.S. "Ittersum" sails 11th September. S.S. "Limburg" sails 20th September. S.S. "Mangalore" sails 22nd September. S.S. "Laurenskerk" sails 27th September.

For U.S. Atlantic Coast: S.S. "Hoegh Trader" sails 12th September.

For U.S. Pacific Coast: S.S. "Sarangan" sails 22nd August. S.S. "Hoegh Silvermoon" sails 6th September.

For Persian Gulf via Karachi: S.S. "Rotti" sails 21st August. S.S. "Hoegh Silverlight" sails 3rd September. S.S. "Hoegh Silverspray" sails 20th September.

For Mediterranean and North Continental Ports: S.S. "Lemsterkerk" sails 24th August. S.S. "Aldaramin" sails 10th September.

For Italy: S.S. "Taurinia" sails 25th August. S.S. "Timavo" sails 7th September. S.S. "Sparta" sails 10th September.

For Australia: S.S. "Hoegh Silvercrest" sails 27th August.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 20.

B. C. Rates T T D D 1/8 15/16 Ready

B. C. Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/8 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/8 15/16 up to 6 months

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th month

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th month

London Banks Buying D D 1/16 1/16 to 4th month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5 32 5th and 6th month

London Banks Buying 90 and d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th month

New York Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332-1/4

Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs 330

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4

Montreal Rs. 328 1/2

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329 Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C

Paris Bank Selling T T Frs 6400

Paris Banks Buying T T Frs 6550

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79

Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Frs 1305

Java Banks Selling T T D D Gldn 79

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 156-3/4

Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 1/4

CROSS RATE:—New York/London dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Afghani Rs. 52.57/53.43; London Alexandra Pla 97 1/4-3/4; London Amsterdam Fl. 10.68-70; London Bangkok Tel 40; London Belgium Frs 176 1/2-3/4; London Denmark Kr. 19-32-36; London Hongkong 1/3 1/16; London Iran Rl 128-130; London Java Fl 10.68-70; London Lisbon Es 99.80-100-20; London Manila Pes 8.09-8.14; London Montreal dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03-1/4; London New York dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London Oslo Kr 19.98-20.02; London Paris Frs 863-40-864.60; London Prague K 201-202; London Singapore 2/3 15/16-2/4 3/16; London Stockholm Kr 14.47-50; London Switzerland Frs 17.34—36 London Syria 880/5

DISCOUNT RATES:—London Discts 3 Mos

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd No B 1065

WHEN GARDENER STRUCK GODSE TWICE IN HEAD

EYE WITNESS' ACCOUNT OF MAHATMA'S MURDER

Dikshit Maharaj On Visit Of Accused To His House

RED FORT, NEW DELHI, August 20. (U.P.I.): An eye-witness account of the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi on January 30 was given today by the gardener of Birla House, Raghunath Naik, before the Special Court trying Nathuram Godse and others.

ASSASSINATION SCENE

The gardener said that he was standing at a distance of about five or ten paces on the right side of Gandhiji in the prayer ground. As Gandhiji accompanied by Abha Bahin, Manu Bahin, Nandalal Mehta and others proceeded towards the dais after climbing the stair case, the assailant came in front of Gandhiji and fired from his pistol at a close range.

He rushed towards Gandhiji as he heard the shots and struck the assailant twice on his head with the hand-grass cutter he had in his hand. Then along with two policemen and one military man he caught hold of the assailant and took away the pistol from his hand.

BOMBAY BUSSINESSMAN'S EVIDENCE

When the Special Court of Mr. Atma Charan resumed hearing of the case against Nathuram Godse and seven others who stand charged with the murder of and conspiracy to murder Mahatma Gandhi, this morning, Mr. Dange, Counsel for Karkare, continued his cross-examination of Charandas Mathuradas

Replying to Mr Dange the witness stated that he did not ask Apte as to the amount he had collected till then and the number of men in their party. He, however, did not remember the witness added, if he had made any donation for the Noakhali sufferers. The witness also stated that he did not make contribution to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund but that he intended to do so.

The witness further said that he did not remember as to who introduced Badge to him.

Replying to the cross-examination of Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, Chief Defence Counsel, the witness stated that he did not mention in his statement made before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on February 27 that it was on a Saturday during the middle of January that Badge had introduced Godse and Apte to him. He did not think it necessary, he further stated, to mention it, as he had already made a similar statement to the Police. Continuing the witness observed that Apte did not show him a hand-grenade or flame-thrower.

When Mr. Petigara, Prosecution Counsel re-examined the Witness, he (Witness) said that when Badge had introduced Apte and Godse to him, Apte continued the conversation in English for about fifteen minutes. Badge was not present during the conversation, and he was standing outside the door, the witness added.

Mr. Mengle, Counsel for Apte, then further cross-examined the witness. Replying to him the witness stated that he could not say if Badge was standing there all throughout the conversation. Badge had introduced Apte and Godse just at the door after which they (Godse and Apte) entered the room, said the witness

KIRKEE OFFICIAL GIVES EVIDENCE

Leslie Punde, Senior Assistant Security Officer, M.T.S. Sub-depot, Kirkee, in his deposition said that he knew Gopal Godse who was a temporary civilian Assistant store-keeper in Kirkee Depot in January, 1948. Gopal Godse, the witness added, applied for seven days' casual leave on 14-1-48 with effect from 15-1-48. The leave was granted from 17-1-48 to 23-1-48 as Gopal Godse was to appear before a Board of Officers on 16th January. Gopal Godse rejoined duty on January 26 as 24th and 25th were holidays, the witness stated.

Cross-examined by Mr. Inamdar, Counsel for Gopal Godse, the witness said that Gopal Godse joined duty on January 26 at 8 a.m. and attended office till 30-1-48. On February 2, Gopal Godse applied for nineteen days' leave from February 3. He however came to office on February 4. The witness added that on February 2 and 4 Gopal Godse had to be given police protection for his safety. The witness also deposed that Gopal Godse was suspended on March 24 with retrospective effect from February 22.

In his re-examination, the witness said that he had taken all the service records of Gopal Godse which were produced before the Court from the Establishment Officer, who was the custodian of all records.

Replying to cross-examination by Mr. Inamdar on re-examination, the witness stated that the Establishment Officer did not pass any orders for giving the records to him. The papers were taken by him from the Establishment Officer when he, as Security Officer, was asked by the police to conduct the enquiry, the witness observed.

BIRLA'S GARDNER IN WITNESS-BOX

Raghunath Naik, gardner of Birla House, was then produced as the next prosecution witness.

In the examination-in-chief, Raghunath Naik stated that on the day Gandhiji was assassinated, he was standing at about five or ten paces away to the right of Mahatma Gandhi in the prayer ground. When Mahatma Gandhi had proceeded five or seven paces after climbing the steps, leading to the dais, he added, the assailant came in front of him.

Witness further said that Mahatma Gandhi was accompanied by "Ava Bahin, Manu Bahin, Brijkrishen and Gurbachan Sing".

Continuing he deposed:

"I then heard three pistol shots and rushed towards that place. I had a small 'khurpai' in my hand and I struck the assailant twice on his head. I then, along with two policemen and one militaryman, caught hold of him. The police took away the pistol from the hands of the assailant".

Identifying Nathuram Godse, witness stated that he was the man who assassinated Mahatma Gandhi.

GODSE WANTS NO CROSS-EXAMINATION

Prosecution counsel, Mr. Petigara, having concluded the examination-in-chief, Mr. Dange got up to cross-examine the witness on behalf of Mr. V. V. Oak, counsel for Nathuram Godse, who was absent from the court. But Nathuram Godse did not allow him to cross-examine the witness as he did not want any cross-examination with regard to the incident of January 30.

Mr. Mengle, counsel for Apte, then cross-examined the witness. In reply to him, the witness said that he knew that Gandhiji was keeping a fast during the middle of January. He could not say he added, if it was on January 13. The witness deposed that the duration of the fast was about 3 or 4 days.

To a further question from Mr. Mengle, the witness stated that he had seen Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel coming to Birla House, but that he could not say if they had come to meet anybody. They had also come during the period of fast, he said.

Witness also deposed that as far as he remembered, Mahatma Gandhi had broken fast one or two days before the bomb explosion took place in Birla House

Replying to cross-examination by Mr. Dange, counsel for Karkare, the witness said that his duty hours in Birla House were 7 a.m. to 12 noon. In the morning and again from 1 p.m. to 7 p.m. in the evening. Whenever he happened to be working inside Birla House, he stated, he used to attend the prayer meeting of Gandhiji. On the day Gandhiji was assassinated, he attended the prayers, he said. He further deposed that the hand-grass-cutter with which he was working in the garden, was in his hand when he was attending the prayers.

He stated that he did not know if any one called Suhrawardy used to come to Birla House to meet Gandhiji.

The Court then rose for lunch.

DIKSHIT MAHARAJ EXAMINED

On resumption after lunch, Goswami Dikshit Maharaj, brother of Dada Maharaj, head of the Pushtimarg Vaishnava Community in Bombay, was examined. He lived in the Mota Mandir in Bombay, which was an important temple of the Pustimarg Vaishnava Community.

Dikshit Maharaj in his deposition said that since 1939 he had started taking part in social activities Badge came to him for help, the witness added, when he (Badge) started the Shastra Bhandar at Poona. About the end of 1946, the witness purchased daggars etc., from Badge worth Rs 350 in order to distribute them among the people living in the villages in the Bombay Presidency bordering the Muslim States, for their protection the witness deposed.

Continuing he stated that Badge visited him three or four times till the end of December, 1947. Sometimes Badge used to come accompanied by his servant Shankar and sometimes alone. The Witness then identified both Badge and Shankar.

Witness stated further that he knew Apte since August-September 1947 and that Apte was introduced to him by Dada Maharaj. He said that Apte met him twice or thrice between August, September and December, 1947 and that he used to come to the witness's house. During the meetings witness had talks with Apte about the affafrs in Hyderabad. The witness also identified Apte.

Witness also deposed that he knew Madanlal and identified him. Madanlal witness said, came to him in October, 1947 with books written by Prof. Jain and told him that he was a refugee from the Punjab. The witness purchased books worth Rs. five. He said that he did not know the name of Madanlal at that time, and that later on he came to know the name from the newspapers and during the identification parade.

Dikshit Maharaj also deposed that he knew Nathuram by sight and that later he came to know his name also.

On January 15, 1948, he added, Badge and Apte came to his house along with three persons, one among them being Nathuram Godse. The fourth man was Madanlal. The witness stated that he did not remember the fifth man but that he remembered Badge telling him that the name of the fifth man as Karkare.

The witness then identified Nathuram Godse

THE BAG

Continuing he deposed that on January 15, 1948 while he was lying in his bed in his room suffering from scabbies, the five persons came to his room and Badge asked him to produce the bag which his (Badge) servant had left with the servant of the witness the previous night. The witness replied that he did not know to which servant the bag was given, and as Badge was giving description of the servant, a servant of the witness named Narayan came and Badge said that he was the servant with whom the bag was kept. The witness then asked the servant the witness stated, to hand over the bag. The witness also stated that Badge told him that he (Badge) wanted the bag to show the contents to his other companions. The servant brought the bag after about half an hour and handed the same over to Badge, the witness added.

Witness further deposed that he got the name of Karkare from Badge.

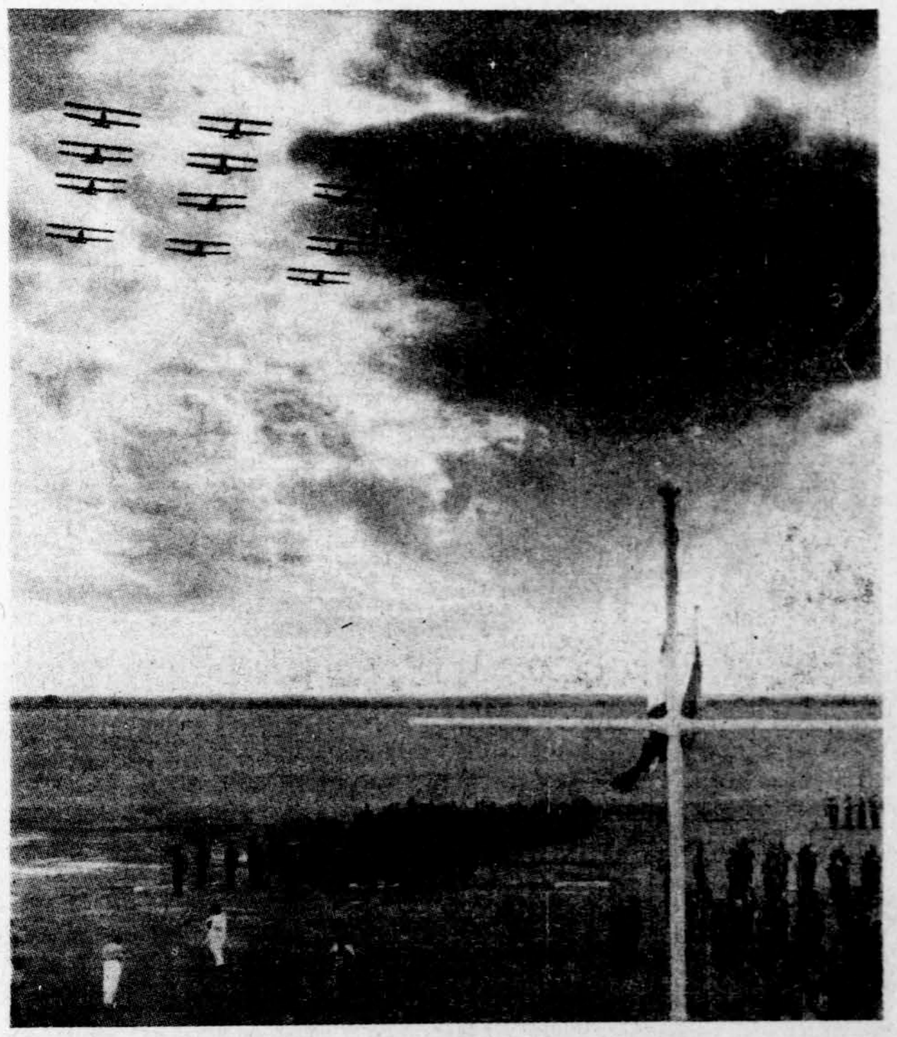
Witness then left for taking a bath and returned after about half an hour. On entering the room he found that Badge was exhibiting the contents of the bag to his companions.

REVOLVER & PISTOL DEMANDED

"Among the things I saw", witness added, "were two hand grenades and two 'white things' I saw Badge trying to explain how to use a hand-grenade. I corrected Badge by demonstrating the use of a hand-grenade. Later on, Badge put back the contents of his bag and those persons then started for leaving my house. Actually three of them had gone out and Badge and Apte remained inside the room. I asked them the purpose of their visit and also exhibiting all those things. They told me that they were going on an important mission and demanded a revolver and a pistol from me. I told them that I would consider the matter if they would disclose their mission to me. But they refused to do so at that stage and moved forward to leave my house. I asked Badge to stay back. He told me that he would come back after a few minutes."

Witness added: "Badge returned after about fifteen or twenty minutes and I told him that I must know about their mission. Badge told me about Karkare and Madanlal, but I reminded him that I must know as to what was their mission. Badge said that he would not disclose their mission to me. Then I pressed him and tried to bring a moral pressure on him so as to make him disclose their mission to me. Ultimately Badge told me that he would come back in the evening and would inform me about their mission. Badge then left."

INDEPENDENCE DAY PARADE AT JODHPUR



The Maharaja and citizens of Jodhpur and the personnel of Royal Indian Air Force Elementary Flying Training School, saluted the National Flag at a solemn ceremonial parade at the Jodhpur airfield, on Independence Day. A flight of 12 tiger-moth aircraft dip in salute as the National Flag is hoisted.

ACTIVITIES OF S.P.C.W.I. FOR 1947

Appeal For Liberal Contributions

Below are given excerpts from the Report of the Society for the protection of Children in Western India, for the year 1947:—

The Committee received from the Government of Bombay a block grant of Rs. 19,650 for the admission of 100 Court committed children to the institution and a capitation grant of Rs. 5,203-12-2. Last year a uniform per capita grant of Rs. 15 p.m. per child over hundred children sent by the juvenile court was received but this year it was increased to Rs. 16 per month per child in April and to Rs. 17 from June onwards. The Government also gave us Rs. 20 p.m. towards the salary of an attendant for the lame and crippled children and Rs. 280 were received towards his salary. Since August 1947, an educational Grant of Rs 5 per child per month for the children studying in IV standard English was sanctioned and the total amount so received was Rs. 30. The total amount received from Government during the year was Rs. 25,163-12-2 exclusive of Rs. 800 received towards the maintenance of Industrial Classes.

The Committee records its grateful thanks to the late Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy and also to Mr. J. R. B. Jeejeebhoy and Sir Jehangir Boman-Behram for securing for the Society the residue assets of the Released Prisoners' Aid Society, Bombay, aggregating to Rs. 38,577-1-6. The amount so donated has been credited to the Endowment Fund of the Society. The total expenses for the year amounted to Rs. 48,574-0-9 whereas the receipts were only Rs. 43,497-11-8, showing a deficit of Rs. 5076-5-1 for the period.

The Committee appeals to the public to come to the aid of the Society with more liberal contributions to enable it to carry on its missionary work more efficiently.

LONDON, August 20 (UPI) : Two policemen prevented murder of two children who were about to be sacrificed by a religious section, near Oldenburg, in the British zone in Germany, according to a Berlin report.

It is reported that children were tied to chairs and by killing them the sect hoped to prevent the end of the world which they now expected.

WHEN GARDENER STRUCK GODSE TWICE IN HEAD

Witness continuing said that after the 15th January, Apte met him towards the end of the month in the morning of that day when a meeting was held to discuss the raid on Jaisalmer State. Apte was accompanied by Nathuram Godse.

As witness came to know that they had gone to Kashmir he enquired how they could return so soon. Apte told him that they had collected arms and ammunition worth Rs. 30 to 40 thousand and managed to send half of the materials beyond Delhi. They had come back to arrange for the despatch of the remaining half. They also asked the witness for a revolver for their own use as they were proceeding to a place of danger. The witness replied that his health did not permit him to give more help. They however, insisted that he should do something to procure a revolver for them by the evening and informed him that Dada Maharaj had promised to give them a revolver. Apte then took a revolver from Nathuram Godse and showed to the witness. He told the witness that they had purchased the revolver and asked for another revolver from the witness. The witness said that the same revolver was shown to him in his room by Badge about seven or eight days before.

The Court adjourned till tomorrow before the examination of the witness was concluded.

KARKARE AND APTE TO GET BACK MONEY AND CLOTHES

RED FORT NEW DELHI, Aug. 20. (API): Mr. Atma Charan, Special Judge, trying Nathuram Godse and others in the Gandhi murder case passed orders today on the applications of Karkare and Apte praying for the return of their money and clothes which were taken in possession by the police at the time of their arrest.

The Judge ordered the prosecution to return the clothes and the money amounting to Rs. 839/10/6 in the case of Apte and Rs. 565/7/9 in the case of Karkare to their counsel.

"DO NOT TURN CORPORATION INTO A POLITICAL FORUM"

Nariman's Plea To City Fathers: Socialist Move To Censure Police Commissioner Defeated

BOMBAY, Friday: The newly-elected Leader of the Congress Municipal Party, Mr. K. F. Nariman, said in the Bombay Corporation today that he refused to discuss "the merits or demerits" of a Socialist resolution which condemned the Police Commissioner for banning meetings of trade unions in the city.

His remark that it was unfair to turn the Corporation into a political forum and that the sponsors of the resolution were "betraying the trust the people have placed in them", brought cheers from the Congress benches, while Socialist members shouted: "Don't sidetrack the issue."

DESAI'S RESOLUTION LOST

After a lively debate the Corporation rejected by a vote of 52 to 27 a resolution moved by Mr. Dinkar Desai which said that the ban on ordinary meetings of trade unions would result in the "crushing of free and genuine trade union movement" and was against the "very foundations of democracy." It asked the Mayor to convey to the Bombay Government the Corporation's "emphatic protest against the policy of suppressing the elementary rights of the workers" and urge upon them "to abandon this policy with its disastrous consequences on the labour movement in particular and on the civil liberties of the people in general."

Mr. Desai said the bans amounted to a "flagrant breach" of the Philadelphia Declaration of the International Labour Conference under which the fundamental rights of freedom of association and expression were guaranteed to workers.

The Police Act of 1902, enacted under the regime of Queen Victoria, had not only been not improved but the Bombay Government had made it "worse", he charged. He criticised the policy of discriminating between the unions affiliated to the INTUC on the one hand and those connected with the AITUC and the Hind Mazdoor Panchayat on the other. It was because the authorities knew the latter "really represented the workers."

NANDA'S ACTION CRITICISED

Mr. Desai said that Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Bombay Labour Minister, had utilised the office of the Directorate of Publicity of the Bombay Government for issuing press statements on behalf of the INTUC and the Hindustan Mazdoor Sangh, "thus declaring to the world that these organisations are indistinguishable from a Government department."

"Workers are blamed and penalised for not helping to increase production. But what did Mr. Dinker Rao Desai, the Civil Supplies Minister, do when Ahmedabad cloth agents refused to distribute cloth on behalf of Government? Is this not non-co-operation?" he asked amidst Socialist Party cheers.

Mr. K. F. Nariman, Leader of the Congress Party, held that the Corporation was not the proper forum for discussing a resolution of this type. Under the Municipal Act the duties of the City Fathers had been clearly defined. There was not a single clause therein to allow discussion on a motion which did not strictly pertain to civic problems.

Mr. Nariman asked: "Has the Socialist Party done anything to translate the promises they held out to the workers in their election manifesto? Have you done anything?"

Mrs. Alice Alvares: "We are trying to do it." (Laughter)

There were pressing civic problems demanding the Corporation's attention, Mr. Nariman continued. Times without number they had been brushed aside in favour of political debates. This was a "betrayal" of the trust of the people. "Do not expect us to exploit our position for non-civic purposes. I refuse to discuss this proposition."

Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha said: "Mr. Nariman is side-tracking the issue. Where was he when his own Congress Party sponsored a few days back a resolution condemning the August 11 token strike? This House has again and again discussed police firings, communal disturbances and other pressing issues. Freedom is the first concern of any democratic institution."

Mr. Dahyabhai V Patel: "Where were you in 1942?"

Mr. Bharucha: "I was organising the A.R.P services in which your Congress Party actively co-operated." (Laughter)

He said even meetings of secondary teachers had been banned though they were "as harmless as vegetable." The moment genuine trade unions became active, the Home Minister and the Police Commissioner became panicky.

Mr. Nariman: "Don't attack them behind their backs. Face them."

Mr. Bharucha: Where?

Mr. Nariman: "Go to the Council Hall."

Mr. Bharucha concluded by asserting that "the protest of the House will be heard."

The view that the Municipal Act permitted discussion of any topic "Promoting public instruction" was expressed by Mr. Sushil Kavlekar. He said that definitions of public safety depended on the caprice of the Police Commissioner who had now powers even to ban gatherings in private premises.

Mr. A. H. Mirza believed that the Socialists had brought the resolution to nullify the bad effects of the failure of the August 11 strike sponsored by them.

Replying to he debate Mr. Dinkar Desai said that the fact that the Police Commissioner had not "shown his face" at the meeting was proof of his "inability to answer our charges."

The resolution was put to vote and declared lost.

U.N. SECRETARIAT'S HOUSING PLANS

NEW YORK, Aug. 20 (UPI): The U. N. Secretariat is rushing plans for construction of the permanent head-quarters of the World Organisation in New York, following final Congressional approval last week of the 6,50,00,000 dollars U. S. loan to the U. N. to finalise the project.

Details plans and specifications for the 39-storey Secretariat Building will be ready for submission to contractors by September 1, while those for the Conference Hall area General Assembly Building will be ready by October.

The actual building of the "World capital" is expected to begin early in October and will possibly be completed by the middle of 1950.

S. A. Bishop Attacks Malan's Policy

DORCHESTER (DORSET) Aug. 19. The Bishop of George, Cape Province, Rev. Herbert Gwyer, today attacked as undemocratic the New South African Government's proposal to take away the Bantu Natives Parliamentary representation

"It is one of the most disgraceful things in South Africa today that such a very large number of the population, who pay in taxes far more than the Europeans, should get no representation" he said "It is not democracy as we know it, for one of the essences of democracy is 'no taxation without representation'."

MUTT AND JEFF—No Doubt Jeff Likes His Antiques Modern

By BUD FISHER

I BOUGHT THIS BED! IT GOES BACK TO LOUIS THE FOURTEENTH!
WHY? CAN'T CHA PAY FOR IT?
NO, NO!, IT'S A LOUIS-THE-FOURTEENTH BED! TOO SMALL FOR ME TO SLEEP IN!
SEND IT BACK AND GET A LOUIS THE SIXTEENTH!
BESIDES IT'S FULL OF WORM HOLES!
THAT SHOWS IT'S REALLY VERY OLD AND OLD ANTIQUE FURNTIURE IS MORE VALUABLE THAN NEW FURNITURE!
I'M IMITATING WORMS!
Fisher

Printed and Published for The Bombay Chronicle Co Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Rec Building, Parsi Bazar Street Fort, Bombay Jointly edited by S. NATARAJAN